Today's Weather. Rain.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Latest News Edition.

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NEWS SUMMARY

DOMESTIC.

The president rebuked the strikers' committee for the tone of its allusion to the army in the union's protest against sending federal troops to Chicago.—Page 1.

Mr. and Mrs. George Westinghouse entertained the entire delegation to the international railway congress at the Washington home.—Page 7.

Many Pittsburgh concerns will make application to the government for use of the water power created by the dams in the local rivers.—Page 1.

John D. Rockefeller will adopt a systematic plan for distributing his money to the cause of charity.—Page 1.

Chicago made President Roosevelt give a practical demonstration of the strenuous life during his visit to the Windy City.—Page 2.

Pittsburghers were summoned to appear before the senate interstate commerce committee to give evidence on railroad rates.—Page 7.

The Amalgamated convention adopted three more scales, providing for advances in wages.—Page 7.

The rivers and harbors committee of the national house received a noisy welcome on the trip from Pittsburgh to Wheeling, where a reception was given last night. Visits were made to towns en route. The party then left for Marietta.—Page 1.

William McConway of Pittsburgh has been appointed a member of the building committee for the McKinley national mausoleum, plans for which have been approved.—Page 7.

Five hundred persons were killed and a whole town demolished by a cyclone in Oklahoma.—Page 1.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The question of the constitutionality of the Cook Greater Pittsburgh law was argued before the state supreme court at Philadelphia.—Page 1.

LOCAL.

Director Bigelow declared against new market house bill which will be introduced in common council tomorrow.—Page 5.

Gaelic league meeting enlivened by a speech by John Marron and a girl's reply thereto.—Page 8.

Breach of promise suit of Miss Edith Isabella Gibney of St. Louis against Klaus J. Steiner, a member of a well-known Pittsburgh family, was placed on trial in the United States circuit court. Many interesting love letters in evidence.—Page 3.

Bank's efforts to keep persons from standing in front of its windows led to a damage suit.—Page 8.

Grand jury grants petition of old soldiers for the erection of a memorial hall.—Page 8.

President Roosevelt has accepted an invitation to hunt bears in Clearfield county.—Page 6.

Five new charges brought against Capt. Wilson, and Tschumi and Earl are indicted.—Page 5.

Samuel P. Harbison died while preparing to dedicate a Freedman's college of which he was the founder.—Page 6.

Obituaries, death notices and marriages.—Page 5.

The Gazette's directory of pleasure resorts, tours and steamship sailings.—Page 14.

SPORTING.

The Quakers pounded the Pirates' pitchers and won 10 to 3.—Page 9.

Capt. Brown's Agile won the Kentucky derby.—Page 9.

Don Doyle, a Pittsburgh boy, pitched Princeton to a victory in a remarkable 18-inning game.—Page 9.

FINANCIAL.

Stock markets at home and abroad were extremely dull and prices irregular. Call loan rates remain easy. Wheat was weak.—Pages 12, 13 and 14.

THE WEATHER

Rain.

Rain and warmer weather is the prediction of the Washington observer for Pittsburgh and vicinity for today and today and tomorrow. The maximum temperature yesterday was 62 and the minimum 52 degrees. The sun rose cloudy at 7:06 and set cloudy at 7:25 o'clock yesterday. The daily report, furnished by the local weather bureau, follows:

Time.	Bar.	Tem	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	30.10	54	52	N.E.	Pt. Cldy.
8 p. m.	30.08	57	31	N.E.	Cloudy.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for May 10:

	1905	1904		1905	1904
Maximum	62	68	Mean	57	58
Minimum	52	49	Precipitation	.08	T.
Nor. temp. 31 yrs.	62		Nor. precip. 31 yrs.		11
Dfcy. for day	5		Dfcy. for day		.03
Exc. since May 1.	46		Dfcy. since May 1.		.70
Dfcy. since Jan. 1.	135		Dfcy. since Jan. 1.		5.35

Official Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Occasional showers and thunderstorms with rising temperature Thursday; Friday showers, increasing east winds.

West Virginia—Showers and thunderstorms Thursday and Friday.

Ohio — Occasional showers and thunderstorms with warmer in north portion Thursday; Friday fair, fresh to brisk east winds.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Asheville	88	Clear	Cincinnati	76	Pt. Cldy
Memphis	82	Pt. Cldy	Parkersburg	88	Pt. Cldy
Louisville	82	Clear	Kansas City	82	Clear
St. Louis	82	Clear	Indianapolis	80	Clear
Chicago	66	Clear	Des Moines	78	Cloudy
Omaha	68	Pt. Cldy	Philadelphia	62	Cloudy
Duluth	32	Cloudy	New York	60	Cloudy
St. Paul	60	Pt. Cldy	Baltimore	70	Rain
Atlanta	80	Clear	Washington	80	Rain
Cheyenne	32	Snow	New Orleans	80	Clear
Erie	48	Cloudy			

Banker's Wife Kills Herself.

NEW YORK, May 10.—(Special.)—Mrs. Benjamin Strong, Jr., 28 years old, wife of the secretary of the Bankers Trust company of this city, and a prominent society woman of Englewood, N. J., committed suicide at her home this morning. She had been suffering from nervous exhaustion. Mrs. Strong was the daughter of John Leboutillier of this city.

FIFTY DIE IN COLLISION AND DYNAMITE EXPLOSION ON P. R. R. AT HARRISBURG

Passenger Train No. 19, Going East, Crashes Into Westbound Freight, Causing the Terrible Catastrophe.

BODIES HURLED FROM CARS

Others Are Buried Under the Debris Which Is Burning, and Rescue Is Impossible, as the Heat Is Intense—Remains of Some of Victims Are Hurled Into the Susquehanna River—Plant of a Lighting and Heating Company Is Blown Up as a Result of the Dynamite Explosion, Which Adds to the Horror of the Disaster.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, PA., May 11.—An express train on the Pennsylvania railroad ra ninto a freight train in which there were two cars loaded with dynamite at 1:10 o'clock this morning in South Harrisburg, near the plant of the Paxtang Light, Heat and Power Company. Three terrific explosions that broke windows all over the city followed, and the two trains were completely wrecked and took fire.

It is estimated at 3 o'clock that 50 persons were killed and 100 injured, though these figures may be too small. It is impossible to ascertain the exact number of fatlities because the wreckage is still blazing and is an approachable mass, in whic hmany of the passengers and members of the trains' crews are pinned.

It was impossible to go within 300 yards of the fire, many small explosions occurring continually.

Bodies Thrown from Cars.

When the first explosion occurred human bodies were thrown clear out of the berths in sleeping cars, many landing down the railroad embankment and some even having been hurled into the Susquehanna river.

All the physicans of the city procurable were summoned to work with the injured.

A fire alarm was sounded and the firemen arrived to find themselves practically helpless in the work of rescue.

The police patrol was commissioned into an ambulance. As many of the injured as possible were loaded into it and one trip taken to the Harrisburg hospital, whose capacity soon became threatened because of the unprecedented number that were brought in.

A special train was made up and brought the injured and dying to the Union station. Many of the unfortunates were taken into private houses.

3:20 a. m.—The accident occurred just near the Paxton blast furnace, which is located about one mile from the Harrisburg station. The explosion of the dynamite wrecked the stack of the furnace, throwing out immense quantities of molten metal on the train. It is stated that of the 60 passengers on the train none has been found.

LEGAL OBSTACLE IS FOUND TO UNION OF CHURCHES

Discovery is Made on Eve of Meeting of the Presbyteries to Effect a Consolidation.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 10.—After two years' of agitation on the question of union between the Presbyterian and Cumberland Presbyterian churches, and after both bodies have decided the issue favorably, the point has been suddenly raised on the eve of the meeting of the two general assemblies whether such a union will be valid and sustained by the courts. An eminent Presbyterian layman, Judge William M. Lanning of the United States district court of New Jersey, declares the united church would not have a legal right to the property of the Cumberland body. He says:

"Though union has been formally approved by both churches it is not yet affected. Further action is necessary. The Presbyterian church has approved the basis of union and also amended its standards to comply with the condition as to separate presbyteries imposed upon it. The Cumberland church has approved the basis of union but has not amended its standards. The doctrinal standards of the two churches must now be brought into one form, the basis of union having settled what form that shall be.

"Such proceedure is necessary to assure to the united church all the legal and corporate rights and powers the separate churches now possess.

SIXTEEN ARE KILLED IN ANTI-JEWISH RIOT

One Hundred Wounded During Fight at Zhitomir, Russia—Many Are Injured at Gastynin.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, May 11.—According to private advices from Zhitomir, 16 were killed and over 100 wounded, mostly Jews, in the recent rioting. Martial law was proclaimed at Zhitomir today. The city is filled with troops and order generally is restored, although individual cases of violence are still occurring and a renewal of rioting is feared Saturday evening and Sunday next.

The same private advices bring news of a further anti-Semitic outbreak in Gostynin, in th province of Warsaw, in which many Jews were injured and houses pillaged.

The official account of the Zhitomir tumult assigns the origin of the rioting to an encounter between a party of Jews who were boat riding and some roughs on the bank of the river.

RURAL MAIL CARRIER OPERATES AUTOMOBILE

TRENTON, N. J., May 10.—(Special.)—William H. Hughes, a free rural mail carrier operating from the Trenton postoffice, today put in service an automobile, replacing the horses which he had been driving. He expects to make better time and to save expenses by the change. It is said that he is the first rural carrier in the country to take to the automobile.

Can't Tell Which Way He Is Coming.

HUNDREDS DIE BY A CYCLONE

Whole Town Is Wiped Out of Existence Down in Oklahoma.

RELIEF IS PROMPT

Loss of Life Between 400 and 500 Though Details Are Lacking.

DOCTORS HURRIED T OSCENE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

SAPULTPA, I. T., May 11.—1:30 a. m.—At 11:40 o'clock last night the dispatcher for the 'Frisco in this city received a report from Enid, O. T., advising that a tornado had struck Snyder, Okla., wrecking the town and killing 500 people, among whom was the station agent of the 'Frisco at that town. The request came also for assistance. In the strength of the report the dispatcher ordered a relief train with physicians to be sent from Chickasa, I. T., and Quinah, Tex. The wire between Snyder and Sabultpa went down about 10 p. m.

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., May 10.—Reports have just reached here from Hobart and Anadarko confirming the news of a tornado at Snyder, but details are not known. The 'Frisco railroad is sending a relief from Chickasaw to Snyder. It is rumored that 400 people are killed and injured.

GUTHRIE, OKLA., May 10.—Telephone reports from Hobart, Okla., indicate that the entire town of Snyder, Okla., was destroyed by a tornado. A train of doctors, nurses and other assistants is said to have left Hobart for Snyder.

The wires are reported down between Snyder and other neighboring towns and all news is being received from Hobart.

Later reports from Chickasaw, I. T., which place is in communication with Hobart, Okla., indicate the truth of the earlier reports concerning the storm. No estimate of the number of dead is obtainable.

FORT WORTH, TEX., May 10.—Reports over railroads' wires to Fort Worth say dispatches from Snyder, Okla., to train dispatcher of the 'Frisco at Sapulpa, I. T., reports tornado struck Snyder tonight, wrecking the town and killing 500 people, and relief is asked for. A message to the train dispatchers by the Fort Worth Record asking for information is answered as follows: "We have same report and are sending a relief on the supposition that it is true. Wires all down."

The telegraph operator at Chickasaw states that he talked over the telephone with Hobart, Okla., near Snyder, and that all wires in the vicinity of Snyder are down, but relief trains are being sent from several directions to Snyder. Snyder is a town of 1,000 people in Kiowa county, Okla., located on the 'Frisco railroad, 45 miles north of Vermont.

NOT FOR DR. PENROSE.

Says He Would Not Have the Office of Commissioner of the State Health Department.

HARRISBURG, May 10.—(Special.)—Dr. Charles B. Penrose of Philadelphia, brother of Senator Penrose, has advised his friends here that he is not an applicant for commissioner of the state health department, created by the recent legislature, and that he would not have the office, the salary of which is $10,000 a year, if it were tendered him.

Dr. Penrose drafted the bill creating the department and helped secure its passage, which caused many to believe he would be an applicant for commissioner. There are numerous aspirants, including Dr. Benjamin Lee of Philadelphia, secretary of the state board of health, whom the bill legislates out of office. The governor is not expected to make the appointment until after he has disposed of the appropriation bills.

STERN REBUKE BY PRESIDENT

Censures Strikers' Committee for Its Allusion to Army.

FROSTY RECEPTION

Roosevelt Upholds Every Act of Mayor Dunne to Preserve Peace.

PROTEST IS UNFORTUNATE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 10.—A committee of labor men appointed to call on President Roosevelt and lodge with him a protest against the employment of federal troops during the present teamsters' strike was granted an audience late this afternoon. The committee consisted of Cornelius P. Shea, president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters; Charles Dold, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor; Joseph O'Neil, vice president of the Chicago Federation of Labor; T. P. Quinn, a member of the Canvassers' union, and T. R. Eckert, president of the Garment Workers' International union. The members of the committee, President Roosevelt and Secretary Loeb were the only persons at the conference. The following account of what passed in the room was given out by Secretary Loeb.

After presenting the protest to the president, Mr. Shea, acting as spokesman, said:

"We are here as a committee to state our position in this controversy between the Employers' association and the Teamsters' association. We have understood they asked your aid for bringing troops into Chicago."

Mr. Quinn said: "It will take about 10 minutes to read, perhaps we had better leave it with you."

The president said he would read it at once, and after doing so, said:

Censures Allusion to Army.

"I have read the petition you have presented to me, the conclusion of which is a request for a hearing before any action be taken by the federal president relating to the Chicago strike situation. As yet no suggestion of any kind has come to me from any source that I should take any action. Of the merits of the case I am wholly ignorant. I have no knowledge of what the situation is or what steps should properly be taken to end it.

"I feel, however, that in view of one statement, or series of statements, in your letter I ought to say this: I regret you should, in the letter, have spoken at all of the use of the federal army as you have there spoken. No request has been made to me for action by the federal government, but at the same time, Mr. Shea, as you have in this communication to me brought up that fact, I want to say one thing with all the emphasis in my power. In upholding law and order, in doing what he is able to do to suppress mob violence in any shape or way, the mayor of Chicago, Mayor Dunne, has my hearty support. I am glad to be able to say this to you gentlemen, before I say it to any other body.

He Upholds Mayor Dunne.

"Now let me repeat that I know nothing of the facts of the situation. I know nothing of the rights or wrongs of the points at issue. What I have to say is based purely upon what I regard as the unfortunate phrasing of a letter presented to the president of the United States. I have not been called upon to interfere in any way, but you must not misunderstand my attitude. In every effort of Mayor Dunne to prevent violence by mobs or individuals, to see that the laws are obeyed and that order is preserved, he has the hearty support of the president of the United States, and in my judgment he should have that of every good citizen of the United States. Now, gentlemen, it has been a great pleasure to see you, and I am glad to have had the chance to say this to you."

Mr. Quinn, who knew the president in his youth, said:

"Mr. President, what prompted us to come to you with this statement is that for the last two or three weeks there has been a continual howl for the federal army. I have known you long enough to know that you would not respond to a one-sided demand, that you will not respond until you have thoroughly investigated the case."

Not Called on to Act.

The president replied:

"Mr. Quinn, as yet the mayor of Chicago has not made any appeal to the governor and therefore, of course, the governor has made none to me, and as yet, nothing in the situation has demanded action by me."

President Shea, of the Teamsters' union, then said:

"Let me explain that. The governor has been requested by a committee of the employers to demand federal troops; the statement has been made in the papers. I immediately telegraphed Gov. Deneen that we would allow him to appoint a commission.

"Regardless of that, I want to make our position known to you in regard to mob violence. Every time a mob congregates, every act of violence performed by either a union man or a sympathizer reacts to our detriment. I believe we are skilled workmen enough in our particular craft to demonstrate to our business men of Chicago that it is to their interest to employ us. There is nothing at stake but the re-employment of citizens of Chicago who have been forced out of their positions. Acts of violence meet with the condemnation of the officials, both local and national, of our organization. I simply want to say that we want to be fair, to preserve the business interests of Chicago, realizing that the prosperity of our employers is our prosperity."

The president replied:

"Mr. Shea, I can only repeat what I have said. I am a believer in unions. I am an honorary member of one union.

Continued on Second Page, Third Column.

NOISE VOICES DEEPER OHIO

Continual Din Greets the Congressional Committee to Wheeling.

BURTON SEEKS FACTS

Closely Questions Pilots and Engineer Officers—Statesmen Are Much Impressed.

RECEPTIONS AT THE TOWNS

Special Telegram From
AUSTIN BEACH, Staff Correspondent.

WHEELING, W. VA., May 10.—Probably at no point along the full extent of the Ohio valley will the distinguished gentlemen of the committee on rivers and harbors of the national house be greeted more warmly than they were at the Nail City. From the time the Queen City was sighted until two hours later, when, after having passed down the full length of Wheeling for an inspection of the dam being built at McMechen, the good vessel returned to the landing and discharged her passengers for the more formal welcome given by citizens at the Elks' club this evening, there was one continual roar of welcome. Whistles were blown, cannons boomed, bands played and the people shouted.

The committee has received almost continuous ovations today. The whistles of the great plants along the river, emphasizing the need of a nine-foot stage, have blown, cannons have boomed, dynamite has exploded, bells have rung and the people have cheered, even the farmers along the banks of the river adding to the din with their lusty lungs. Such has been the greeting all the way from Pittsburgh, from whence the Queen City cast her lines at 5 o'clock this morning.

Party Inspects Potteries.

The first important stop was at East Liverpool, this morning, where the party was conducted through the pottery plants of the Laughlin China Company, and that of Knowles, Taylor & Knowles, these being the largest of their character in the world. The reception committee from East Liverpool joined the steamer at Pittsburgh this morning. It was composed of W. E. Wells, Col. J. N. Taylor, W. L. Smith, L. H. Brush, John J. Purinton, Capt. August Martindale, N. A. Frederick, John Manor, E. H. Hill, Frank Cromwell, George H. Owen and W. H. Surles.

At East Liverpool a committee of prominent citizens from Steubenville boarded the steamer and proceeded to make it known that that city and immediate vicinity tributary to dams 10 and 11 produce a daily tonnage of 44,150 or in one year, counting 300 days to the year, 13,245,000 tons, and that the Ohio will increase the tonnage.

Steubenville Committee.

The reception committee from Steubenville was composed of Mayor Robert L. Scott, Judge Rees G. Richards, Winfield Scott, W. H. McClinton, R. M. Franey L. M. Leopold, I. M. Scott, D. J. Sinclair A. W. McDonald, H. B. Grier, C. H. Steele, Robert McGowan, Charles Ross, E. E. Erskine, J. W. Marsh, M. M. Dunlope, James T. Sarratt, H. H. McFadden C. D. Simeral, Charles P. Filson, J. W. Forney, C. L. Williams, I. Sulzbacher William Ruddecks, W. H. Ferry, James Brettell and William M. Trainer.

At Steubenville, Wheeling's reception committee, the members of which were Mayor Charles C. Schmidt, Hul on Quarrier, chairman; D. E. Stalnaker, Joseph Speidel, T. C. Moffat, E. B. Franzheim, S. G. Smith, secretary; Roy B. Naylor of the board of trade; Postmaster J. K. Holland, Col. W. Wiley Beall, the Wellsburg banker, boarded the boat.

The trip is no junket for Chairman Burton of the committee. He was on deck almost as soon as the boat started from Pittsburgh and spent most of the day in the pilot house with maps spread out before him. He closely questioned the pilots, and Col. Ruffner and Majs. Sibert and Zinn, the engineer officers in charge of the improvement already in progress along the Ohio. He actually became enthused over what he has seen and heard regarding future possibilities. The other members of the committee have also been favorably impressed.

Pleasing Reception at Wheeling.

The reception at the Elks club here was quite pleasing. Mayor Schmidt made an address of welcome. Attorney Henry M. Russell, Attorney John J. Conliff and Charles Burdett Hart, former minister to the United States of Colombia, made short addresses. Chairman Burton was to have said a few words, but he was called away and Col. Vance spoke in his place. It is possible Mr. Burton may have to abandon the trip tomorrow. Important matters are demanding his attention in Chicago.

The principal talk of the evening was made by Congressman J. Adam Bede of Minnesota. The point he made was that all that is needed to secure appropriations of $50,000,000 or $100,000,000 yearly for the improvement of the Ohio and other general internal improvements is the education of the people up to a point where they want and demand the same and will support the men who vote such appropriations.

Refreshments were served after the speechmaking. The Queen City left at midnight. The next stop is at Marietta.

Gates Says He Lost $100,000.

WASHINGTON, PA., May 10.—(Special.)—John W. Gates, the financier of Chicago, was in this city today. In conversation with a friend, Mr. Gates stated that he had not lost more than $100,000 in the recent wheat deal. Mr. Gates made no statement as to his business here.

Asks Ships to Bring Jones' Body.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Acting Secretary of State Loomis today made a formal request to the navy department in behalf of the state department for the dispatch of a squadron of American naval vessels to France in June to bring to this country the remains of John Paul Jones.

GREATER CITY FATE IN COURT

Arguments Made on the Constitutionality of the Cook Law.

DECISION RESERVED

Contentons for and Against Annexation of Allegheny Are Heard at Philadelphia.

PAPER BOOKS ARE SUBMITTED

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Press Building.
PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 10.

The fate of the Cook Greater Pittsburgh bill is now in the keeping of the supreme court. The constitutionality of the bill was argued today for two hours and 20 minutes, paper books were submitted and decision reserved. The court rises Saturday. It may hand down an opinion by that time or its decision may be made public at a later date.

The full bench listened to the arguments. Ex-Gov. William A. Stone, Harvey Henderson and W. C. Gulf represented the plaintiffs; City Solicitor William B. Rodgers and his first assistant, T. D. Carnahan, appeared for the city of Pittsburgh, while A. Leo Weil submitted a paper book on behalf of the Pittsburgh chamber of commerce. Some extraneous matter was introduced in the argument for the plaintiffs, but the paper books very closely covered the question from the viewpoint of the defendants.

Mr. Weil was unable to be present, but his paper book was accepted and will be given the same consideration as those of the attorneys who submitted oral arguments. The paper book of Mr. Weil was interesting for the reason that it contained the chamber of commerce list of Pittsburgh citizens petitioning for the annexation of the city of Allegheny, also a list of Allegheny citizens who joined in the request for the annexation of their city.

But Two Local Spectators.

Aside from the attorneys interested, the only western visitors were Charles F. Kirschler of Allegheny, who has been prominently mentioned for mayor, providing the bill is found to be unconstitutional, and George Miller, ex-county clerk. Although there were nine cases on the calendar ahead of the Cook bill an arrangement was made whereby it was possible to take it up today.

After referring to the fact that prior to the adoption of the new constitution in 1873 there was no barrier to special legislation, Mr. Stone emphasized the reason for the contention that the Cook bill is special or local legislation. He reviewed the procedure by which New York and Chicago became greater cities and gave his reasons wherein it was constitutional, arguing in contradistinction that the Pittsburgh-Allegheny case was a proposition legally and constitutionally apart from the cities mentioned.

Mr. Stone gave particular attention to the fact, in support of his claim that the Cook bill is special legislation, that it does not include boroughs and townships, which, he said, would have been included had the intention been general in its character. He also asserted with much positiveness that Pittsburgh and Allegheny are the only "two contiguous cities in the same county" in the commonwealth. He referred to the fact that McKeesport, 12 miles distant from Pittsburgh, was not contiguous for the reason that the two municipalities were divided by two boroughs, which, prior to annexation, must first become a part of either city desiring to be merged.

As to Contiguous Cities.

Probably the most important contention of Mr. Stone, from his point of argument, was in reference to that clause of the Cook bill which provides "For purposes of this act cities separated by a stream, river or highway shall be included under the term contiguous."

Special stress was placed upon this clause. Mr. Stone tried to impress upon the court the fact that if the Cook bill had not been drawn with special reference to the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, such a clause would not have been inserted and would not have been necessary. He held that it was only inserted for the purpose of satisfying members of the legislature, outside of Allegheny county, that the bill would not affect them. In support of this contention Mr. Stone argued the lack of necessity for this clause by saying that the riparian rights of either city join at the middle of the stream or river and that no legislation upon this point was necessary. He said that the purpose of the clause was to "localize" or impose a "limitation" upon the operation of the Cook bill.

Referring to the paper book of Mr. Weil, with its 900 petitioners from the city of Allegheny, Mr. Stone said that they represented but 900 out of 30,000. He thought this was possibly a fair division of sentiment upon the proposition.

Attorney Harvey Henderson followed Mr. Stone. His argument was confined in the claim that the Cook bill was special legislation for the reason that it provided for the annexation of the "smaller to the larger city" and also for the reason that it did not provide for the annexation of boroughs and townships or other outside territory.

Rodgers Follows Law Principles.

City Solicitor Rodgers made a very able argument. His answer followed very closely the law principles presented in his paper book. Taking up the question of annexation legislation, Mr. Rogers said that, under the act of 1903, which provided for a separate vote by the territory desiring to be annexed, the city of Pittsburgh would have no voice, although representing the major measure of population. He contended that if a law which provided that the party of the first or the party of the second part could consummate annexation, there could be no doubt as to the constitutionality of an act which provided for a joint vote of all parties of interest, a majority of electors deciding the question. A decision provides

for a separate vote at this time would strike down the only law existent permitting the creation of third-class cities.

Going deeper into the question of constitutionality, Mr. Rodgers urged that the Cook bill does not create a city or change a city's laws, but merely provides a method for the annexation of one city to another. Replying to Mr. Stone's contention in reference to the provision that "cities separated by a stream, river or highway shall be included under the term contiguous," he said, the purpose of this provision was to make the bill broader and more general in its character. His definition of the word "included," was that it is not "restrictive," nor to be regarded as a "limitation," but as indicative of "extension."

The Meat of the Contention.

Justice Mitchell interrupted Mr. Rodgers by remarking that the crux of the question was whether the Cook bill was not so framed as to confine its effect to the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Mr. Rodgers agreed that this was the important question at issue. He then proceeded to say that the amplification in reference to cities divided by a stream they being contiguous, or two cities contiguous in the same county, did not establish the claim of special legislation, nor that of unconstitutionality. Mr. Rodgers said that he defendants would rest their case upon the Pennsylvania decision, Blankenberg vs. Black, incorporated, in the paper book.

Mr. Rodgers pointed out that there are from 20 to 30 boroughs contiguous in Allegheny county which may in time be merged under the Cook bill. He denied all the contentions of the plaintiff; insisted that the Cook bill was constitutional and urged the court to so find.

W. C. Gill made the last argument for the plaintiffs. He said its constitutionality was based upon remote futures; that it was dependent upon the growths of cities and boroughs not now contiguous and the direction in which such growths would extend. He discussed the probability of the city of McKeesport entering the annexation zone of Pittsburgh and held that its corporate enlargement might be in another direction.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

STONE MAKES STATEMENT.

Ex-Gov. W. A. Stone's statement, presented to the supreme court on the Cook law, contained the following argument:

The annexation of Allegheny to Pittsburgh is wholly unnecessary, and there is no legal, reasonable or just demand for the enactment of this law.

The act approved April 28, 1903, P. L. 362, entitled "An act for the annexation of any city, borough, township, or part of township, to a contiguous city, etc.," affords all the legal warrant necessary for the annexation of Allegheny to Pittsburgh. The principal difference between the two acts is that in the one Allegheny cannot be annexed except by a majority vote of its citizens, while in the Cook law Allegheny may be annexed by a majority vote of Pittsburgh, although a majority in Allegheny may be against annexation.

The only cause for the present Cook bill is the fact that those in Pittsburgh who desire Allegheny to be annexed do not believe that a majority in Allegheny favor annexation, and they, therefore, have provided a law by which they can compel annexation disregarding the will of the majority of the people of Allegheny. This reason is not a sufficient one, and therefore the rule that there must be some apparent public necessity for a drastic measure of this kind that proposes to disfranchise a large city should prevail.

The so-called Cook bill is in conflict with section 5, article 1, of the constitution of the state, which provides for free and equal elections. This bill provides for an election to be held in contiguous cities, and if a majority of the electors of both cities favor annexation, then annexation shall take place.

This bill provides for an election in the two municipalities and counting the vote in the two, permits the annexation to take place if the majority of the two vote in favor of it. This is unfair and unjust, and is contrary to that spirit of justice and fairness which is supposed to pervade, dominate and control legislation. It is against the law of the land. It is not necessary to find any section of the constitution prohibiting it. If it is against justice, it is prohibited by the constitution.

The Cook law is local and special legislation, and is prohibited by article III., section 7 of the constitution. Article III., section 7 was not in the prior constitution of the state, and makes its first appearance in the constitution of 1873.

It will be observed that the two cities must be contiguous and they must be in the same county. There are no two contiguous cities like this in any other county than Allegheny county in the state. These provisions stamp it as local legislation.

In the last clause of the first section these words are inserted: "For the purpose of this act, cities separated by a stream, river or highway, shall be 'included' under the term contiguous." This clause designates the two cities meant, and the locality covered.

The Cook bill cannot apply to any other two cities than Pittsburgh and Allegheny. It is straining the imagination greatly to suppose or imagine that in the course of events there can ever be two cities in the same county to which this law will apply. It cannot apply unless some present borough votes by a majority of its electors to become a city of the third class, and then again votes with the city it is contiguous to, to become annexed.

If the Cook bill is constitutional, Allegheny has no relief. She will be annexed against the majority vote of her electors, and she is the only city that can be annexed to a larger contiguous city without a majority vote of its electors.

The Cook bill is unconstitutional because it delegates to the electors of Pittsburgh the right to change the form of government of Allegheny without its consent or without the consent of the majority of its electors.

ARGUMENT IN DEFENSE.

The paper book submitted to the supreme court by William B. Rodgers and T. D. Carnahan, in support of the constitutionality of the Cook Greater Pittsburgh law, contains the following:

The question as to whether a law is necessary and whether there be a demand for it, is wholly legislative and the courts have nothing to do with it.

If we were to go into the question as to the act of 28th April, 1903, P. L. 362), then this observation may be made. In that act the people of the city to which the annexation is proposed have no vote on the question, but the consent or disapproval of annexation absolutely vests with the councils of that city. In the act in controversy in this case the legislature provided a different proceeding and gave the right to the people to institute proceedings entirely independent of the local authorities, so that the authorities could in no respect prevent the operation of the act. It is a fair presumption in favor of the legislative branch of the government that it saw a necessity and a reason for the system provided in the act of 1903.

It is said that the act in question is in conflict with the provisions of section 5, article 1, of the constitution. "Elections shall be free and equal, and no power, civil or military, shall at any time interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage."

It will be observed that in this case there is no complaint as to the qualifications of the voters, nor the manner of conducting the election, but the argument is that Pittsburgh has more voters than the city of Allegheny, therefore the Pittsburgh voters, if they all vote, have a certain majority vote for annexation and all or a certain portion of the voters of Allegheny vote another way, still Allegheny may be annexed. That result may occur or not. No one knows, for no one can do anything but guess how the majority of the voters of these cities may vote. Therefore, the argument comes to this: That the legislature had no power to establish an election district for the purposes of this act, composed of both cities. The answer is, first, the constitutional provision in question refers to the qualifications of voters and the manner of conducting the election, and not to the creation of election districts.—Patterson vs. Barlow, 60 Pa. 75.

"The legislature had the undoubted power to pass an act for consolidation; it may unquestionably enlarge, divide and change the boundaries of municipal corporations, and may do this without referring the question of choice to a vote of the people."—Smith vs. McCarthy, 56 Pa. 359; commonwealth vs. Moir, 199 Pa. 534.

If the legislature has the power to annex one city to another, without the assent of the qualified electors of either city, how is its power diminished or taken away by the fact that it chooses to consult the electors of the cities, as to whether or not they desire annexation?

It is said that the act is unfair and unjust, because it provides for an election in two municipalities, and counting the votes in the two permits annexation as a result of the vote of the majority. It is admitted that nothing can be found in the constitution supporting the proposition.

The argument that the election would be unfair seems to be founded upon a false premise: that is, that the electors of the larger city would be so prejudiced in favor of the consolidation that the electors of the smaller city would be helpless. It is easy to make such an assertion, but very difficult to sustain it. The converse might just as well be true.

The gist of the objection is not that the election would be unfair, but that the electors would be. Such a conclusion is against the record of political experience. It is said that the act is local and prohibited by Section 7, Article III of the constitution. The provisions as to the chartering and incorporating of cities are intended to apply to the creation of a city, not annexation to a city. The constitution of Massachusetts contains a similar section.

We come now to the discussion of the general question. Is this act in conflict with Article III, section 7, of the constitution, prohibiting the passage of any local or special law "regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs or school districts?"

This is not a class act in the sense that cities and counties are classified according to population. If it is a local or special act, it is because it applies exclusively to Pittsburgh and Allegheny city, and can never be applicable to any other two cities of the state.

The fact that the law applies to only one county now would not be a sufficient objection, if in the natural progress of events under existing laws, others may grow into the class hereafter. But the way must be clear for them to do so. (Blankenberg vs. Black, 200 Pa. 629.)

This act of the 20th day of April, A. D. 1905, provides (section 1 that where two cities situate in the same county are, or may be contiguous to each other, the city having the either population, as shown by the last preceding United States census, may be annexed to the city having the larger population as shown by the said census in the following manner:

Is there a sentence, a phrase or a word here to even suggest that no other cities can ever avail themselves of the provisions of this act? The words 'are or may be contiguous to each other' are not consistent with an intention to exclude. Assume that there are but two cities now. There may be other cities hereafter. If so, the act applies to them. Therefore, as far as concerns the wording of the act, and the intention of the legislature, as indicated by the words of the act, it is not a local or special law.

But go a step farther. Is the effect necessarily local or special? Is it probable in the natural progress of events under existing laws that other cities may grow into the class? We say it is probable. It is probable in the very near future that the city of McKeesport, a city of the third class, situated in Allegheny county, will be contiguous to the city of Pittsburgh.

The cases of Homestead, Wilkinsburg, McKees Rocks, Millvale, Etna, Sharpsburg, Duquesne and Braddock, all in Allegheny county, are cited; also that of Steelton, across the river from Harrisburg; Scranton and Carbondale, and their neighbor, Dunmore; Wilkesbarre and its neighbors, Plymouth, Pittston and Nanticoke.

Some of these, we brought were entitled to incorporation as cities under the census of 1900, and in view of the rapid increase shown in each from 1890 to 1900 probably every one of them now has the population necessary for incorporation as cities. Some or all of them being ready for incorporation, how can any one assert that they will come under this act? In the natural progress of events, the march in the development of Pennsylvania, they may grow into cities; the way is "clear for them to do so." Therefore this act is not local within the definition of the court in Blankenburg vs. Black. Supra.

Lastly, it is said that this act delegates to the electors of Pittsburgh the right to change the government in Allegheny without the consent of the majority of its electors.

"The legislature cannot delegate its power to make a law; but it can make a law to delegate a power to determine some fact or state of things upon which the law makes, or intends to make, its own action to depend. To deny this would be to stop the wheels of government." Locke's appeal, 72 Pa. 491.

The effect of our cases is to settle firmly the rule that the law must be complete in all its terms and provisions, when it leaves the legislative branch of the government, and that nothing can be submitted to the judgment of the electors or other agencies of the legislature, except an option to become or not to become subject to its requirements and penalties. O'Neil vs. Artisans' Ins. Co., 186 Pa. 72.

Such submission does not amount to a delegation of legislative power. O'Neil vs. Artisans' Ins. Co., Supra.

In McConnell's license, 209, Pa. 227, this subject of delegation of legislative power is fully discussed.

In the thirteenth paragraph of defendants' answer attention is called to the fact that the plaintiffs make no claim of special damage or injury to themselves, and that therefore they are not entitled to maintain this proceeding. If authority be needed in support of our contention, in this respect, it is to be found in Smith vs. McCarthy (56 Pa. 359), in that case certain citizens of Pittsburgh and of adjoining boroughs and townships, filed a bill in equity in the supreme court to restrain the mayor of Pittsburgh and the election officers of the city, borough and townships from holding an election on the question of consolidation, on the ground that the act of assembly which authorized the election was unconstitutional.

MR. WEIL'S ARGUMENT.

Attorney for Chamber of Commerce and Petitioners Make a Plea for the Cook Law.

A. Lee Weil, representing the Pittsburgh chamber of commerce and the petitioners of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, submitted to the supreme court the following argument:

The extent to which localizing and specializing in any legislative enactment can be permitted has been frequently decided by this court, which has said that "the courts will look beyond the form of the act and examine its true intent and effect, in the light of the constitutional restriction." In one of the first cases before this court involving the consideration of section 7, article 3, of the Constitution, the general principle was established that for purposes of legislation "classification could be made." This decision has been uniformly adhered to in a large number of cases from that day to this.

The underlying principle of all the cases is that classification, with the view of legislating for either class separately, is essentially unconstitutional, unless a necessity therefor exists.

Applying these general rules to the act of assembly in controversy, it would seem that every requirement of the Constitution, as thus interpreted by this court, was fully, fairly and squarely met.

The act authorizes annexation "where two cities situate in the same county are or may be contiguous to each other." It would be absurd to provide for the annexation of cities not contiguous, and impracticable if they were not in the same county.

It has been argued that the act in reality is only applicable, today, to the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny. This objection, even if true, which we deny, would be unavailing, if in the natural progress of events under existing laws, others may grow into the class hereafter.

It is argued that because each of the municipalities to be annexed is not permitted to separately vote upon the question, but the annexation is to be consummated if a majority of the voters in the two municipalities are in favor thereof, that therefore this is not a free and equal election, but is unfair and unjust to the smaller municipality and is contrary to the spirit of justice and fairness which is supposed to dominate and control legislation. This argument implies and involves as necessary conditions two fundamentals. First, that any municipality has a vested right in its offices, charter, corporate powers or corporate existence, and, secondly, that the expression of approval of those to be comprehended within a given boundary, is not free and equal, unless such expression is given by a majority of votes in each of the segregated parts that are to be included within the whole. The election ordered by the legislature is not to enable either the one or the other of the cities to be annexed to determine whether or not it desires annexation, but is for the purpose of enabling all those who are to be included in the merged city to decide whether or not they desire such merger.

The legislature had the power to consolidate any two contiguous cities in the commonwealth without submitting the question of consolidation or annexation to other of such cities.

The contention, however, of the application of the 20th section of the first article of the constitution with reference to free and equal elections, cannot be seriously entertained. The free and equal election which is provided for in the constitution does not mean a right of selection by a voter so that his vote must be counted in that precinct where he may be with the majority. It means the right to freely cast his vote and have it counted equally with all others interested in the question at issue. This phrase in the constitution has been interpreted by this court in the case of Dewalt vs. Bartley, 146 Pa. St. 529.

Applying now these principles to the situation in the cities of Allegheny and Pittsburgh, by way of illustration, the inequity, injustice and unfairness of giving a separate vote to the voters in the city of Allegheny is manifest when certain considerations are borne in mind. In fact, separated only on the map, but in reality not separated at all, Allegheny participates in the fruits of all the expenditures made by the city of Pittsburgh. It is also a fact that a large number of those who sleep in Allegheny at night live in Pittsburgh in the day. It would be unfair to permit a city thus situated, reaping all the benefits, to refuse to share the burdens.

It is submitted that an examination of the petition on the part of the registered voters of Allegheny, which petition was circulated for only two days and a half, shows the names of men to whom can be ascribed no other motives than a conscientious desire for the welfare of their community.

The questions properly before this court do not warrant the discussion of whether or not the proposed annexation is promotive of the interests of the city of Allegheny and its residents, as well as of the city of Pittsburgh and its inhabitants. The sole question to be determined by this court is whether or not the act authorizing the annexation of contiguous cities in the same county is illegal by reason of its being in conflict with certain express provisions of the constitution. All other questions belong to the legislature and there this court will let them remain.

ROCKEFELLER'S FUTURE GIFTS TO BE SYSTEMATIC

Oil King Cannot Believe Many Ministers Share Dr. Gladden's Views.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 10.—"I shall continue to give, in my own way, to any cause that appeals to me as being worthy or in need," is a statement attributed to John D. Rockefeller.

"Do you think that the sentiments expressed by Dr. Gladden are held by any large number of Christian clergymen?" he was asked.

"I should be loath to feel that such was the case. I have a great many good friends in the Christian ministry, and my experience with clergymen generally leads me to entertain only the warmest respect for them as just and charitable men. This controversy over my gift of $100,000 for Congregational missionary purposes has set me thinking as to the best methods of aiding church and philanthropic work. I am considering methods that will enable me in the future to regulate my giving of money on a systematic basis, and with more effective scope than heretofore."

This is said to be the substance of a conversation between John D. Rockefeller and a friend at Lakewood, N. J., concerning the "tainted money" attacks upon him. The friend repeated the statement to a reporter.

REBUKE BY PRESIDENT

Continued from First Page.

But the union must obey the law just as the corporation must obey the law, just as every man, rich or poor, must obey the law. As yet, no action has been called for by me, and most certainly if action is called for by me I shall try to do exact justice under the law to every man, so far as I have power. But the first essential is the preservation of law and order, the suppression of violence by mobs or individuals."

The strikers' protest to the president, after declaring that so far as any striking had been done it was a strike for arbitration, which the employers repeatedly spurned, continued:

And why spurned? Because they openly boast that they can spurn it, and that the troops under your command will shoot down him who dares to openly protest against their action. They flatter themselves that the federal army is their ready tool to act upon their suggestion—right or wrong—and they therefore refuse to have any inquiry made as to whether they are right or wrong.

But is the army all that these men think it is? Is it not a fact, after all, that the power of the army even rests to a great extent upon the support of the people? What would a few soldiers be against a nation?

Peace rests not upon the militia or the army, but upon the patience and long-suffering of the toiling mass. The army, so far as it has any effect, is not to quiet but to disturb, it is not to terrorize, but to make the people meditate. They wonder what all this "bluffing" is for. Can a few soldiers scare the men who make armies and who compose the flower of American manhood? Are we serfs that we cringe at the mention of troops?

If the laboring men are willing, the decision of an arbitrator without cannon or club will command the obedience of every toiler affected. Even if we are right and the arbitrator decides against us, still we will bow to that decision. Then if the decision of one man, unarmed and alone, can exercise this vast power, what is the use of the sacrifice of lives, calling out armies and making an open bouffe of government?

Can you, our honored president, afford to use the forces under your control to stifle labor's demand for peace and the methods of peace? Why should our attempts to end and maintain peace be met by the army with war? Every laboring man knows these facts. What will be the results upon the citizenship of this country if, which American citizens ask for court procedure and order, they are met by the bullet and the jail? Is it not time to inquire as to the facts in the case? We therefore trust you will allow a presentation of the facts of the case to you before you permit any abuse of federal power by complying with the request of the notorious law-breakers of the land—the constant suppliants for governmental privileges.

This closed the interview and the committee withdrew.

It was generally understood by both sides to the strike there would be no disturbances while President Roosevelt was in the city. Notwithstanding this tacit agreement, there were a number of outbreaks, one of them taking place in Michigan avenue, a short time after President Roosevelt had passed the spot, in this riot a number of men were cut and shot.

The employers sent out more wagons today with fewer guards than at any previous time since the strike began. The Employers' association is steadily increasing the force of non-union men, and tonight it was said 2,000 men were ready to take charge of the wagons. Advertisements have been inserted in the out-of-town newspapers for workmen. This call for help has met with quick response.

During the luncheon given by the Merchants' club this afternoon President Roosevelt and Mayor Dunne talked of the strike situation. Mayor Dunne told the president that the most alarming stage of the strike had passed and that the police had control of the situation.

George S. Pierce, a union teamster, was shot and killed tonight by George T. Waldron, a deputy sheriff, who was guarding a Wells-Fargo express wagon. Waldron was formerly a member of the Teamsters' union, and Pierce taunted him with his change in employment. Angered by the language of Pierce, Waldron drew a revolver and fired, the bullet striking Pierce just below the heart. Waldron was arrested.

MAKES PRESIDENT WORK ALL DAY

Chicago Gives Mr. Roosevelt Ample Opportunity to Demonstrate the Strenuous Life.

HE HOLDS FIVE RECEPTIONS

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 10.—Chicago had President Roosevelt for almost 12 hours today—from 12:03 p. m. until 11:40 p. m.—and for those 12 hours Chicagoans made a workingman of the highest officer of the nation. No objection came from the president, however. Although he worked as steadily and as earnestly as a fat policeman trundling along after a caravan of non-union driven wagons, he did it with a cheerfulness and an air of being "Delighted" with his toil that added materially to the happiness those around him already felt because of their being in his presence.

Five receptions were the foundations of Mr. Roosevelt's day's work. One when he had finished luncheon, for the 175 men who had been at table with him; the second to the 1,900 members and 300 guests of the Hamilton club; the third to 450 members of the Harvard club and some of the Hamiltonians who doubled up and got a second handshake; the fourth preceding the Iroquois club's banquet, and the fifth following that function.

Popular Man of the Town.

Between whiles he made four speeches and talked over the strike situation with Gov. Deneen and Mayor Dunne and had two meals of excellent quality, at which he showed that he was a good trencherman, though not so much taken up with the fare but what he could talk incessantly to the man on his right or on his left.

Waving of hats, fluttering of handkerchiefs and continuous cheering kept the president standing in his carriage with his hat raised over every inch of ground he traveled in his busy day.

"You see you're a popular man in this town, Mr. President," Mayor Dunne said to him on the way to the Auditorium from the railroad station. "Those people are showing it, though not so strongly, as did the 110,000 votes by which you carried the election."

"But look at the way you came back," Mr. Roosevelt answered. "I take it that you are fairly popular here yourself."

The president's visit was not marred by a singular unloward incident; even the weather straightened out its kinks and became thoroughly decent.

"De-lighted" Is Discarded.

"By George, but I have had a good day," was the way the president summed up his visit as he was on his way to the station to start again for Washington. "By George" was the president's new phrase today. For Chicago he practically discarded his favorite "de-lighted," and he dropped but a few "bullies" in the 12 hours. But the "by Georges" flew thick, particularly when he was holding informal receptions and met old acquaintances.

The president's entrance in Chicago from the Northwestern railroad station was accomplished with a celerity that set the crowd fairly gasping. With his right arm hooked in the left arm of Gov. Deneen, a secret service man on the other flank, and with Mayor Dunne and Secretary Loeb, the president came out of the building almost on a trot. Before any one realized how it happened the door of the landau was slammed, the cavalrymen closed in with rattling sabers and the whole cavalcade was off at a gallop.

In his face the president showed clearly the benefit of the camping trip from which he is returning. He was as brown almost as an Indian and looked to be in the condition of an athlete before a championship contest.

His Friends the Enemy.

The banquet at the Iroquois club was given entirely by Democrats and this fact deeply touched the president. He evinced throughout the evening a deep gratification at the warmth of his reception from men who have fought him in political battles and are ready to fight him again tomorrow if they held it necessary, ran the dominant note of admiration for the character of the man himself.

Throughout the entire evening, however, Scattered throughout the banquet hall, however, were men strong in Republican doctrines and high in the councils of their party in Illinois. At the president's table were Mayor Edward F. Dunne, Charles F. Gunther, president of the Iroquois club; James Hamilton Lewis, toastmaster; Samuel Alschuler, Judge Murray F. Tuley, Sheriff Thomas E. Barrett and other Democrats. Of the Republicans there were at the same time Gov. Charles S. Deneen, Senator A. J. Hopkins, Judge C. C. Kohlsaat, Judge K. W. Landis and a dozen more.

Prior to the banquet itself, which was set for 7 o'clock, the president held an informal reception in the rooms of the Fine Arts building adjoining the auditorium on the north. He shook hands with every one of the 700 men who were present at the function. He had a pleasant word for all those who were known to him personally or by reputation.

President Roosevelt at the banquet was introduced by Mr. Lewis. He said among other things:

I very deeply appreciate the honor of being your guest and guest of the city of Chicago this evening, and, in looking at the possibilities of the future, let me add that I have not the least anticipation of Chicago's ever reversing that most complimentary vote which I so deeply appreciated last year, because it will never have the chance. (Laughter and applause).

Our country is governed, and under existing circumstances can only be governed under the party system, and that should mean and that will mean we have a sufficient number of people who take the point of view that there will be a frank and manly opposition of party to party; of party man to party man; combined with an equally frank refusal to conduct a party contest in any such way as to give good Americans cause for regret because of what it said before election when compared with what it said after election. (Applause).

The frank opposition of a given man or a given party on questions of public policy not only can be, but almost always should be combined with the frankest recognition of the infinitely greater number of points of agreement than of the points of difference. The longer I am in politics life the more firmly I am convinced that the great bulk of questions of real importance before us as a people are questions which we can best decide, not from the standpoint of Republicanism or Democracy, but from the standpoint of the interests of the average American citizen.

These are foreign questions and they are domestic questions. Our politics should, and in great majority do, disappear at the water's edge. Most questions that come up in Washington are questions that go much deeper than party; are questions that affect the whole country, and the man would indeed be unfit for the position of president who did not feel that when he held that office he held it in the most emphatic sense as the representative of all the people.

Plain Talk on Canal.

One of the works Uncle Sam has on hand just at present is digging the Panama canal, and it is going to be dug. It is going to be dug honestly and as cheaply as is compatible with efficiency, but with efficiency first. I wanted congress to give the power to remodel the commission. It did not do it. I remodelled it anyhow, purely in the exercise of my executive functions; and I made up my mind this time that I was not going to make the slightest effort to represent different sections of the country on that canal; I was going to try to have the whole country represented, and put the best man I could get in any given position without the slightest regard to where he came from.

Among the most vital questions that have come up for solution because of the extraordinary industrial development of this country, as of all the modern world, are the questions of capital and labor, and the questions resulting from the effect upon the public of the organization into great masses of both capital and labor. I believe thoroughly in each kind of organization, but I recognize that if either kind of organization does what is wrong, the increase in its power for efficiency that has resulted from the combination means the increase in its power to do harm; and that, therefore, organization that is organized capital and labor, that is organized labor, must alike be held to a peculiar responsibility to the public at large, and that from each alike we have the right to demand not only obedience to the law, but service to the public.

On Railway Control.

I will take up first the question of organized capital. While acknowledging in the frankest manner the benefits that have come from the development of great industrial enterprises, I also feel we must recognize the time has come when it is essential, in the interests of the public, that there should be, and be exercised, a power of supervision and regulation over them in the interests of the public.

Personally, I believe the federal government must take an increasing control over corporations. I trust there will be no halt in the steady process of assuming such national control, and the first step toward it should be the adoption of a law conferring upon some executive body the power of investigation and regulation of the rates of the great corporations engaged primarily in interstate commerce of the railroads.

I believe the representatives of the nation should lodge in some executive body the power to establish a maximum rate, power to have that rate go into effect practically immediately, and that power to see that the provisions of the law apply in full to the companies owning private cars just as much as to the railroads themselves. The courts would retain, no matter what the legislature did, the power to interfere and unset any action that was confiscatory in its nature.

I am well aware that the action of such a body as I have spoken of may stop far short of confiscation, and yet do great damage. In other words, I am well aware that to give this power means the possibility that the power may be abused. This possibility we must face. Any power is enough, any power which could be granted sufficiently great to be efficient, would be sufficiently great to be harmful if abused.

One thing I wish definitely understood: If the power is granted to me to create such a board, such a commission, or to continue in power, if I so desire, a commission or board, with increased powers, I shall strive to appoint and retain men who do exactly the same justice to the railroad as they will exact from the railroad.

Now, I am on the other side of the question. This government is not and never shall be the government of a plutocracy. This government is not and never shall be the government of a mob. I believe in corporations. They are indispensable instruments in our modern industrialism, but I believe they should be supervised and regulated that they should act for the interest of the community as a whole. So I believe in unions. I am proud of the fact that I am an honorary member of one union, but I believe that the union, like the individual, must be kept to a strict accountability to the law, by the power that is supreme.

Mayor Dunne, as president of the United States and therefore as the representative of the people of this country, I give you as a matter of course, my hearty support in upholding the law in keeping order, in putting down violence, whether by mob or by an individual. (Cheers, with many standing waving handkerchiefs and applause.) And there need not be the slightest apprehension in the hearts of the most timid that ever the mob spirit will triumph in this country. Those immediately responsible for dealing with the trouble must exhaust every effort in so dealing with it before call is made upon any outside body. But if any mob or mobs rules back of the city stands the state, and back of the state stands the nation. (Cheers).

And there, gentlemen, is a point upon which all good Americans are one. They are all one in the conviction, in the firm determination that this country shall remain in the future, as it has been in the past, a country of liberty and justice under the forms of law. A country in which the rule of the people is supreme, but in which that will finds expression through the forces of law and order, through the forms of law expressed as provided for in the Constitution of the United States and of the several states that go to make up our nation.

Immediately on his arrival in Chicago, the president had been driven to the Auditorium annex, where he was the guest of the Merchants' club at a luncheon given in his honor. With him at his table were Mayor Dunne, Gov. Deneen and the president of the club, Charles H. Wacker, by whom he was introduced. He said in part:

A Plea for Integrity.

This country of ours is pre-eminently a business country, and we can succeed only if as a country, we carry on the business of business as the typical members of this association carries on business—that is in an entirely practical spirit; in a spirit which desires and commands success, but which desires and commands it as an incident of acting with decency toward all our fellow citizens. No business community can permanently succeed if the average member of it does not possess a certain quantity of high ideals. Permanent success will come to the business community where the average man's word can be trusted; where the average man himself can be trusted in dealing with his fellows.

Just as that is true of the average business community, so it is true of the nation as a whole. The nation must act in a way which gives full recognition to the national demands; which has not in the least quixotic; which sees the need of working for the interest of the average individual of the nation, but in a spirit which recognizes duties as well as rights in our internal and in our external affairs.

Cannot Abandon Positions.

We cannot abandon our position on the Monroe doctrine; we cannot abandon the Panama canal; we cannot abandon the duties that have come to us from the mere fact of our growth as a nation. Now I earnestly hope that with the added responsibility will come not merely a growth in power to meet that responsibility, but a growth in sobriety of mental attitude on our part toward these new duties. If there is one thing that ought to be more offensive to every good American than anything else, it is the habit of shooting with a loose tongue offensively about foreign nations, or of adopting an ill-considered and irritating attitude toward anyone of them.

In private life there is no one to whom we rightly object more than the man who is continually offending and insulting his neighbors, except it be the man who in addition to that then fails to make good. Now, I hope that our foreign policy conducted always in a spirit, not merely of scrupulous regard for the rights of others, but of scrupulous courtesy toward others, and at the same time to see to it keep prepared so that there is no position that we take in either hemisphere that once taken we cannot stand on.

In that attitude, not only is it important that the government officials would behave themselves, but it is important that private citizens should. All owe it to this country to behave with the courtesy toward others which we would like to have extended in return to us; but behave with that courtesy whether it is extended or not. Outsiders cannot hurt us by being insolent as long as we behave ourselves, and what they say is of no consequence to us compared to what we say of them. Hard words won't hurt us if we disregard them. Let them say anything, and go on and build up the navy. That will be a much greater protection to friendship and respect than any amount of recrimination.

Makes Speech on Chair.

Following the Merchants club luncheon the president departed from the program laid down for him when at the Hamilton club at 2:30 o'clock he received the foreign consuls resident in Chicago, and addressed briefly the members of the club and its guests. Standing on a chair the president said in part:

I doubt if any member of the Hamilton club has longer and pleasanter associations with it than I have. Long before I had given to what we will call a position of notoriety it was before the Hamilton club I made a speech with a title which I had no idea would attract any attention, but which did. "The Strenuous Life." (Laughter.) I mean it now because from that day to this I have never dared to use the words at all.

It was a delegation from this club that came down to meet me at Montauk Point when I came back from the disaster. I remember that delegation there with an enthusiasm which no human being outside of the club could have forseen as to warranted by after events, nominated me for president in 1904, which as it was six years in advance, I did not at that time look on as very seriously. (Laughter and applause.) A delegation from your club came on to be present at my inauguration as governor, and the members of that delegation will doubtless remember they gave me a bronze lobster with Abraham Lincoln's head on it. It is in my library and is the ornament I am most fond of. (Applause.) So that I have these personal associations with the Hamilton club which have doubtless been a cause for pride.

What is far more important gentlemen than any question affecting myself, I have had for the Hamilton club a real and hearty respect, that is due to any organization which tries to give expression to its belief through deeds as well as words, and which endeavors steadily to be thoroughly practical and yet to live up to high ideals.

At the conclusion of the speech the president retired under the canopy before which he had been speaking and the parties were hurried over to the Harvard club of Chicago, whose president, Melville Fairbanks, stood at President Roosevelt's left and made the introductions. More than 200 graduates of Harvard filed by, the earlier class men leading. When the last graduate had retired to the rear of the parlor, President Fairbanks introduced Samuel E. Greeley, who read a short address to the president. In reply President Roosevelt said:

I need hardly say what a very real pleasure it has been to greet you this afternoon, for Mr. Greeley spoke of Harvard as a unifying thing. Why per theory has Harvard the very best thing that ever happened to Harvard is to have the west win it, and I say every Harvard club west of the Alleghenies even more than I do those east of there, for I feel Harvard's mission in the country can be incalculably furthered if it has a sufficient amount of the western blood that "does things" in it. For that reason I am particularly pleased to greet the Harvard club of Chicago again under so pleasant circumstances as I have ever had the pleasure of greeting them before. Good by and good luck to you.

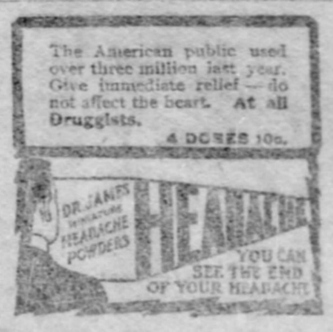
The Harvard yell was given with a will to the president.

The reception committee of the Iroquois club were now introduced and took the president in hand. The whole party hurried to the waiting carriages and were rushed to the Auditorium annex, where the president was scheduled for an hour of rest, broken only by the reception of a labor delegation presenting to him a protest against the use of troops here in connection with the teamsters' strike situation.

At 12:30 o'clock tonight the president's special pulled out for Washington.

The American public used over three million last year. Give immediate relief—do not affect the heart. At all Druggists.

4 DOSES 10c.



Catarrlets Give Instant relief in Nasal Catarrh—allay inflammation, soothe and heal mucous membrane, freshen the breath. Best gargle for sore throat. 25c. Druggists or mail.

Dyspeplets Quickly relieve Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nausea; all forms of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. Sugar-coated tablets. 10c. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass. "It Made by Hood It's Good."

$2.00 22-Karat Gold Crowns or Bridge Work

(This week only)

Teeth cleaned..... 25c

Teeth extracted without pain.

Red Cross Painless Dentists,

414 Penn Ave.

(Second floor from Fourth Ave.)

Look for the Red Cross.

At the Present Rate

We shall sell at retail this year over seven hundred (700) of one style of these celebrated

Conservatory Pianos

Think of it!

The reasons are plain.

There is no other piano at $250 to $275 which offers more genuine musical value, strength and purity of tone than this beautiful piano at

$185

And if desired payments may be arranged on a basis of $15 cash and $7.50 per month.

Won't you come and see it?

The S. Hamilton Co.

Hamilton Hall, 531-533 Wood St., Pittsburg, Pa.

Sole depot for Mason & Hamlin, A. B. Chase, Vose, Fischer, Hamil-Tone, Schumann and other good pianos and

THE HOME OF THE ANGELUS.

Largest Jewelry Establishment in Pittsburgh.

The Exclusive Jewelry House

A comparison of our stock with any other will demonstrate our claim and our title to supremacy. The evidence is incontestable.

Extraordinary gems exquisitely mounted in the newest and most artistic designs, for the Spring Bride.

Diamonds, Pearls, Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires, Amethysts, Etc.

Hardy & Hayes Co.

JEWELERS,

213-215 Fifth Ave.

Coat Shirts

The best for all occasions. Patterns exclusive; colors fast.

$1.50 and more

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., Makers of Cluett and Arrow Collars.

STIEFF Direct Branch of Factory

PIANOS. 516 Penn Ave.

EASY TERMS. LOW PRICES.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

MONTEZUMA ST., 1216, best brick—Three fine rooms, with cellar and bath. Enquire

McClintock Co.

STRAW MATTINGS

Same low prices as last year—Coolest, cheapest, cleanest floor covering for Summer use—Adapted to any house—city, country or seashore—Harmonizes with the finest decorations—or the simplest cottage furnishings—

China Mattings—$5, $8, $10 and $12 a roll.

Japanese Mattings—$7, $10, $12 and $15 a roll.

FOR PORCHES—

Algerian Rugs.
German Cocoa Mattings.
American Cocoa Mattings.
Cashmir and Bengal Cotton Rugs.

Oliver McClintock Co.

29 Fifth Avenue.

J. H. W. Stevens, Attorney-at-Law, No. 413 Fourth avenue.

ORPHANS COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE

The undersigned, administrator of the estate of Thornton Clay, deceased, in pursuance of a decree of the Orphans Court of Allegheny county, at No. 151, May term, 1905, will offer for

PUBLIC SALE

on the premises in the

Borough of West Elizabeth,

Allegheny County, Pa.,

ON MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1905,

AT 2:30 O'CLOCK P. M.

The following described real estate of said decedent, situate in said Borough of West Elizabeth, more particularly bounded and described as follows, viz:

Exhibit C. All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Borough of West Elizabeth, County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, being Lots Nos. 25, 26 and 27 in the Joseph Walton & Company's plan of lots in the Borough of West Elizabeth, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on Third street, 270 feet distant from the intersection of said Third street and Grant avenue; thence along the said Third street, 72 feet to the corner of lot No. 24 in said plan; thence along the said lot No. 24, and at right angles to said street, 120.54 feet to the line of Fourth street; thence along the said line of Fourth street 72 feet to the corner of lot No. 28 in said plan; thence along the line of lot No. 28 and at right angles with Fourth street, 120.54 feet to the place of beginning.

Being the same which Joseph Walton and Anna, his wife, Peter Habenstreit and Mary Ann, his wife, Isaac Burton and Jennie, his wife, by their deed dated the 1st of April, 1905, recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 2380, page 285, sold to Thornton Clay.

Also all the right, title, interest, claim and demand of the party of the first part of, in, to or out of all that certain tract of land situate in the Township of Elizabeth, Allegheny County, Pa., bounded and described as follows:

Bounded on the north by lands of Isaac Wycoff; on the east by the lands of J. W. Weather's heirs, on the south by lands of Jacob Kestler, and on the west by lands of J. E. Sheriff's heirs. Containing all

HEARTS AFLAME BREATHE POESY

High-Class Love Letters Dignify the Gibney-Steiner Breach of Promise Trial.

STORY OF THE FAIR PLAINTIFF

Letters fairly teeming with the deepest love and affection; letters which showed the Shakespearean lover and philosopher combined; poetry of the kind that only a lover knows how to write or select, and English that only an educated man can indict, all combined to make the Gibney-Steiner suit for breach of promise to marry, placed on trial yesterday in the United States circuit court, one long to be remembered.

The prominence of both parties to the suit, Steiner being the son of Gottlieb Steiner, an iron and steel manufacturer, and Miss Gibney, the daughter of one of St. Louis' most prominent women, created additional interest, the court room being crowded with friends and acquaintances of both the young people. It is said Miss Gibney's suit was brought principally for a vindication, she claiming the publicity of the engagement was such that she could not rest under the sting of being cast off without cause.

Steiner, on the other hand, claimed the engagement was a provisional one and that he was at liberty, with Miss Gibney's consent, to break it at a certain period. This, at least, will be the defense as indicated by the special plea filed by Attorneys Shiras and Dickey last week.

Engagement Is Not Denied.

The engagement is not denied, it is said, but the defense claims that it had a perfect right, under all the circumstances of the case, to break it off. Mr. Steiner came into court with a small satchel which seems to bode ill for the fair plaintiff, and he spent considerable of his time in the court room reading some letters it contained. The parties to the suit are of different religious faiths, it is said.

Miss Edith Isabella Gibney, the plaintiff, asks $50,000 damages against the son for the alleged breach, and the same amount from the father, Gottlieb Steiner, the mother and two sisters, Anna Margaret and Grace Eliza Steiner.

Miss Gibney went into court accompanied by her sister, Miss Alice Gibney. The plaintiff betrayed not the slightest emotion when she detailed the story of love and courtship to the jury, and answered without hesitancy every question put to her by her attorney or Mr. Dickey, representing the defendant. Miss Gibney, while not unusually beautiful, is well educated, very refined and ladylike, and has a striking personality. Her language was perfect and her answers skillful.

Defendant's Family Interested.

Mr. Steiner's father, mother and two sisters were in court during the entire session, and were deeply interested in the letters. His father and mother sat with him at the counsel table and frequently engaged Messrs. Dickey and Shiras in conversation. On the other side of the table sat Miss Gibney and her sister. Neither plaintiff nor defendant looked at each other during the trial.

As the love letters were being read the defendant appeared nervous and ill at ease. His relatives showed no signs of agitation. It was a trying position for any man to be placed in, and especially so when it is practically acknowledged that he wrote the letters identified by Miss Gibney. Before each letter was read and placed in evidence Attorney Dickey read them over so that if the defense had any objection to them they could so state, with their reasons, to court. The case may be on trial for a week or more.

The witnesses for Miss Gibney will be her sister, Ralph Steiner, Isaac M. Steiner, W. K. Steiner and C. M. Steiner, sons of K. L. Steiner, with whom Miss Gibney is staying while here. Miss Gibney, it is alleged, first met Steiner, the defendant, in Pittsburgh in 1895, and their courtship began about four years later.

Jury Finally Selected.

There was considerable delay in selecting the jury, and it was not until court had reconvened after the lunch hour that the 12 jurors had been secured. They are: H. B. Carroll, farmer, West Alexander; Thomas W. Conway, justice of the peace, Beech Cliff; Paul Dietzell, insurance agent, Clearfield; C. G. Gladman, oil producer, Crafton; Homer Hasey, farmer, Runersburg; L. M. Klinger, justice of the peace, Confluence; E. W. Light, merchant, Hyndman; D. W. Lewis, merchant, Knox; John M. Donald, merchant, Sugar Grove; Peter Schneller, merchant, New Galilee; G. W. Washabaugh, retired, West Newton; J. H. Wilson, porter, Allegheny. One of the jurors, J. H. Wilson, is a colored man, and one is a bachelor, Squire Conway of Beech Cliff.

Miss Gibney was the first witness. After Mr. O'Brien had addressed the jury she told her story without hesitation, only stopping when interrupted by her attorneys or by the attorneys for the defense. Mr. Steiner's attorney, Mr. Dickey, often interrupted the witness to object to some part of her testimony not being relevant. She was questioned directly by Mr. O'Brien and told to tell her story to the court and jury from beginning to end.

Story of Her Life.

The plaintiff said she lived with her widowed mother at 1334 Washington boulevard, St. Louis. She was educated at Sacred Heart convent, at St. Charles, Mo. Her story of her meeting Steiner and their subsequent friendship which ripened into love, engagement and the fatal breaking of the engagement to marry by Steiner was in effect as follows:

Miss Gibney first met Steiner at the home of his mother in 1895. She was then visiting her uncle, H. L. Steiner, in Allegheny. She admired Steiner from the first and he was very kind and attentive to her during her visit here. They met frequently after that for several years, until their acquaintance ripened into love, and in 1903 he made her a formal proposal of marriage and she accepted him. Up to that time he had made her many presents of flowers, books, music and jewelry, and had given up smoking because as he said, he lived in anticipation of receiving a kiss from her lips and did not desire that when that bliss should be his to have the taint of tobacco in his breath.

This was in August, 1903. Shortly after they became engaged. Steiner told her his father had discovered that he was in love with her and that the old gentleman had discouraged the attachment. For this reason Steiner asked her to keep their engagement a secret for a while at least. This, she says, she did religiously.

Wanted Her to Stick.

"First," she said, "he called me up by telephone and said his father was very much opposed to the engagement. I was then stopping with the Steiners in the East End, this city. He came out to see me, wearing a very long face and begged me to stick by him in spite of everything. I told him I would and he went away, seemingly happy and determined that nothing should part us."

Miss Gibney started to tell of a previous love affair that Steiner had with a young lady of Boston that had been broken up by his father, but the lawyers for the defense objected to her telling anything that occurred prior to her first meeting with him. The objection was sustained.

Miss Gibney then said Steiner advised her to go to her home in St. Louis, telling her he would join her there soon and tell her mother of the engagement. He said his mother was ill and he did not want to worry her. She then went home. Steiner gave her a diamond engagement ring, the stone being an heirloom in the Steiner family. He had it set especially for her finger.

The ring, a watch, a pin and other jewelry he had given her as presents, were produced and marked as exhibits in the testimony. Shortly after she went home she received a letter from him of a most affectionate nature, stating that his family had learned of their engagement and had become reconciled to it and agreed to accept her as his wife-to-be.

Visited Her in St. Louis.

Then he visited her at her home in St. Louis, got down on his knees before her mother and implored her blessing on their engagement, and promised to love and cherish her daughter Edith, while life lasted. He remained at the house for over a week, lavishing flowers and presents upon members of the family, Miss Gibney continued.

"The entire house was a perfect bower of flowers and expensive plants during his stay there. Every afternoon we went driving or made fashionable calls, and at night we entertained at my home, attended ... to the theater. The night be-

KLAUS J. STEINER. EDITH I. GIBNEY.

fore our house he gave an engagement dinner at one of the best restaurants in St. Louis, at which most of my relatives and friends were guests, and he there announced publicly our engagement. This was in October, 1903. When he left St. Louis he went to Colorado to look after some mining interests, but every day brought me a letter from him, telling me of his love and undying affection for me. In December of that year he came back from Colorado and stopped to visit me for a few days on his way home. While there he was as devoted as ever to me and asked me if I could be ready to marry him in June, 1904. I said that I could and during that winter I spent most of my time making my wedding clothes and getting ready to go to housekeeping."

Miss Gibney then told of having received, in December, 1903, a letter from Steiner's mother asking her to visit them, but she replied that she could not do so then. Later she got another letter from Mrs. Steiner urging her to pay them a visit, so that she could become well acquainted with the family and meet and visit with their friends. The plaintiff said:

Visited Fiance's Family.

Finally, I made arrangements to visit my fiance's family and I came here for that purpose on Easter Sunday, 1904, arriving here in the morning. They had asked me to come without going to the expense of buying fine clothes. I was met at the station and driven to the Steiner residence in Allegheny. I was met at the door by Mrs. Steiner, who kissed me and welcomed me affectively. The girls kissed me, too, and bade me welcome. The old gentleman's welcome was rather cold. I took it, and during most of my visit at the house it seemed he practically ignored me. I think it was on the third of April that I arrived at the Steiner residence and I was there about seven weeks, leaving some time the latter part of May. For two or three weeks we got along very well. The defendant and I never had any disagreement, and all rest of the family treated me kindly enough and no offense was offered me.

Shortly after my arrival there, however, Mrs. Steiner said the defendant and I should not sit alone in the parlor at night, and to this I offered no objection. One thing I noticed, although the family appeared kind and affectionate to me, they were continually running Klaus down and telling me how fickle and changeable he was and always had been. After I had been there about 10 days they arranged for a luncheon at which I was to meet their friends. They said nothing to me about announcing our engagement at the luncheon until shortly before the guests arrived. The defendant's sister asked me if I had any objection to her announcing the engagement, and I said I had not. So she announced it at the luncheon. Then she prepared an announcement of the engagement for the Pittsburgh and St. Louis newspapers, and the defendant copied them on a typewriter.

No Objection Was Made.

The night before they were mailed to the papers his sister said: "Is there any objection to having the announcement sent to the papers? If there is, remember now is the time to make them, for tomorrow the announcement will be made to the world."

There was no objection, and the next morning the papers printed the announcement.

Miss Gibney told at length of Mrs. Steiner taking her on shopping tours and insisting on buying her fine clothes, saying that she was her daughter and for that reason she should accept whatever she bought her without any false pride or questions. She therefore accepted the gifts, thinking it was all right. The witness continued:

We went to parties, entertainments and to the theaters, and everything seemed all right, except that Klaus would, at times, have worried looks and fits of melancholy. I asked him what was wrong and he said he had put money in stocks and was worried over that. This did not satisfy me, though I knew he was interested in stocks, so I insisted on his telling me his troubles. He said his family knew what was worrying him and that if he told me I would be sorry he had done so. But I insisted that it was my right as his future wife to know and share his troubles. We took a walk that evening along Western avenue and he made a clean breast of the whole affair. He said he was getting along very badly with his family; that his father was greatly opposed to our engagement; that he considered me lazy as I did not get up very early and thought I would make him a poor wife. His mother, he said, was ill worrying over our engagement and that was the cause of her frequent headaches; that his sisters considered me a dresser of poor taste and said that I was slovenly and left my room in bad disorder; that I was not liked by the friends of the family, and that was why I was so seldom invited to their homes and why they seldom visited me. He also said that his people considered me not very well educated and not as refined as I should be.

Plaintiff Was Almost Heartbroken.

This, of course, made me almost heartbroken, but I went to his mother and asked her if it was true that I was the cause of her frequent spells of illness. She denied that it was and said—

Steiner's attorney objected to this kind of testimony and the objection was sustained. Miss Gibney went on:

I told the defendant what his mother had said, and he arranged to stay in home that afternoon. I had promised to go to the East End to visit some friends, but stayed at home, and Klaus sent for his mother to come down to the parlor. When she came down Mrs. Steiner said:

"Edith, what is all this trouble about?"

I told her and said that if it was true I would leave the house. She and her daughter said it was all nonsense. But the way they said it hurt me and I started out of the house. Mrs. Steiner called to Klaus when he saw I was leaving and said:

"Don't under any consideration let her leave until matters are settled."

But I went to the East End, and stayed a day or two. My friends out there remarked that my eyes were red and asked me why I had been crying, but I gave some excuse and did not tell them.

The defendant came out after me and pleaded with me to come back to his home, saying if I did not he would leave home for good. He said his mother was ill and wanted us, so I went back. But I could not eat or sleep. I saw that they were pretending to be all right with me, but were trying to poison us toward one another under cover. We arranged to go to the country and went to Harrisonville for the day, and had a happy time. When we came back the defendant's father came forward and welcomed me. I had left my engagement ring upstairs in my room. Mrs. Steiner wanted to know where it was and I told her. She said:

"Edith, you know you love him with all your heart," and called to his father, who came out and asked what the matter was.

Favored a Long Engagement.

I said if I was so disliked by them all I would break the engagement, and his father said that would be terrible; that they had hearts of gold and were loyal to their friends; that he and Mrs. Steiner were engaged for four years and that she had been willing to learn the ways of his folks. He asked us not to break the engagement until at least six months' trial, and then we could know whether we still loved one another. Said I wanted it settled then one way or the other. The father then noticed that I did not wear my engagement ring and asked where it was. I told him and he said:

"Go get it, put it on and be happy."

I did so, and the engagement was renewed. I stayed a few days longer at the house before I went home. Klaus was delighted and we all appeared very happy. Klaus took me in his arms, called me his dearly-beloved wife, told me to tell my mother all, but not to let her or any one put me against him. I returned to St. Louis on May 21, 1904, and for some time I received three letters a week from him, all as full of love as ever.

"Have you those letters?" asked Mr. O'Brien.

"I have all of them."

"Well, go on; what next?"

"Well, this kept on until about the middle of June, when the defendant wrote me a letter breaking——"

"I object to that," Mr. Dickey interrupted, "we want the letter as evidence."

"You can have it," said Mr. O'Brien. "Did the defendant break the engagement?"

"Yes, he finally broke it himself about the middle of June."

Then Came the Letters.

This ended the testimony of Miss Gibney for the present. The letters, all pasted in two big, thick scrapbooks, she identified as having been written to her by the defendant. She identified the handwriting as that of Steiner, and also identified the engagement ring and the jewelry he had given her. The letters are written on delicately tinted note paper, hotel letter paper, cards, bill heads, illustrated cards and fancy label paper, and all together make up a unique assortment of love letters.

Mr. Ashley read some 15 of the letters, and as they were presented as evidence they were marked "exhibit 1, 2, 3," etc. Mr. Ashley read them in a clear, distinct voice, and while doing so there was perfect quiet and attention throughout the room, which was crowded to the doors.

Among the letters read were the following:

Dear Little Girl:—Consider these roses in their beauty and purity and innocence typifying your affection for each other. The rose, however, dies and leaves but a memory. May it be God's will that our affection, unlike the rose, endures forever.

Dear Sweetheart: Sweet flower, the perfume of whose being is wafted around and about thee, and delights the senses of the soul, whose spiritual beauty, like that of the rose, is unemotional and unapproachable. Confer a blessing of the ethical bloom on one who draws from thy personality the very elixir of life itself. On thee I live.

KLAUS.

Time Had Leaden Wings.

On a card referring to the father's dispatch was written: "Dear Little Girl: May this interest you until that future time we both have in mind arrives. How leaden-winged it comes." Then comes a verse:

To My Little Girl:
It matters not how dull the book,
Each word I read spells "Dear,"
Each page enshines a sweet girl's face,
Oh, could it but be near.

A letter written on presenting a book reads:

Mr. Dear Portia:—Beware of the law. Love knows it not. And it hath no use for love. It feeds on the fragments of the vessels that hold the noble passion, and oft hesitates, not to jar the urn that the fragments might be provided for its unhallowed feast.

KLAUS.

Battle Creek, Mich., Sept. 14, 1903.

Dear Little Girl:—Well, what do you think, the house went into executive session last night and after a final reading and discussion, the Steiner-Gibney bill was passed unanimously. Hurrah! I wonder you did not hear that clear down to St. Louis. Here's how it happened:

The letter goes on to tell of a final conference between Steiner and his parents, at which they consented to the marriage.

Under date of the next day a letter reads:

My Dearest Little Girl: I'm having a time of it. Of all the chaff and asides and jokes that are enjoyed at my expense. I have seen others in my position made a target for fun and they always seemed to take it with a poor grace. Strange to say I do not feel that way at all. I am certainly proud of my little girl, and I don't think it is anything to conceal. I shall never hide your light under a bushel nor allow you to do so either. Therefore, prepare to shine. And yet no letter! How I have waited and watched and certainly expected one this afternoon. But all I got was an automobile card that had been forwarded. With what impatience I consigned it to the waste basket. Since I shall hear from you tomorrow. . . . I took a drive today. It made me think of the day you and I tried to find the pretty little valley and couldn't just because I was more interested in a pretty face and a pair of blue eyes than I was in the road. I haven't seen a pretty woman since I left 733 Chislett street on the second inst. Dear sweetheart, I am deaf to all attractions except those I find in you. . . . Dearest, I love you so much that you can read my very soul. Tell me, what do you see?

KLAUS.

The Letter That Came.

September 6, 1903, from Battle Creek, a letter reads:

My Dearest Little Girl: At last that much-looked for letter arrived, and by that luck that follows faithful lovers fell into my hands without any one being the wiser. That meant that I could read the first love letter from my sweet, and enjoy reading it and rereading it with just my thoughts for companions. . . . It is best as it is. Today I see her whom I love and I hold her to me, and lavish on her a little of the great affection which my heart contains, and is burning to express. Tomorrow she is gone like a dream, leaving a vivid picture of herself, her graces, her words, her gentle touch branded in my memory, and with it a great fear and burn that heals not, but grows and throbs with the unrest in my heart till I would fain cry out with the anguish of it all. . . . I am a poor artist, dear, but I have the most heavenly "beautiful" that God only paints in the mind of fertile man. The picture is there ineffaceably and though I cannot make it live with the brush or make you aware of its presence and nature. Of these things, sweet, may I speak only to you, for you will understand. I cannot forget you.

KLAUS.

The following day, September 7, 1903, this letter was written:

My Dearest Little Girl: Another case of ill wind. I arose real early this morning to play tennis and found it raining. Like one of our rainy days. Were they not precious days even with the rain? What is more natural than I should hie me to the quiet nook to commune with my darling? Don't you see, dear, that I love you unconsciously, and can you not imagine how I must love you when I try even a little? Just think how it will be when I am on trial for life. . . . I got your sweet letter of the 5th today. How glad I was to receive it. And as I read it, I said to myself: How like the little girl herself. It breathes truth and faith and love in every word. Oh, I realize more and more what a noble love you have given me, and what a charge you have entrusted me with. . . . The more you give, little girl, the more I shall want. But you shall be repaid in kind.

KLAUS.

Love Affected His Slumbers.

Battle Creek, Mich., Sept. 3, 1903.

My Dearest Little Girl:

I am a poor hand at sleeping in a strange bed. . . . Not being able to sleep, I had plenty of time to think and you may be sure I put it in to good advantage. I had visions of a beautiful young face that well nigh made me wish the train would be side tracked so I could get out and walk back to it. When I reached Detroit I looked longingly at the telephone booth and wished with all my might I could pay my usual morning tribute to the sweet little goddess with the dear little ears that were good enough to listen to my tale of love. When I reached Battle Creek I walked down town and gave the girl a telegraph message which made her smile wonderingly, but you would understand. . . . How long shall I be an exile from your arms? . . . Dearest, all I had in the way of love I gave you, yet I find my store not one whit diminished. On the contrary, it increases every hour, and like a weed, springs up stronger and better the more it is harnessed and cut down.

KLAUS.

A letter dated September 8, in which he likened Miss Gibney to the sun, saying her love had done more for him than God's work, he wrote:

"And, as man instinctively turns towards the spirit to which he consciously feels he owes his being and renders his devotion, so, sweetheart, is my face always turned toward thee, and in all reverence do I render unto thee all the passionate wooings of my nature, as the author of the newly-created happiness within me. . . . Still shall I always have fear that some day I may wake up and find it some. . . . May I avert the soul-destroying loss. . . . Can I ever but love you to the end of time and of my being.

KLAUS.

A letter dated September 9, reads:

My Dearest Little Girl:

I promised yesterday to tell you about this place, though I would rather tell you of my love for the "dearest of all girls. I wonder which you would prefer—shop or that?" He then described Battle Creek. "Here I am up at 6:30 writing to Sweetheart. Would I do that for anyone else? Hardly. Dearest, every task I undertake, when sweetened with your name, is sweetened and lightened. . . . I love your independence, you, too, can be company to yourself and a pleasure to yourself because you have a pure and beautiful mind and a disposition so sweet and so full of good cheer that I wonder the angels do not envy you. . . . To incur your displeasure I would consider a capital crime, punishable by death, and rather would I prefer death to the loss of your confidence and your love.

The last letter read expressed grief that Miss Gibney must leave her family to marry him.

At this point the case was adjourned until this morning.

New Plans for Princeton.

Dr. Woodrow Wilson, LL. D., president of Princeton university, passed through the city last night on his way to Kansas City. When seen at the Union station he said it is proposed to increase the faculty at Princeton so that the students and instructors will become better acquainted. Owing to the large classes the instructors now do not converse sufficiently with the students.

Writ Asked in Waite's Behalf.

NEW CASTLE, May 10.—(Special.)—Rosewell Waite, charged with murdering Policeman Frank Skidmore here August 11, will be taken before Judge Porter Saturday morning for a hearing on a writ of habeas corpus applied for today.

Try It

If you feel weary and tired, and lack that sprightliness of life that you ought to have, nothing will give you greater relief than

Vineland Grape Juice

A pure and delightful beverage. Builds up and strengthens the entire system. In all forms of sickness it is especially valuable.

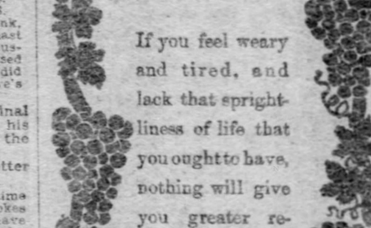
For sale by druggists and grocers.

To realize just how good this grape juice is, send 10 cents for a trial bottle—not an ordinary small sample, but the regular 10 cent bottle.

If your dealer cannot or will not supply you with Vineland Grape Juice, we will deliver one dozen quart bottles, all charges paid, for $2.50, or one dozen pints for $2.75.

VINELAND GRAPE JUICE CO., Vineland, N. J.

Our Knickerbocker trade-mark on the latest label of



BARKER'S
Hasty Lunch Chocolate
For Cooking & Drinking

assures you that it is still the same pure, ready, most digestible and most economical chocolate made anywhere.

It contains the finest pick of large, ripe perfect cocoa-beans; and is positively free from adulterants, cocoa-butter or the injurious alkalies used in all Dutch cocoas.

In air-tight cans ready for immediate use. ½ lbs., 20 cents; smaller cans, 10 cents. Choice carefully selected recipes go in every can. Get it of your dealer.

Oxfords

Men's Women's, Boys,' Misses', Children's, Every Price, Style—and Good Grade.

LAIRD—Market St.

404-406-408

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Rain.
Yesterday's Temperature—Max. 62; Min. 52.

Thursday, May 11, 1905.

An Attractive Transaction in Summer Curtains.

$1.50 Books for 25c.

On the Round Table, center aisle, west store, a lot of regular $1.50 edition for 25c each. Among them works by such authors as Paul Leicester Ford, Anthony Hope, Max O'Rell, Merriman, Ouida, Capt. Chas. King and others.

A good chance to lay in a supply of Summer reading.

Different Varieties Today for Striking Concessions in Prices.

Our buyer of curtains is now on the ocean bound for the lace curtain centers of Europe, and before he sailed we told him to look around New York and see what he could pick up—curtains that people wanted at this particular time. Below are some of the clever bargains, and we trust you will think as much of them as we do. All are just right for Summer use, and all are offered far enough below what they should sell for.

At the same time, you will notice, we offer some inexpensive bed sets of ruffled muslin.

Ruffled Net Curtains—

$1.50 Curtains for $1.00 pair.
$1.00 Curtains for 75c pair.
$1.50 Curtains for $1.00 pair.
$1.35 Curtains for 90c pair.
$1.75 Curtains for $1.00 pair.

Sill Curtains—

$2.25 Curtains for $1.00 pair.
$4.50 Curtains for $2.25 pair.
$4.00 Curtains for $2.50 pair.
$4.00 Curtains for $2.75 pair.
$4.50 Curtains for $2.75 pair.
$4.50 Curtains for $3.00 pair.

Grand Dame Curtains—

$4.50 Curtains for $3.00 pair.
$6.00 Curtains for $4.00 pair.

Ruffled Muslin Bed Sets—

We also have a lot of ruffled Muslin Bed Sets to sell for special prices—these sets consist of spread and bolster shams.

$4.50 Sets for $2.25.
$4.00 Sets for $2.25.
$4.75 Sets for $3.00.
$5.50 Sets for $3.50.
$6.00 Sets for $3.75.
$6.00 Sets for $4.00.

Curtain Materials—

Regular 18c a yard materials for 12½c a yard.
Regular 23c a yard ruffled nets, for 15c a yard.

News of Fancy Work.

(Third Floor, West.)

Women who like something different will be pleased to learn that all materials for the making of Citteryl and Hardanger Embroidery can be purchased in this department. These two styles of embroidery are now being used for shirt waists, collar and cuff sets, as well as for Scarfs and Doylies.

Stamped Hardanger Squares, hemstitched all around—
22-inch size, 50c.
24-inch size, 75c.
27-inch size, 75c.

Mercerized cottons in white and colors for working same, Germantown Yarn, slightly soiled, also Saxony Yarn and Shetland Floss, four and eight fold skeins, tomorrow half price.

Stamped pieces, ready to work—Shirtwaist Patterns, Collars, Cuffs, Belts, Hats and Parasols, on a good quality of linen in Maderia, Hedebro and French designs, for inexpensive prices.

Special values in stamped linen Collars and Cuffs—beautiful designs stamped on a fine quality of linen with sufficient white mercerized cotton for embroidering, the set, 25c for the outfit complete.

New hand-embroidered Pillow Slips of fine linen and lawn, with hemstitched ruffles and hem—worked heavily in French embroidery, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 each.

$2.00 Umbrellas for $1.50.

For men and women who want to save a half dollar on an umbrella that's good enough for general use.

Of good black union taffeta with tape edge, fine natural handles, finished with case and tassel.

Guaranteed to give good wear.

Specialties of Our Umbrella Store—

Canes, 75c to $10.00 each.
Riding Crops, $3.00 to $6.00 each.
Extra Handles for Umbrellas.
Extra Ties for Umbrellas.
Extra Cases for Umbrellas.
Parasols made to order to match costumes.
Parasols re-lined, re-trimmed and re-covered.
Umbrella Repairs of all sorts.

Notions for Little Enough.

Below we mention some of the little prices set for today on articles belonging to that most useful class of goods which bears the misnomer "notions."

Silk Hair Nets, all shades, 3c each.
Mohair Shoe Lacers, 1c pair, 10c dozen.
Primrose Safety Pins, 2c dozen.
Tape, in bundles containing different widths, 4c each.
Toilet Pins, 5c values for 1c box.
Black or white Hat Pins, 2 for 1c.
Lace Pins, pearl or turquoise, 4c each.
Chiffon Collar Foundations, 5c each.
Darning Needles, assorted sizes, 3c paper.
Black Silk, 100-yard spools, 5c spool.

Three Special Lots of Pictures.

50c, 85c, 90c a Picture.

In these three lots are some of the prettiest pictures that one could ask to see. Moreover they are all of them exclusive with us. In many cases the genuine picture lover will pass by a pleasing subject, because there are so many inferior copies of it that it palls on one. That's where exclusiveness telle.

They are colored prints in good gilt frames that are easily worth double the prices asked.

These pictures are worthy of a place in the most cultured home.

500 Waists Today for About Half Prices.

Attention! Five Hundred Women.

It is a positive fact that our selling of white shirt waists so far this Spring has been three times greater than in any former season. We are constantly receiving large invoices of newest styles and it seems to us that these large shipments are no more than in the house until the majority of the waists are gone.

Such remarkable selling naturally accumulates odd lots, and so today we throw out 500 waists from which you can choose around the half price line—mostly white, but a sprinkling of colors.

The Governing Prices Will Be at $1.00 from $2.00 and up to $6.50 from $10.00.

Hardly more than a half dozen of a kind. These are from the best selling numbers we have had. All the different materials, all the different finishes.

Our Special Offer to Men Holds Good Today.

$3.00 to $5.00 Hats for $1.85.

Both Derbies and Soft Hats.

All of them latest blocks—this Spring's styles.

The $5.00 hats are the product of Victor Jay, London, England, whose reputation for making hats is the highest.

The $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 hats are from leading manufacturers of this country, names we would not care to quote when making such prices, but you'll find them on the inside of the hats.

The Derbies in black and several shades of brown and tan.

The Soft Hats in all good shapes and colors.

The sale started yesterday, but we promise men who come today good choosing.

PENN, FIFTH, CECIL.

Asthma

CURED TO STAY CURED.

Health completely restored. You can eat heartily, sleep all night and expose yourself to the old causes without fear of attack. No medicines needed after our treatment ceases. 58,000 patients. 21 years' success treating Asthma and Hay Fever. Book 51 Free; all about Asthma; also examination free by mail. Address

P. HAROLD HAYES, Buffalo, N. Y.

Who wouldn't spend one dollar to save five?

You can save even more by having your clothes cleaned, pressed, repaired by

DICKSON —THE TAILOR,

241-3 Fifth Ave., Second Floor.

JAS. H. MATTHEWS & CO. Stamp and Stencil Works.

HAVE REMOVED TO

306 WOOD STREET.

Good Porters

Are not Plentiful. Progressive merchants are having their windows cleaned on contract by experts. Send for an estimate.

National Window Cleaning Co.

Both Phones. 245 Third Ave.

4% on savings Accounts

How much could you have saved thus far this year?
How much can you save the balance of this year?
This bank pays

4 PER CENT ANNUAL INTEREST

On Savings Accounts.
Open Saturday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

GERMANIA SAVINGS BANK
WOOD AND DIAMOND STS
PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD
BOTTLED Coca-Cola
At all Saloons, Groceries, Cafes and Stands.

B. WHITE OHIO AND SANDUSKY ST.

THE BIG ALLEGHENY STORE.

Bear it in mind when you want Furniture or Carpets.

LATE AGAIN

No time for breakfast.

Why don't you ask Central to call you every morning? No trouble.

Just one of the many little advantages of P. & A. Service.

Are you listed? New Directory being prepared now.

Call 65 Main.

P. & A. TELEPHONE COMPANY

Reaches Anybody, Anywhere, Any Time—and does it quick.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

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Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents a week.
Sunday Edition, 5 cents per copy.
Rates by mail within the United States and Canada, outside of the City of Pittsburgh.
Daily Edition at the rate of $3 00 per year.
Sunday Edition, $2 50 per year.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 50 cents.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5 00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Thursday, May 11, 1905.

At the time he was ransomed from Raisuli Mr. Perdicaris said that that gentlemanly brigand would be a good man to rule the country, as he was a natural leader of men. That suggestion has actually been acted upon and Raisuli is the recognized native governor of northern Morocco. It is said that he deals out a good articl eof justice and malefactors are severely punished. Hence all cattle thieving and robberies have ceased in his district and perfect tranquillity reigns. His fame is spreading and the mountain tribes are putting themselves under his jurisdiction, so that it appears likely that the former bandit will become a very high and influential personage in the country.

The despair of the woman in New York city who lost $8,500, the earnings of a lifetime, has excited general sympathy and people will be glad to learn that the sum has been returned. She drew the money from the bank last Friday in order to change the place of deposit and lost the bills from the front of her dress where they were insecurely rolled in paper. An honest woman happened to find the small fortune and as soon as she heard the particulars she hunted up the owner. At first she refused a reward, but was finally persuaded to accept one, although she did not reveal her name. Anxiety over the missing money endangered the woman's life, but she has every reason to recover now and the experience she has had of the goodness of human nature ought to brighten her spirit with a new optimism.

The question whether a Chinese student can work his way through an American college without forfeiting the exemption allowed those pursuing an education and coming under the exclusion act is likely to come before the United States supreme court for decision soon. The test is being made in the case of Gong Wah Chee, a student at Temple college, Philadelphia, who is making his way by work in a laundry at Camden, N. J. It is said that influential Chinamen interested in securing an amendment of the exclusion act are furnishing the young man with money to defend the suit, claiming that the permission to come to this country as a student carries with it the privileges of the occupation. Chee was born in America, but returned to China in his childhood. While he may have technically violated the legal restrictions, the fact was proven that he was a genuine student and using the money he earned to pay his expenses.

Whatever the sympathies of the United States in the present war may be, there will be regret at the departure of such an excellent gentleman as Count Cassini, ambassador from Russia. He has been outspoken in defense of his country, taking pains to make reply when it was assailed or whenever he thought it was misrepresented, but Americans can only admire that spirit of loyalty which they would expect from one of their own countrymen. Count Cassini's health has demanded attention for some time, but he has hesitated to leave this country so long as there was a chance that he might take part in negotiations attending the close of the war. He now thinks that the progress of the Baltic fleet promises to extend the war indefinitely and he might as well be relieved. After he has attended to his physical condition and visited Russia he will go to Madrid. He is to be succeeded in this country by Baron Rosen, Russian minister to Tokyo, who left Japan on the breaking out of hostilities.

President Roosevelt spent 12 very active hours in Chicago yesterday, for he participated in five functions besides receiving a delegation of workingmen who requested him not to send troops to that city to interfere with the strikers. The fear for the safety of the chief executive on his arrival during such a troublesome time proved to have no basis, for the excitement attending the strike seemed only to vent itself in enthusiasm and cheers. He was received with cordiality everywhere. His reply to the delegation representing the strikers that he had not been asked to send troops seemed to satisfy them, although he spoke with characteristic frankness in condemnation of the disorder in Chicago, and declared that "in upholding law and order and in doing what he is able to do to suppress mob violence in any shape or way, Mayor Dunne has my hearty support." This emphatic deliverance will be apt to have a sobering effect upon the situation.

Inspecting the Ohio.

The rivers and harbors committee yesterday viewed the Ohio river from Pittsburgh to Wheeling, where in the evening the committee attended a banquet given by the Wheeling board of trade. Stops were made at East Liverpool and Steubenville, and although the weather was not good for sightseeing the committee had the opportunity of inspecting the channel and getting correct impressions of its needs. The cordial greetings extended along the route and the evidences of widespread popular interest in Ohio river improvement cannot fail to affect the attitude of the committee upon this subject. Even such a comparatively small section of the river as that traversed yesterday brought into strong relief the interstate character of its commerce. In this respect it resembles the great lakes, in the development of whose navigation congress has quite deservedly expended large sums.

There are times when the Ohio and its tributaries rival the great lakes even in their present condition. All the defects sometimes charged upon river navigation from the periodical suspension of traffic by climatic conditions apply also to the great lakes and resumption with them is not so prompt as with the Ohio river. The last commercial summary issued by the government bureau of statistics reports that during March the total number of arrivals at the 33 ports on the great lakes numbered 1,106 vessels of 1,023,115 net tons. In the same month Monongahela river traffic showed a total freight movement of 999,797 tons in 4,055 vessels. Traffic by way of Davis island dam showed a movement of 2,248 vessels carrying 752,123 tons. Taking the entire traffic of the Ohio for the first three months of the year it much exceeds that of the great lakes for the same period. Thereafter the comparison is, of course, vastly in favor of the great lakes and may be expected to be always so, as no improvements that could be made could raise a river to the commercial rank of these inland seas, but a permanent nine-foot channel would make the Ohio a great national artery of traffic whose regulative effect upon transportation rates would be distributed over the interior of the country.

A Couple of Thunderclaps.

There has been an impression that the agitation in favor of railway rate legislation was losing ground and that the eventual result would be the substitution of some anti-rebate legislation for the rate-fixing measure. The president's Denver speech followed by Secretary Taft's speech Tuesday night before the American railway association have come like a couple of thunderclaps to startle corporation interests, and it is now realized that the issue of public control is still to the front of national politics as big and menacing as ever. The president regards "increased supervisory and regulative power over corporations" by the nation as absolutely necessary and not content with affirming the general principle he reiterated his advocacy of "the policy of extending the power of the interstate commerce commission and of giving them particularly the power to fix rates and to have the rates that they fix go into effect practically at once." This directly antagonizes the plain tendency of the senate and in view of the senate's discretionary control over legislation the president's uncompromising attitude opens a prospect of one of the greatest conflicts ever known in our politics. The senate is entrenched in its prerogatives; the president has the trust and confidence of the people. The situation recalls the old scholastic puzzle of what will happen when an irresistible force encounters an immovable obstacle.

Upon the main question as to the right and duty of the government to supervise and regulate corporate power there will be no division of public sentiment great enough to furnish the basis of a political contest. The only open question is the expediency of extending public control to the details of rate-making, and the seemingly general attitude of opposition among experts is certainly a circumstance which should be pondered. It is a disadvantage to any law not to enlist support in the business interests it affects. It would be extremely desirable if some agreement could be arrived at with railroad interests upon the form which public control shall take, and when the corporations recognize that assertion of the principle is inevitable they may be more compliant in their attitude. Their representatives have yet failed to explain why public control over rate-making should be as mischievous as is claimed. It exists in other countries without pernicious consequences. In a recent debate in the Dominion parliament, it was officially stated that the railway commission of Canada had power to deal with the "rates made by a combination of several railway companies, to annul and void them, to make a new tariff altogether and specify what proportions each railway should receive." Here are powers even broader than those which it is proposed to confer upon the interstate commerce commission, and the Canadian railways live and prosper under them. The alarm professed by American railway managers seems unfounded. The effect of the proposed legislation will probably be much less that its opponents fear and its friends hope. President Roosevelt uttered a warning against expecting all evils to disappear through public regulation of rates. The main purpose now is the firm establishment of the principle of public control and to that the railways will have to submit.

Butler County Again.

Butler county has so often been the center of interest for oil men that one might suppose no development there could surprise them. Yet the "gusher" brought in on Tuesday a mile west of Butler is one of the greatest surprises Butler county has ever given the trade. According to reports it is in the class of wells that made famous the Kans City cross belt in 1875 and the Thorn Creek pool nine years later. If it shall lead to the definition of another fourth sand cross belt it may compel the oil world to again revise its calculations.

It is stated on apparently good authority this well obtains its oil from the fourth sand and it shows the characteristic of that formation. If so, it is reasonable to expect the trend of the "buckle" to be at right angles to the ordinary trend of the anticlinals in that section, since that has been the rule of the productive fourth sand in Butler county, and of the Speechley sand where found to contain oil. Though the region about Butler has been quite thoroughly drilled, at least to the third sand, it is possible a considerable pool may be found about this well.

It is not probable the new addition to the list of sensational oil wells will have much effect upon the market immediately. The possibilities are depressing and if there was now a speculative market as in former days a sharp decline would have taken place yesterday. The dominant buyer, however, has observed the rise and fall of many "gusher" pools and is not easily alarmed. It is apt to await further provings before it drops quotations more than a few cents at most. It is well-nigh impossible that the Butler surprise can mean a half as much immediate addition to total production as the Indian and Oklahoma territory fields, which will have eastern pipe line connection within a month.

Honors to Choate.

The admission of Ambassador Choate as a bencher to the Middle Temple of the inns of Court is an honor by a historic English organization scarcely appreciated generally in this country, where the traditions of the bar have been greatly modified and rendered more simple. There are four of the inns of Court, which control admission to the bar and they are now all on an equality, imposing the same restrictions and requiring the same examinations. Although their origin is somewhat obscured, they have grown to be clubs for lawyers, where are preserved the best traditions of the profession. Their members are students, barristers and benchers, membership in the latter class being small and quite select. The fact that Americans have not been made benchers for generations is evidence of the value of the election conferred on Mr. Choate.

Such recognition from a society which usually reserves its privileges for British citizens must be peculiarly gratifying to Mr. Choate. Most nations have medals which are indefinitely complimentary and are bestowed merely as evidence of good fellowship. But election to the fraternity of the leading English jurists is a testimonial to one's standing at the bar, and it is prized in proportion to the exclusiveness of the company making the offer.

Filipino Education.

Foreign experts in colonial administration, while giving great credit to American administration in the Philippines for integrity of purpose, think that too much attention is paid to education and too little to industrial development. Secretary Taft replied to these criticisms in an address before the National Geographical society at Washington recently. He holds that education is particularly important in order to give the natives a common language, and thus lay the foundations of a vigorous industrial life. Great support to this view is given by the recent census of the islands which showed that the people live in a state of tribal segregation, mixing very little with one another outside of tribal limits. This disposition was intensified by the Spanish policy of giving instruction in the native dialects so that even education did not tend to promote the growth of national sentiment. The majority of those who can read and write do not understand any other language than their own tribal dialect. Hence, notwithstanding centuries of Spanish domination, the Spanish language never became common and this is now an advantage, as the way is clear for making English the common speech of the islands.

Possibly the weather man misunderstood the appeal to the rivers and harbors committee as one to him to make the Ohio navigable.

Automobile victims are almost as numerous as those of the trolley cars. How about fenders for them?

Butler is described as oil mad. In the words of the topical song: "It may be crazy, but it ain't no fool."

Gov. Pennypacker has exchanged the veto ax for a sharp paring knife to deal with the appropriations.

East Liverpool and Wheeling have had the opportunity to show to the congressional committee.

Freed on one charge Capt. Wilson is facing five more. The district attorney is not a quitter.

Since Butler brought in its new well Osage nation is not the only pebble on the beach.

George Gould appears to like Pittsburgh since he has begun to get acquainted.

Caleb Powers is in a fair way to get justice since his case is in the federal court.

It is altogether unpoetic to have a much frost and no pumpkin.

TALKED OF IN GOTHAM

By FRANK A. PARKER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 10.—Ignace Paderewski, pianist, his wife and W. C. Groski, her son, sailed today for Liverpool on the steamship Oceanic, after receiving an ovation from a big crowd that had gathered at the pier. Paderewski, who suffered a breakdown in health as a result of his American tour, appeared to be in good condition as he shook hands with his friends on the Oceanic's deck. He declared that, while he was better, he sought a rest, and begged to be excused from talking. "I am going to London," he said, "and from there I will cross to France, going to Paris. After a short stay there I will go to my home in Switzerland, where I will rest, away from business and from worry. I cannot say just when I will return to America. I have an offer from the Boston Symphony orchestra to play with them on a tour, but of that I cannot speak at this time."

With the departure of the Paderewskis, Antoine Werner, who is serving a life term of imprisonment for the murder of Adolph Fischer in Poughkeepsie 17 years ago, will despair of obtaining his freedom, for which the Paderewskis have pleaded on several occasions with the governor of this state. Last week Mme. Paderewski visited Werner in Sing Sing.

Others sailing were Mrs. Patrick Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ogden Armour, Vice Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, W. Bourke Cockran, Col. J. S. Frelinghuysen, the Rt. Rev. Mgr. Nugent and Sir Westman D. and Lady Pearson.

McAdoo Knows the Grafters.

Police Commissioner McAdoo this afternoon issued a statement in which he said that the "white aids and grafters" in Chinatown are known to him, but he did not give any names. "I know exactly now the forces that are backing up the blackmailing, bribing and professional lawlessness which characterize that locality," said the commissioner. "These forces are certainly not confined to Chinatown. I am not distracted by the work of the hired aids of the different factions. I don't know one faction from another and I don't propose to find out the difference. All will be treated alike. If the 'white grafters,' dive keepers and crooks down there think they have gained a victory they are mistaken. We have accomplished at least one thing—we know now who are the 'white aids' of the Chinese lawbreakers."

Postoffice Work Greatly Congested.

In view of the congestion in the general postoffice, due to the vast volume of outgoing mail deposited between 6 and 8 o'clock in the evening, Postmaster Willcox today mailed a letter to the principal business houses of the city, suggesting that they assist the postoffice in its work by mailing, if possible, a portion of their mail earlier in the day. Circulars add to the congestion, and the postmaster believes that these could be mailed either in the morning or before 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The records show that there are mailed daily in the general postoffice 800,000 letters for out-of-town destinations and 30 per cent of these are deposited between 6 and 8 o'clock in the evening.

Two Little Strays Are Homeless.

Matron Travers, at police headquarters, has in her charge two children whom the police are at a loss to identify. One of them is a 4-year-old boy, a bright little chap, who is sure that his name is Eddie Devine, but who can't tell the matron exactly where he lives. The other is a 9-year-old girl, who can't tell the police even as much as the boy. The boy was picked up by Policeman Marcey Monday evening at Ninth avenue and Thirty-seventh street. The girl was picked up late yesterday afternoon by Policeman Schemberger at Fifty-second street and Second avenue. She could not talk coherently. All the police could make out from her talk was that her name is Katy.

Cheaper Gas Seems a Certainty.

That the price of gas in New York will be cut to 80 cents a thousand within 90 days was the prediction made today at the Fifth Avenue hotel by Republicans who expect Gov. Higgins to sign the bill creating a state commission, with powers to fix the price of gas within the limits of the legal rate of $1 a thousand. In the opinion of these men, who generally know what is going on among the party leaders, the governor will not call for the passage of an 80-cent gas bill at the extraordinary session of the legislature which he will summon for June 12 to act on the Hooker charges, unless it develops that the state commission bill is unconstitutional. The governor, it is said, thinks the state commission will be able to bring about cheaper gas without further legislation.

Father of New York Subway Dead.

Delante T. Smith, whose death is reported from Marshalltown, Ia., was the father of the New York subway idea. He saw a generation ago that surface transit would never solve the problem of transportation here. At that time he and his brother were identified with New York real estate interests and had an office in Broadway. Melville C. Smith drew up a plan in 1865 for what became known as the Arcade railway. This was to be run under Broadway and the two brothers announced that thousands of passengers could be carried every hour without delay or danger. A bill for such a subway was passed by the legislature in 1868, but was vetoed by Gov. Hoffman.

Nobleman in Police Court.

"What strikes me about your way of doing business is the quickness with which you dispose of cases and the number or foreigners that come before the court," said Viscount St. Cyres, who occupied a seat on the bench in Jefferson Market police court today. Lord St. Cyres is a magistrate of the county of Devonshire, in the Exeter district, and is making a round of the courts of New York with interest. "The cases that came before the court this morning would have taken us two months to settle. You are certainly wonderfully expeditious here."

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels:

Waldorf-Astoria.
C. T. Balsterling,
A. G. Young,
L. C. Bibler,
F. A. Ogden,
J. E. Wellen,
Mrs. W. Rees,
J. Wood.

Holland.
D. C. Byers,
S. H. Gass,
H. M. Brackenridge,
Mrs. Brackenridge,
J. Moorhead, Jr.,
Miss Moorhead,
F. M. Allison,
L. De Wolf.

Hotel Astor.
W. S. Niven,
S. B. Goucher,
Miss G. McFarland,
Miss L. Gulgher,
W. Henderson,
Mrs. Henderson,
J. A. S. Piccardo.

Imperial.
J. G. Foley,
J. P. Harris,
J. P. Magill,
R. Garland.

Manhattan.
P. Hamburger,
A. M. Pearson,
Mrs. Pearson,
G. C. Smith,
S. Mason.

Wolcott.
W. D. Bradford,
R. T. Boswell.

St. Andrews.
C. M. Clintock,
Mrs. Clintock.

Broadway Central.
B. Neiman.

Westminster.
Dr. G. T. Bibelli,
Mrs. Bibelli,
T. J. Augustine.

Fifth Avenue.
C. C. Ross,
Mrs. Ross,
S. B. Duff.

Empire.
W. A. Nimick,
F. L. Kable.

Astor House.
J. L. Lewis,
E. Z. Jefferson.

Cumberland.
S. Weinhaus,
Mrs. Weinhaus.

Martha Washington.
P. Stucky,
M. Stucky.

Breslin.
Miss G. R. Kelly.

Grand Union.
H. M. Egan.

Navarre.
W. Riddle.

Netherland.
J. J. Smith.

Spalding.
O. S. Chessman.

Metropolitan.
J. J. Brown.

Albemarle.
C. T. Braden.

St. Denis.
W. T. Segmund,
Mrs. Segmund,
K. J. McCullough.

QUIET OBSERVATIONS

By ERASMUS WILSON.

To marry or not to marry.

That's the question that is agitating more minds and hearts than any other at this blessed moment.

How is it with you?

You may say that you are not bothering your head with it, but the chances are that you are only bluffing, particularly if you are not married.

The fact that you are married is not proof conclusive that you are not worrying more or less. Indeed, some worry more after marriage than before.

Were marriage not a most important matter it would not bother you as it does. Nor can you help being bothered. Your nature won't permit you to ignore the great question, much less to forget it.

In view of all this, hadn't you better think it over seriously, get in the swim and study to become a good swimmer? It is one thing to get in the swim, but quite another thing to swim. A whole lot of people have gotten in only to sink, and maybe sink to rise no more.

It is most important, therefore, to familiarize yourself with the conditions, mental, physical and social, that tend to the greatest success in marriage.

* * *

The average woman, particularly society woman, seems to think the beauty of face and form and stylishness of dress are essential to success in the matrimonial world and to these she devotes much time and attention.

These are merely attractive features that serve to call the attention of men to them, but they are not the characteristics which excite love and affection.

And it often happens that these attractive features are not the real thing. Faked shapes, hair and complexion are so common that men usually look upon a stunning woman with more or less suspicion, and only too often there are good grounds for their suspicion.

It naturally follows that when a man discovers that the beauty he had so much admired is fake stuff it loses its charm and he loses respect for the fakir.

Real beauty is different, and it is right and proper for a woman to make the most of her natural charms. This she can do without resorting to faking, but hardly without studying herself carefully enough to know how to do it.

French women are noted for their attractive appearance. As a rule they have not beautiful faces, but they know how to dress and how to deport themselves so as to more than make amends for the lack of pretty faces.

* * *

Dress does not make the woman any more than it makes the man, but there is no doubt that it marks the man as well as the woman, for there is a great deal of character expressed in dress.

And yet there are many young women who seem to think that dress is the whole thing. It is a good thing, in its place, but will not hide defects due to a lack of proper training, nor will it hide a bad disposition. In fact, bad temper, ill-manners or ignorance show more clearly through fine dressing.

A really good dresser is one who dresses simply and practically. The cut of a gown hasn't all to do with its fitness.

During a recent trial in New York it was brought out that $16,500 had been spent in outfitting a young woman for a season at Newport. This was for costume alone, and did not include jewelry, literature and things to eat and drink.

This was a waste of good money, or it would have been had her bills been paid. Possibly she had been thus lavishly rigged out in the hope that she might catch a frenzied financier, or some one able and willing to pay her debts and keep her in style for the balance of her life.

The woman in the clothes is the thing the sensible man is after, and when he finds that he has been fooled he doesn't like it, and is apt to make it unpleasant for her. Can you blame him?

* * *

Mr. Quiet Observer.—The young man who asked in your column whether he should marry a school teacher says that he is sober and industrious. If he is loving and the teacher is of the same disposition, and both are of the same mind, why should they not join the same class in life's kindergarten?

I wonder why the young man asks the question. Even if he be advised to marry a school teacher, the matter is not settled. He has the teacher yet to consult. At least one is supposing such to be the case.

Perhaps he believes that school teachers generally have such hard and unpleasant work that almost any one of them would be willing to resign and try to teach one man.

They should be willing to abandon the wholesale teaching where they have several bosses to take up the home school where they have at most only one boss and if everything is right no boss at all, but an equal partner.

A successful teacher is a woman of heart and feeling. She knows that the church, the home and the school are the three great moralizing and spiritual forces of society, and she is content to be a worker in any of these departments.

She is a woman of bravery and endurance else she would not be one of the school teachers of America, a class that does more work, and better work, for less pay and few honors than any other in the world.

She knows how difficult it is to capture the dollars and how quickly they fly away, and she would likely be careful of that young man's finances.

She is good, intelligent, brave, frugal, has administrative ability, is of an even disposition, and endowed with love, and most of the people know that teachers in general are not lacking in good looks, if they are not worked to death and get sufficient wages to live decently.

Thus the young man who has his eyes on the school teacher seems to have about everything himself to gain.

Something to give him less confidence in himself may be the fact that nine-tenths of the women teachers who have had average experience have a good many of their ideals regarding men broken up.

Of course, they do not scream their opinions from the housetops. To express some of their beliefs would mean a loss of their job. But they have their opinions just the same.

The woman teacher's experience in dealing with some of those compendiums of conceit marked off from the common herd of citizens by the title of "school directors" or "principal" reveals man as occasionally possessing some small, mean characteristics in dealing with women.

Their workaday life with some men principals, who are using their positions as mere stepping-stones to something else, and who seem to think themselves employed to act as bosses or spies instead of leaders does not aid the teachers in forming a good opinion of mankind.

A lot of well-fed, high-salary-earning men oftentimes, and sometimes of conspicuous ignorance, who, as directors, don't think more of the schools than to visit them once a term, frequently draw up contracts that women teachers shall not marry during a school term. It seems to indicate that they think school teachers pretty desirable as wives.

They wouldn't do that with a man. They know better, for a man like themselves is a voting animal, and somewhat independent.

By close contracts, plenty of work, small wages, the directors boast that they are giving the country wonderful schools. Some of them are happily awaking to the fact that good schools should be well paid for.

The directors would probably advise this young man not to marry a teacher. Sentimentally they might even, with crocodile tears against him "robbing" the schools of a good teacher.

But, as in all such matters, the young man and the maiden will have to settle the question for themselves.

SPECTATOR.

CHILD LABOR.

Greater Restrictions Imposed by the New Law.

Many of the changes in the law respecting the employment of women and children in the state had their origin in conditions existing in Pittsburgh, where children work in sweatshops, sewing on clothing or stripping tobacco for toilet. These also employ many women of maturer age and this gives abundant opportunity for evasion of health provisions. The inspection of the toby shops by Hugh C. O'Donnell, special inspector, practically closes this week, and he will now report to the governor. In this work he has been conducted about through the Hill district by Miss Elizabeth Torrens, the factory inspector in whose division over 200 of them are located and he has found her co-operation helpful in reaching the places that most needed attention. As the new law did not go into effect until May 3, the last few days has brought a lull in the prosecutions, and no radical measures can be taken against offenders until new circulars can be printed and distributed in various languages. But a resume of the law has been sent to his subordinates by Miss Delaney, the chief inspector, to the deputies, so they may be equipped for a reopening of the campaign. These are the main provisions:

The minimum age at which children may be employed is raised from 13 to 14 years. Of course, you will not disturb those now employed who are under 14 years, but above 13, who hold legal certificates issued prior to May 3, 1905.

Under the new law employment certificates are not to be issued by notaries public, aldermen and justices of the peace, but by superintendent and principals of the public schools and their respective deputies and by those connected with the department of factory inspection, but age affidavits are to be certified by those authorized to administer oaths.

The jurisdiction of the department in respect to the hours of labor of females and children is greatly extended as it now takes in all places where they are employed for wages or salary, except domestic service, coal mining and farming.

Male minors 16 years and above are not subject to the daily limit of 12 hours and 60 per week. Minors under 16 years may not be employed between the hours of 9 o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning, except in certain industries where material in process of manufacture requires extended labor in order to prevent waste or destruction thereof, and in such cases nine hours are the maximum period, and that, too, whether the labor be wholly confined to the night, or is performed partly at night and partly by the day time. Retail mercantile establishments are exempted on Saturdays from the 12-hour limit, and also from the 9 p. m. limit during 20 days preceding the 24th day of December, only the working hours then must not exceed 10 per day or 60 per week.

The new law differentiates between a workshop and a family workroom. Over the latter this department no longer has any jurisdiction, that having been passed over to local boards of health.

Saving the Children.

But there were plenty of old requirements that were being violated where women and children are employed, and the correction of these conditions have kept the inspectors busy. A second visit to shops that were condemned shows many improvements, although manufacturers are often slow in making changes. Perhaps the most improvement made is in the tobacco industry, where suffocating rooms or unsanitary cellars have been abandoned, but bakery boots have also been scrubbed and their walls whitewashed. The sweatshops, where sewing is done for many of the leading tailors, are also more careful about piling garments on dirty beds or allowing them to accumulate germs on filthy floors. But wherever the little workshops are located complaint is made that the city has failed to co-operate in the improvement by properly removing the garbage. In many cases the inspectors found that this refuse was piled high, not only in the alleys and back yards, but in the air shafts, which only afforded wafts of decaying vegetables and other rubbish. In some cases these had been removed after complaint was made, but had begun to accumulate again, so that with the approach of the warm weather they will be a special menace to health.

Two Classes of Offenders.

A study of the unsanitary conditions show that there are two classes of offenders—those who are wilfully wrong and are willing to wallow in filth, and those who know better conditions, but, dwelling themselves of the idea that this is a free country, have neglected their duty because they have failed to receive any prodding from the law. Between these are the cleanly people, whose well-scrubbed floors fairly glisten in contrast with the slime-covered cellars surrounding them and whose pathetic little window boxes look out on indescribable filth. "I want you to look at the accumulation of filth right against the wall of my bedroom," said a neat looking woman to the inspecting officer the other day, "and please see if you cannot do something to secure its removal before the heat of summer makes it intolerable." In another place where 63 families live in an old planing mill, which has been partitioned off into sections called rooms, the downstairs tenants set up a united cry against a stream of filthy water that trickled down from above. The inspector inquired the name of the landlord and found he was addressing the man responsible for the conditions. "You do not live here!" he exclaimed, for he seemed all out of harmony with his surroundings. "No," he said. "I live in another section of the city (naming a fashionable locality). I have to attend to the disposition of the garbage," protested the landlord, "for the city does not properly care for it. Another trouble with tenants is that they take boarders, filling every sleeping room with them." He proved both his assertions by showing an absence of decaying matter so common in the alleys and material so common in the alleys and material so common in the alleys and material

NEW GRAFT SUITS AGAINST WILSON

Attorneys Base Charges on Evidence Given by Captain on Stand.

TSCHUME AND EARL INDICTED

In spite of the verdict of not guilty returned Monday afternoon by the jury which tried the second case against Capt. James Wilson of Allegheny, the attorneys for the commonwealth in the North Side investigation yesterday made five more informations against Capt. Wilson. The informations were entered before Alderman McMasters yesterday morning, and were sworn to by Robert G. Robinson, detective for Allegheny county. Three of the informations are based on Wilson's own testimony, given at his first trial.

Shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Wilson gave bail in $2,500 in the new cases, his bondsmen being John McCluan of Bellevue, who conducts a grocery store in Ann street, Allegheny. Wilson is now held under $10,000 bail in all the cases against him. In each of the five suits entered yesterday Wilson was held in $500 bail. The hearings in the new cases will be before Alderman McMasters Saturday afternoon.

While arrangements were being made to get bail for Wilson the grand jury heard the cases against Fred Tschume and Benjamin A. Earl and returned true bills against both men, on a charge of misdemeanor. The defendants are alleged to have aided Ray Young in the opening of a disorderly house in West Robinson street, Allegheny, on her promise that she would buy beer from Tschume. A true bill on a charge of extortion was returned against Policeman Oscar Stemmler, it being alleged he took $10 from Ray Young last July.

Wilson's testimony on which three informations are based are the opening of the houses of Minnie Hastings, 20 East Lacock street; Loretta Good, 55 West Robinson street, and Clara Livingston, 214 East Robinson street. On the witness stand he, it is said, admitted opening the three houses. The other informations made yesterday charge Wilson with aiding and abetting in the opening of an alleged disorderly house, conducted by Jennie Lacock at 121 Morgan street, and aiding and abetting in maintaining a disorderly house, where liquors are sold. The fifth information charges Wilson with misdemeanor in aiding and abetting the opening of an alleged disorderly house, conducted at 80 West Robinson street, and charges the misdemeanor was committed for a money consideration.

It is charged that Wilson threatened to close the Stewart woman's house unless she bought beer for $1.25 a case from Fred Tschume. It is also alleged Wilson gave his consent to the opening of a house by the Good woman, on her promise to purchase beer from Tschume and promised his protection from police interference to the Livingston woman on her payment to him of money.

Attorney Marron yesterday said the commonwealth has decided not to call any more graft cases for trial during the present term of court unless a new panel of jurors is secured. Marron said the result of the Wilson trials is another argument in favor of allowing women to serve on juries, as the crime tried was deeply associated with a great crime against womanhood and mostly concerns women.

IMPORTANT CHANGES IN THE POLICE BUREAU

Detective Kelly Is Dismissed, Inspector McStay Resigns—Probable Promotion for Sergeant McShane.

City Detective Richard Kelly yesterday was dismissed from the service at a meeting of the police trial board. Inspector Bernard McStay of the South Side district, tendered his resignation to the board, which was accepted. Lieutenant Thomas B. Werner was appointed by Director Moore to succeed McStay. Sergeant William McShane may be appointed to succeed Lieutenant Werner.

Detective Kelly was dismissed for being absent from duty without leave. Charges were preferred against him by Director Moore, who alleged Kelly had violated his duties as an officer. It is thought Kelly will be reappointed as he has many influential friends, who will intercede for him. Kelly was appointed on the force in 1884.

McStay was on the force for 15 years. Werner, who was appointed to succeed McStay, is a young officer. Sergeant William McShane, of the South Thirteenth street station house, who may be appointed to succeed Werner, was formerly inspector of the South Side district and is a practical, efficient officer.

KNIGHTS OF MALTA HOLD THEIR ANNUAL BANQUET

Regal Feast Follows a Strenuous Day Devoted to Routine Work of the Grand Commandery.

The second day's session of the annual convention of the grand commandery of Pennsylvania, Knights of Malta, closed last night with a banquet at the Monongahela house. The feast followed a strenuous day of routine work, and the knights welcomed an opportunity for relaxation. Much of the business which came up for attention during the day was deferred until this morning, when the election of officers will be held.

It was after 9 o'clock last night when the knights gathered around the board. C. H. Hoffer was toastmaster. There was no officially labeled "principal speaker," and the responses to the toasts were made with impromptu addresses. Sir Knight A. M. Lee lauded the visitors and Sir Knight L. E. Stilz praised the hospitality of the Pittsburgh knights. Sir Knight E. W. Samuels talked of the progress that has been made by the Knights of Malta in the United States, and Sir Knight J. Frank Miller localized these remarks by telling what Pittsburgh knights were doing. Sir Knight John H. Hoffman was the jester of the evening, and closed the merrymaking with humorous stories and incidents of the meeting.

At the morning session of the commandery yesterday a letter was read from Past Supreme Commander George H. Pierce of Scranton, Pa., in which he tendered the society a valuable library on the history of the order, together with some manuscript copies, written by himself, of a handbook of the Knights or Malta, valued at $2,000.

MACHEN MUST LEAVE PRISON TO STAND TRIAL

WASHINGTON, May 10.—In the district criminal court today Judge Wright overruled the motion of counsel for August W. Machen to quash the bench warrant issued against Machen to bring him to trial in the Crawford-Machen-Thorne conspiracy case. The effect of Judge Wright's ruling will be to bring Machen to Washington for trial on May 22.

Turbine Engines Successful.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Commander Canaga of the bureau of steam engineering of the navy department, has returned here after a round trip between Halifax and Liverpool, on the steamer Victorian, to observe the working of that vessel's turbine engines. The Victorian, he reported, averaged about 16 knots an hour across the Atlantic, running easily without any of the vibration or thumping produced by reciprocating engines.

Pneumonia Causes 26 Deaths.

There were 146 deaths in the city last week, the principal causes being pneumonia, 26; consumption, 20; typhoid fever, 6; heart disease, 6; apoplexy, 8, and violence, 7. Twenty-three died in hospitals. During the week there were reported 39 cases of typhoid fever, 17 of scarlet fever and 7 of diphtheria. Nine cases of typhoid fever and one of scarlet fever were reported yesterday.

Housegirls,
Cooks,
Chambermaids,
Nurse Girls,
Laundresses
Wanted to get positions through Gazette Want ads—See Want page today.

BIGELOW AGAINST MARKET SCHEME

Says the Ordinance Will Be Introduced in Council Tomorrow Night.

SPECIAL MEETING IS CALLED

A special meeting of common council for tomorrow night was called yesterday afternoon at the order of Director Bigelow. Director Bigelow stated that the meeting was called to pass the ordinance creating 49 additional positions in the bureau of filtration on which the Republicans prevented a suspension of the rules at the last meeting because the Citizens members would not permit Chief Engineer Morris Knowles to appear before council and explain any possible necessity for the proposed increase.

Director Bigelow also said that he had been informed that the syndicate, asking for a lease on the Diamond market property to erect a skyscraper, would present an ordinance at the next meeting. "Councilman William A. Martin has the ordinance," said the director. "The Flinn crowd is going to support the scheme."

"Who do you mean by the 'Flinn crowd?'"

"Oh, Max Leslie and others."

"I don't think there is anything in the project except wind," added the director. "The promoters say they can get all the capital they want but they have not told me who will produce the money. I am not in favor of the plan because I don't think it would be a good one for the city. If it were carried out the city would not have as good a market house as it has now. The alleged syndicate plans to extend Diamond street through the center of the market and to build an arcade over both Diamond and Market street.

Valuable Space Would Be Lost.

"This would cut out a large amount of space of the present market. Besides they plan to install a system of six elevators in each corner of the building and stairways in the other corners, which would further reduce the space of the market. The walls for the arcade would have to be at least 24 inches thick and this would cause more space to be lost. They talk of building a gallery in the market for stands, but this would not amount to anything. I do not believe the parties in the scheme have the money to carry it out. They want a 99-year lease, which I think is purely for purposes of speculation."

Councilman Martin denied yesterday that he had the market house ordinance. "Up to date no person has asked me to introduce the ordinance, although I understand that it will be introduced at the next meeting of common council," said he.

Stock Amounts to $3,000,000.

It is stated that the parties interested in the deal propose, if they can obtain this valuable lease from the city, to issue $3,000,000 of bonds to put up the building and to distribute or sell $3,000,000 worth of stock. For several weeks the promoters have been trying to interest Director Bigelow in the scheme, but he does not think their proposition to be a "good thing." It is not likely the ordinance will pass councils without his approval.

Director Bigelow said yesterday that he had interested himself in Councilman Roenigk's artesian well ordinance and had lined up a number of members who had opposed the ordinance because of personal objections to Councilman Roenigk. "I think it will go through all right now," said the director.

HEARINGS BEGIN TODAY.

Viewers Appointed on Widening of Sixth Avenue Between Grant and Forbes Streets.

A board of viewers appointed on the widening of Sixth avenue will begin hearings today preparatory to assessing benefits and awarding damages on the improvement. The viewers are Frank I. Rutledge, Newton Petrie and S. A. Purvis. Sixth avenue is to be widened from 40 to 60 feet between Grant and Forbes streets. The 20 feet are to be taken from the south side of the street.

This improvement will make the avenue of uniform width from Liberty avenue to Forbes street. The widening of Sixth avenue is a part of the improvement which embraces the widening of Webster avenue by making the latter a 50-foot street. The viewers of the Webster avenue widening have completed their hearings, but have not made their report to court.

EXONERATE THE OFFICERS.

Patrolmen Who Arrest Businessmen Were Obeying Their Orders.

Patrolmen John Hardiman and Michael Schoeppner, who were up before the police trial board on charges of arresting Frank McClure and E. G. Gerber, residents of the East End, without cause, were exonerated at a meeting of the trial board held yesterday.

The findings of the board are voluminous, and hold that it is legal for policemen to accost citizens on the streets late at night, providing they make known that they are officers and are courteous.

James B. Laughlin, who was arrested in the Shadyside district, and locked up in the Oakland station, did not appear before the trial board yesterday and his case was continued.

Seeking Fortune, Finds Death.

Miss Stella Robinson of Braddock received word yesterday that her brother Charles had been shot and killed in Pueblo, Col. No details were given. Charles Robinson was aged 24, and left Braddock five years ago to seek his fortune.

Death by Yellow Fever in Panama.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Dr. Gorgas reports from Panama that J. J. Slattery died there yesterday of yellow fever and that there were 11 cases in the hospital today. Dr. Gorgas expresses the conviction, however, that the outbreak is over.

Elect Judge Macfarlane Trustee.

At a special meeting of the board of trustees of the Carnegie Institute, held yesterday afternoon, the Hon. James H. Macfarlane, judge of common pleas court, was elected a member in place of Henry Phipps, who recently resigned.

FOUND—

The quickest and surest road to good health has been found by thousands of sufferers from stomach, liver and kidney ailments. They took Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at the very first symptom and in it found the only remedy that could cure them. Every sick person should follow their example. It cures Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Liver or Kidney Ills and Female Complaints.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

Hawaiian Pineapple

Large cans extra choice sliced pineapple,

30c can, $3.50 dozen

Chocolate Marshmallows

A popular special from our Candy Kitchen, 35c lb.

Geo. K. Stevenson & Co., SIXTH AVENUE

(Opposite Trinity Church).

Highland and Center Aves., E. E.

A solid, prosperous business is a man's proudest monument and most valuable legacy.

A man should build his business for all time—thinking more of his family in after years than he does of himself in the immediate present.

A trade-mark may be made to be worth millions, and it is a value which cannot be stolen or frittered away. A good business, well known and thoroughly advertised, is an asset of great value—of peculiar worth to those into whose hands it goes as a legacy from those who built it.

The firmest and most permanent foundation upon which a business can be built is advertising. Make your trade-mark and the qualities of your goods known to the utmost limits of your possible market and keep up the educational work persistently and unceasingly.

You can reach a splendid clientele through The Saturday Evening Post. The Post reaches 800,000 families every week, which means 4,000,000 people. It is not given away or "clubbed" or sold by premium schemes. People buy it because they want to read it, and a magazine of this kind, of course, makes the best possible advertising medium. The fact that it is a weekly magazine instead of a monthly, enables the advertiser to reach the public four times as often, and therefore make four times the impression.

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Corrugated Suction Plate and Extracting, made only by us, per set, $10.

Gold Crown or Bridge Work, best, per tooth, $5.

Extracting Painless by Air—Gas, or applied to the gums.

Ask about our Porcelain Crowns and Fillings—best yet.

204 Sixth Street, Corner Penn Avenue, Opposite Hotel Anderson.

EAST END OFFICE, 6125 Penn Avenue, Corner Collins Avenue.

Closed Sunday. Both 'Phones.

Arrange for Night Appointments.

URLING BROS. DENTISTS

Swollen face, throbbing nerves, ugly teeth—the result of experimenting. The other fellow stuck to

SOZODONT

3 Forms: Liquid, Powder & Paste

ASK YOUR DENTIST

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O. A. WOOD & COMPANY
AUDITORS AND BUSINESS COUNSELORS

AMUSEMENTS.

THE NEW ALVIN WEEK COM. MON. MAY 8th
Sarah Truax and the Harry Davis Stock Co. in Hall Caine's greatest play,
"THE CHRISTIAN."
DAILY MATS.—BEST SEATS 25 AND 50c.
May 15th—Kate Claxton's "Two Orphans."

Grand CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE 1:30 TO 10:45 P.M.
THIS WEEK { WOODLAND NYMPHS. ADGIE'S LIONS. MURPHY, NICHOLS & CO. GREAT BILL OF 15 ACTS.

AVENUE FAMILY THEATER Every Afternoon and Night
Last Week of Avenue Dramatic Co. in Elaborate Revival of "RIP VAN WINKLE."
Prices 10, 20 and 30c always—A few seats at 50c. Best Seats at Matinees 25c.

Bijou Bar. Mat. Mon., Wed. and Sat. Best Reserved Seats 25c and 50c. This Week—
RUSSELL BROS.,
"THE FEMALE DETECTIVES."
Next Week—"The Confessions of a Wife."

NIXON— HENRY W. SAVAGE English Grand Opera Co.
Tonight, "Il Trovatore;" Friday, "Tannhaeuser;" Sat. mat., "La Boheme;" Sat. eve., "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Pagliacci."
Next Week—James K. Hackett.

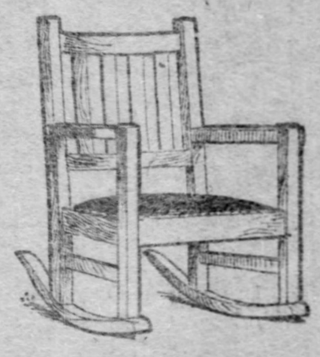
HARRY W. WILLIAMS' EVERY DAY THIS WEEK. ACADEMY MAT. EVERY DAY. MAJESTIC BURLESQUERS

DUQUESNE Special Price Mats. Tues. Thurs. and Sat. Best Res. Seats 25c & 50c. This week: The Golden-Voiced Singer, AL. H. WILSON, "The Match on the Rhine." Next week—"ME, HIM AND I."

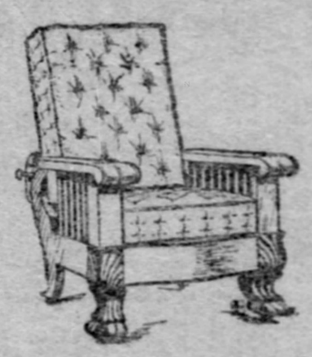
W. H. KEECH CO.

MAKE THE LIBRARY OR SITTING-ROOM COMFORTABLE AS YOUR MEANS WILL PERMIT

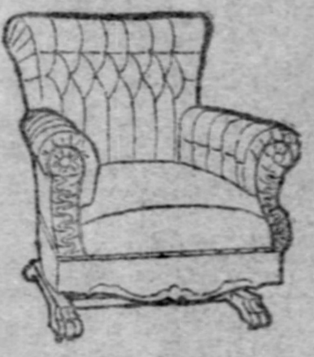
We have many unusually good bargains to offer this week in Library Furniture in all the reliable grades and in styles to suit every home. We think the prices are low enough to tempt anyone to buy. At any rate come and see; get ideas and learn our easy terms of time payments. We make terms to suit everybody.



Mission Rocker in quartered oak, finished a tobacco brown color. Genuine leather seat. One of the comfortable kind..... $17.50

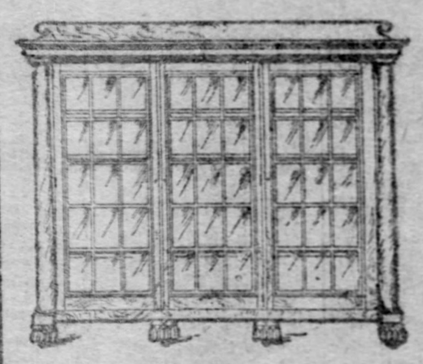


A lot of sample Morris Chairs in the finer grades. Oak and mahogany frames. All priced reduced. Now $12 to $35.



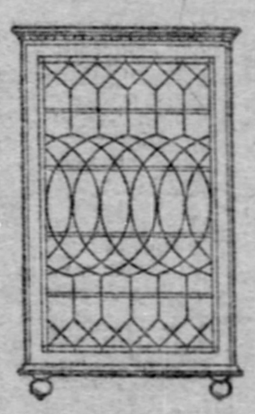
This large Turkish Rocker is covered with genuine leather. Tufted back. Ruffled edge. Value $50... $39.50

Extra large Rocker. Genuine leather. Ruffled edge. Deep spring seat. Tufted back and arms. Worth $55..... $45



This Bookcase is in the finest quartered golden oak and highly polished. No better cabinet work obtainable. Made in two-section and three-section.

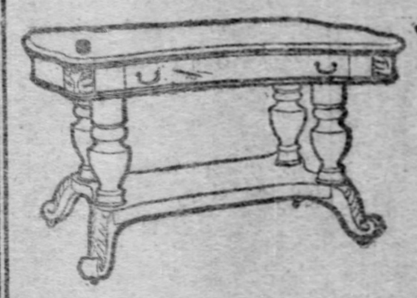
Two-section $70
Three-section $85



This Bookcase in quartered golden oak. Hand polish finish. Leaded glass in door. A $30 value..... $25

Bookcase with writing desk. Golden oak or mahogany finish. Roomy magazine cupboard. French bevel mirror. Value $22.50..... $18.50

Genuine Leather Suit. Massive frames in a dark mahogany finish. Tufted backs. Ruffled fronts. Deep Spring Seats, only..... $85



A beautiful Library Table in genuine mahogany. Hand carved and hand polished. Roomy drawer. Value $47.50..... $39.50

Library Table in fine Antwerp oak. 3½-inch fluted legs. Framed top. Roomy drawer. This is one of the many big values here this week in Library Tables. Value $13.50..... $9.75

REED RAFFIA and Prairie Grass Pieces

We have put forth our best efforts to assemble everything good in these lines. Nothing missing and they are priced right.

An especially big showing of Reed Rockers for both veranda and indoor use. We are sure you'll not find the equal of these big roll edge Reed Rockers for..... $2.75

W. H. KEECH CO. KEECH'S FURNITURE MAKES HAPPY HOMES. 923 to 931 PENN AVE.

An inspection of our new line of FRENCH AND ENGLISH

CHINTZ AND CRETONNE WALL PAPERS

will satisfy you that this store can be depended upon for productions that are both rare and beautiful. All the wall coverings in vogue are here in full and interesting assortments, including many designs very suitable for summer homes.

Prices 15c and upwards.

DEWAR & CLINTON
435 PENN AVE.

NATATORIUM TURKISH BATHS.

Duquesne Way, Near Sixth St., Swimming and Tub Baths. Ladies' Day Friday. From 7 A. M. to 7 P. M.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything; but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need.
Address Dr. Kilmer & Company, Binghamton, N. Y.

RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati Packet Line.

Strs. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis and way landings. Leave wharfboat foot Wood St. as follows: Str. Keystone State, every Wednesday at 4 p. m.; Str. Virginia every Saturday at 4 p. m. Fare—Pgh. to Cin. $7; round trip, $12 and $14, meals, berth included; down by boat, return by rail, $14. For freight or passage apply to Jas. A. Henderson, Gen. Mgr., Tel. 1762 Court, Pittsburgh, Pa.

"The Waterway of the World."

KANAWHA RIVER PACKET.

Side wheel steamer GREENLAND, M. B. Greene, Master; Chas. Staider, Clerk, leaves Patterson's wharfboat every Friday at 4 p. m. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Charleston and all way points, making direct connections to Cincinnati and Louisville. Finest passenger and freight accommodations. S. R. Patterson & Co., Geo. H. Ghriest, Agents, 307 Water st.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS. LEAVE. ARRIVE.

Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis * 1.20 am * 7.15 am
Fort Wayne and Chicago * 8.15 am * 1.30 pm
Toledo and Toledo * 8.15 am * 1.30 pm
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis * 8.15 am * 1.30 pm
Cincinnati and Cincinnati * 8.15 am * 1.30 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 8.00 am * 1.30 pm
Cleveland and Toledo * 8.15 am * 1.30 pm
Mansfield and Delaware * 8.15 am * 1.30 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 8.00 am * 1.30 pm
Alliance and Cleveland * 8.00 am * 1.30 pm
New Castle and Erie * 8.30 am * 4.20 pm
New Castle and Erie * 3.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Cleveland and Accommodation * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Ohio Valley Express * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Akron and Akron * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Mansfield and Delaware * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Wheeling and Bellaire * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Homer and Ott City * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Connellsville and West Castle * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Connellsville and Accommodation * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Akron and Accommodation * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
The Cleveland Express * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Johnstown Accommodation * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Mt. Pleasant and Scottdale * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Columbiana and Columbiana * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Connellsville and Accommodation * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Akron and Akron * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Akron and Accommodation * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 4.30 pm * 9.25 pm
Akron and Cleveland

DEATH IMPOSES A PRIOR CLAIM

Samuel P. Harbison Dies While Preparing to Dedicate a Freedman's College.

FOUNDER OF THE INSTITUTION

Samuel P. Harbison, chairman of the Harbison-Walker Refractories Company, and a prominent supporter of the Presbyterian church in Western Pennsylvania, died shortly after noon yesterday of pneumonia at his home in the Brighton road, Allegheny. Mr. Harbison had suffered several days from a cold, and last Friday, just as he was about to leave for Abbeyville, N. C., to deliver the principal address at the dedication of Harbison college, he was stricken on his death bed. Harbison college was a school for negroes, which he had established through his long affiliation with the Freedman's board.

Mr. Harbison was born in Bakerstown, Pa., in 1840. At 18 years of age he had prepared himself to qualify as a teacher in

Samuel P. Harbison.

the public schools. After serving several years in the country schools he came to Pittsburgh and engaged as a teacher in the Mineraville school. Later he moved to the Brighton road and lived there until his death.

In 1861 he obtained employment at night as a bookkeeper with the Star fire brick works, which, after eight years, he entered as a partner, the concern being known as Reid & Harbison. A year later the firm was merged into the Harbison-Walker Company, and since that time Mr. Harbison had been active in its management. For some time prior to his death he had been chairman of the board.

Mr. Harbison was connected with many local business interests. He was identified with a number of banking institutions, and was a director of the Pennsylvania National bank. His life was devoted to church work and to the education of the negroes. He was an elder and founder of the McClure Avenue Presbyterian church Allegheny. He was chairman of the board of trustees of the Young Men's Christian association and president of the board of trustees of the Western Theological seminary. Not long ago he offered the seminary a site in Brighton road, Allegheny, for its new buildings. A few days before his death he donated $25,000 to the seminary, this making $70,000 he had given the institution within the last few years.

Mr. Harbison was a member of the board of the Allegheny General hospital. He was equally prominent as a supporter of Grove City college, and was a member of its board. He was also prominently connected with the work of the International Young Men's Christian association.

In 1872 he married Miss Emma Boyd, a daughter of William Boyd. He is survived by his widow and two sons, William Albert and Ralph W., of this city; a brother, Matthew L. of Glenshaw, Pa., and one sister, Mrs. Ella Lum of Canonsburg, survive.

JUMPS TO HIS DEATH.

Chistiz Was Unable to Sleep and Sought Repose in Depths of the Monongahela.

August Chistiz, aged 36, a miner of Elizabeth township, committed suicide yesterday by drowning himself in the Youghiogheny river, at that place. Chistiz had been in ill health and was unable to sleep. Yesterday morning he left his bed and jumped out of the second-story window of his boarding house. He was uninjured by the fall and he ran to the river bank, about 25 feet above the surface of the water, and dived into about two feet of water. His head was buried in the river bottom and he drowned. The body was brought ashore by Fred Metz and George Phillip, with whom Chistiz boarded.

Mrs. Harriet Grant, who was held Tuesday by the coroner's jury to wait the action of the grand jury on a charge of murder, was released from jail yesterday by an order of court. Her bail was fixed at $1,000. She is charged with having pushed James Frankel down her steps at 10 Logan street, who died from injuries received by the fall April 30.

HOLD WOMAN FOR MURDER.

Inquest Into Death of Harry J. Mickel Results in His Widow's Detention.

Mrs. Annie Mickel, who confessed to shooting her husband, Harry J. Mickel, the street car conductor who was killed at his home, 709 Cedar avenue, Allegheny, during a family quarrel last Friday afternoon, was committed to jail on a charge of murder by Coroner Armstrong, at the conclusion of the inquest, which was held yesterday morning. Mrs. Mickel has completely recovered from the effect of drinking wood alcohol to end her life.

Detective William Spear testified to finding the dead body of Mickel with a revolver in his right hand. Spear said Mrs. Mickel told him she had killed her husband and wanted to die. Mrs. May Bayburn, who lived in the house at 709 Cedar avenue, told of hearing the Mickels fighting, and the discharge of the revolver. Mrs. Alice Woomer and Mrs. Anna Chapman, who also live in the house, said Mrs. Mickel told them of her attempt on her life and also of the killing of Mickel.

CLASSIS CONCLUDES.

Annual Session of Local Reformed Churches Is Brought to Close.

The three-day session of the Allegheny Classis of the Reformed church came to a close last evening in in Grace church, Dithridge street. At the morning session it was reported that $10,000 had been contributed during the year to the orphanage at Butler, and that 100 orphans are being sheltered there.

The report of the committee on home missions declared that the Pittsburgh district was the best field for work in America. The Rev. A. R. Kline was re-elected city missionary. The report of other committees was encouraging and it was shown that there were 27 clergymen, 27 congregations, 4,500 communicants and 2,600 unconfirmed members in this district. Contributions for the year aggregated $60,000. It was recommended that the publication of "The Reformed Visitor" cease with the July issue. The next annual meeting will be held in Grace church in May, 1906.

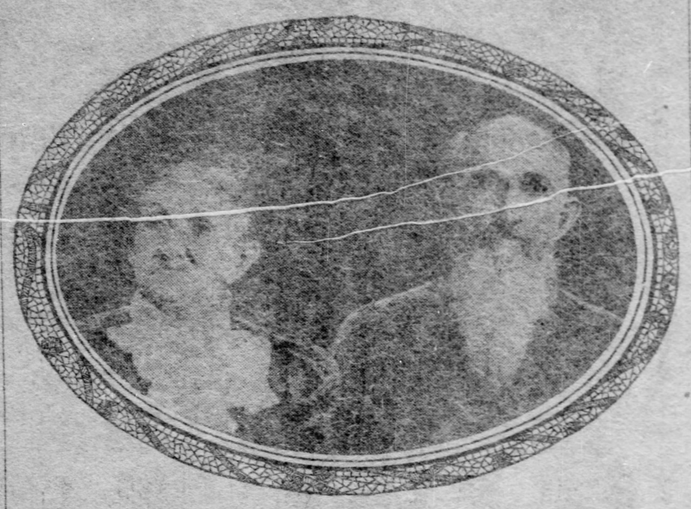
SUSPECTS OF ROBBERY ARE HELD FOR HEARING

William King, a negro janitor in the Merchants bank building, Fifth avenue, was arrested last night on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery of $400 in money and stamps from the drug store of Charles L. Young several days ago. Clayton Washington, a negro porter in the drug store, was arrested Tuesday in the same connection. Both men are committed in jail awaiting a hearing.

Discussing New School House.

The thirteenth ward school board held a meeting last night at the Morgan street school house, to discuss the proposition of buying property and building a new school house. It was decided that the taxpayers ought to be consulted, and to that end a meeting of taxpayers was called for the evening of May 25, in the same school house.

MARRIED SIXTY-THREE YEARS



MR. AND MRS. ROSS ROBINSON.

SHARON, PA., May 10.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. Ross Robinson of Sandy Lake, celebrated their sixty-third wedding anniversary today. Six of their 11 children are living. Ross Robinson was born in the eastern part of the state in 1818 and at the age of 20 years, with his elder brother, William, was sent to the settlement of Middlesex to clear a farm in the wilderness, to which the other members of the family removed later. Mrs. Robinson was born near where she and her husband now reside. Both are enjoying good health.

ACTIVITY FOR LEASES CONTINUES NEAR BUTLER

Big Gusher Now Running 80 Barrels an Hour—McBride Refuses $35,000 for Interest.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BUTLER, May 10.—Gauges of the McBride gusher on the Dr. O. K. Waldron farm, taken this afternoon, show the well is holding up at 80 barrels an hour. The activity for leases continues and almost every train brings in oil men.

The only pieces of land close to the well which are now unleased are those of the Imnsen heirs of Pittsburgh, on the east, the Barrickman heirs on the west, and Schlegel heirs on the southwest of the Waldron. John G. Jennings of Pittsburgh this afternoon secured a lease of 50 acres on the Samuel Schlegel farm, directly southeast of the McBride well. It is believed he paid between $5,000 and $10,000. Other leases have been secured and wells are being drilled on other leases. The National Transit Company made connection with the McBride well this evening.

"Spotty" McBride was offered $35,000 for his quarter interest in the big well and leases and refused it.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR OFFICIALS.

Men Are Moved Along by the Grand Commandery of West Virginia.

FAIRMONT, W. VA., May 10.—(Special.)—The grand commandery of Knights Templar of West Virginia today elected these officers:

William Rowland of Fairmont, grand commander; Joseph Ruffner of Charleston, deputy grand commander; W. W. White of Welsh, grand generalissimo; Charles W. Brown of Charleston, grand captain general; W. T. Rittenhouse of Parkersburg, grand senior warden; H. B. Baguley of Wheeling, grand junior warden; F. E. Nichols of Fairmont, grand recorder; J. S. Vandervoort of Weston, grand treasurer; E. O. Power of Sistersville, grand standard bearer; J. M. Hawkins of Huntington, grand sword bearer; A. C. Nadenbusch of Martinsburg, grand warden; Henry F. Smith of Fairmont, grand captain of the guard. Sir Knight Smith was the only new officer, all of the others having moved along in regular order.

HARLAN WILL NOT RETIRE.

Presbyterian Cathedral Plan Will Not Interfere With the Justice's Supreme Court Duties.

WASHINGTON, May 10. Justice Harlan of the supreme court of the United States was asked today regarding the report that he would retire from the bench and devote the remainder of his life to the raising of funds for the erection of a Presbyterian cathedral in Washington, the movement for which was started by him, in case the Presbyterian general assembly takes favorable action in the matter. He replied:

"I have formed no purpose to retire at any particular time. My work is most agreeable to me, and, as I now think, I will keep at it steadily until I must stop, or until my friends tell me that it is my duty to stop."

Charged With Killing Three Men.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., May 10.—George H. Wright, for whose capture there is a reward of $5,000, has been arrested at Williamson, after a desperate battle with officers. Marshal Johnson was shot in the leg. Wright is charged with having murdered Alfred Wilson, Albert Hayes and Andrew Jackson, who settled on his ranch at Provo, Utah.

Washington (Pa.) Men Released.

GREENSBURG, May 10.—(Special.)—Dr. G. M. Speck and D. F. Culp of Washington, who were arrested here last night on a charge of conspiracy preferred by John G. Beale of New Kensington, and compelled to go to jail on account of being unable to furnish bail in the sum of $400 each, were released this morning. Justice of the Peace J. B. Beatty accepting certified checks for $800, for their appearance at a hearing Friday morning.

Oil Well Pumper Killed.

M'DONALD, May 10.—(Special.)—Frank Whitaker, aged 21 years, was instantly killed at McDonald Wednesday morning. He was a pumper employed by the South Penn Oil Company. An oil derrick was struck by lightning and took fire. Whitaker and several others were attempting to subdue the flames when a steam engine near by exploded. A large casting struck Whitaker over the heart, killing him.

Four Charges Against Him.

LORAIN, O., May 10.—(Special.)—Detective D. F. Wing of Johnstown has caused the arrest of Francis Berkebile, and has taken the man to Pennsylvania. There are four charges against him, two for forgery, one for jumping a boardbill and another preferred by a young woman of that city. Berkebile was employed in the scale office at the tube mills.

The Death Roll.

John C. Ralston.

John C. Ralston, aged 65, died Tuesday at his home, 618 Ross avenue, Wilkinsburg, from neuralgia of the heart. He was born in Claysville, Washington county, and had been a resident of Wilkinsburg for 21 years. He was a veteran of the Civil war, having served with the One Hundredth Pennsylvania volunteers known as the "Roundheads." He was wounded at Spottsylvania and at Weldon railroad. Mr. Ralston was a member of Orient lodge, F. and A. M.; Bessemer tent, K. O. T. M., both of Wilkinsburg, and Mel Lyon Post, 548, G. A. R. He was a member of the Wilkinsburg Presbyterian church. He is survived by his widow and three children—Attorney William E. Ralston of this city, John C., Jr., a student at Washington and Jefferson college, and Mrs. Bertha M. McClure of Long Beach, Cal.

Rudolph J. Ably.

Rudolph J. Ably, aged 62, a stone contractor, died yesterday at his home, 616 McPherson street. He leaves his widow and three daughters, Mrs. George Wenger, Chicago, Mrs. Louis Kusterer, Buffalo, N. Y., and Mrs. E. E. Etting, Pittsburgh.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. Julia C. Tressler died suddenly at 8:45 last night at her home in Centennial avenue, Sewickley, from the effects of a hemorrhage. She was 51 years of age. A son, Prof. John Tressler, is the principal of the Sewickley schools.

Miss Mary E. Metzgar died at her home in Columbiana, O., yesterday, aged 70 years. She is survived by a sister, Miss Georgia Metzgar. She had given much money to Mt. Union college at Alliance and the benevolences of the Methodist Episcopal church.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

Jerome Kiesling	Pittsburgh
Catherine Meintzer	Pittsburgh
John C. Rowlands	West Homestead
Matilda E. Boyer	Donora
William T. Stacy	Webster
Alice M. Greenwood	Webster
C. I. King	Coraopolis
Ella M. Scott	Scott Station
Rufin Rysnar	Braddock
Sadie Leh	Braddock
John Paul	Allegheny
Bertha Artman	Carrick
Harry Jones	Pittsburgh
Ida Henicke	Pittsburgh
James B. Forrester	Pittsburgh
Cleona H. Lashorn	McKees Rocks
Philip J. Platt	Allegheny
Lizzie Long	Allegheny
Edward P. Halls	Pittsburgh
Vere Taylor	Pittsburgh
August Stochr	Allegheny
Alma Welterhausen	Allegheny
Clarence M. Posey	Pittsburgh
Margaret Oppermann	Allegheny
John Dooley	Turtle Creek
Lillie M. Teeters	Braddock
David McCafferty	Duquesne
Minnie Knope	Duquesne
Judge Lee Harris	Pittsburgh
Alice B. Harris	Pittsburgh
Andy Pittenbinder	Pittsburgh
Anna Frank	Allegheny
John A. Wiedenhofer	Pittsburgh
Mary Dohmen	Tarentum
Henry McCabe	Pittsburgh
Delia Cooper	Pittsburgh
Henry Buckner	Pittsburgh
Annie Amous	Pittsburgh
John Steube	Pittsburgh
Mary Nemsek	Pittsburgh
George Miller	Pittsburgh
Bara Odlesic	Pittsburgh

DIED.

ABLY—On Wednesday, May 10, 1905, at 1:30 a. m. at his residence, No. 6815 McPherson street, East End, RUDOLPH J., in his 63d year.

Funeral services Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at his late residence. Interment private at a later hour.

DUNNE—On Monday, May 8, 1905, in Philadelphia, Pa., Miss JANE DUNNE, aged 82 years.

Funeral services were held at her late home on Wednesday afternoon. Interment at Uniondale cemetery, Allegheny, this morning.

HARBISON—On Wednesday, May 10, 1905, at 12:45 p. m., at his residence, Brighton road, Allegheny, SAMUEL P. HARBISON.

Notice of funeral later.

JENKINS—At Kokomo, Ind., on Tuesday, May 2, 1905, at 5:15 a. m., JOHN JENKINS, formerly of Pittsburgh, aged 81 years, son of the late David T. and Mary Jenkins, and brother of the late Sarah Davies.

Interment Friday afternoon, May 12, at 3 o'clock in the family plot in Allegheny cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KIRWIN—On Tuesday, May 9, 1905, at 11:20 p. m., JOSEPH KIRWIN, beloved son of Richard and Anna Kirwin (nee Adams), aged 3 years 7 months.

Funeral from parents' residence, 3 Cass avenue, on Thursday at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MALLISEE—Suddenly, on Wednesday, May 10, 1905, at the residence of her son, Charles Mallisee, New Texas, Pa., DEHLIA, widow of Henry Mallisee.

Funeral services at her late residence, 7034 Frankstown avenue, East End. Time will be given later.

RALSTON—On Tuesday, May 9, 1905, at 11 p. m., at his residence, 616 Ross avenue, Wilkinsburg, Pa., JOHN CLARENCE RALSTON, aged 65 years.

Funeral services Friday morning at 10 o'clock. [Claysville and Washington (Pa.) papers please copy.]

SUMMERVILLE—On Wednesday, May 10, 1905, at 12:45 p. m., JOHN SUMMERVILLE.

Funeral services at his late residence, 736 Anderson street on Friday afternoon at 2½, 2:30 o'clock.

WILLS—On Tuesday, May 9, 1905, at 8:45 a. m., MARY M. WILLIS, wife of John Wills, in her 59th year.

Funeral services at her late residence, No. 7925 Madeira street, Thirty-seventh ward, this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

WOOD—Suddenly, on Saturday, May 6, 1905, at 6:30 p. m., at Aliquippa, Pa., GEORGE S. WOOD, in his 66th year.

Funeral services at his late residence, 21 Arlington avenue, Thirty-first ward, Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends of the family and members of Gen. Alex. Hays post No. 3 are respectfully invited to attend.

MOUNT ROYAL CEMETERY, Pittsburgh's newest cemetery, 22 minutes from Pittsburgh via Pittsburgh & Western R. R.; 800 feet elevation; forever free from smoke. Park Lawn Plan, with private (stone) railway station. Price of lots much less than charged in the city cemeteries. Office, 441 Wood st. 'Phone, 3445 Grant.

HARRY A. WRAY,
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
628 Sandusky Street, Allegheny, Pa.
Bell 'Phone 28 Cedar.

I. WILLISON & SON,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
Bell 'Phone 102 Cedar—Residence 1113 Cedar. P. & A. 102 North.
609 and 602 Cedar Avenue, Allegheny, Pa.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

J. G. BENNETT & CO.
BENNETT MEANS BEST
THE
Millinery Shop
SHOWS
Late Spring
Paris Novelties
New Stores,
Wood St. and Fifth Ave.

Groetzinger Carpet Co
MEDIUM PRICED CARPETS
At Cut Prices.
We would rather reduce the prices now, while you want the goods, than later, and not sell them.
Here Are Some Great Specials
for this week's buyers:
75c Tapestry Brussels cut to 60c
85c Tapestry Brussels cut to 65c
95c Tapestry Brussels cut to 75c
75c All-Wool Ingrains cut to 60c
65c Wool Filled Ingrains cut to 50c
45c Half Wool Ingrains cut to 30c
These goods are new, and in choice variety, and can be supplied in any quantity.
Remnants at still Lower Prices.
GROETZINGER CARPET CO.
627-629 Penn Ave.

Pacific Coast Tours
Tickets on sale this summer for less money than ever. Rates from your starting point will correspond with these:
To PORTLAND via direct lines, $56.50 from Chicago; $52.50 from St. Louis.
To PORTLAND via California one way, $67.50 from Chicago; $63.50 from St. Louis.
To CALIFORNIA via direct lines, $62.50 from Chicago; $57.50 from St. Louis.
It will be a pleasure to give details. Ask me to-day.
Burlington Route
J. B. THOMAS,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
703 Park Bldg.,
Pittsburg.
1189

OUTSIDE AND IN
The *inside* of a Regal shoe is as honest as the *outside*.
The inside of a Regal *store* is as well equipped as the *window*.
The styles marked $3.50 in the window you will find inside the store *at the same price*.
No matter which of the 75 Regal styles you select—$3.50.
No matter what kind of leather you prefer—$3.50.
No matter where the store may be, no matter what time of year—$3.50.
The Regal is a *six-dollar* shoe, and it would have to be sold for $6 instead of $3.50 except for the saving of the Regal one-profit "tannery-to-consumer" system. It costs money to handle shoes. When you pay $6 for shoes in the regular way, you are not getting one cent more than $3.50 worth of *shoes*; the balance goes into four extra and unnecessary profits.
When you buy Regals you buy direct: One handling, no waste, one profit, one price.
Every Regal Oxford has been made on a special ankle-fitting Oxford last.

$3.50
"PICCADILLY"
A new Spring Oxford that duplicates the latest London style. The "Piccadilly" is a particularly fine example of the painstaking Regal way of reproducing every line and curve of a high-cost custom shoe. Made in Imported Patent, Black King Calf, Black King Kid and Russet Blucher Oxford.
Send for Style Book. Mail Orders Promptly Filled.
Sold direct from tannery to consumer. The largest retail shoe business in the world. 93 stores in principal cities from London to San Francisco.
REGAL
THE SHOE THAT PROVES
PITTSBURGH
MEN'S STORES: 439 Smithfield Street
WOMEN'S STORE: 439 Smithfield Street

What I Can Do.
If you have skin eruptions I can restore your health and complexion.
By my Home Treatment moles, blackheads and all facial blemishes can be removed. Write for my booklets.
JOHN H. WOODBURY, D. F.
22 W. 23d St., N. Y.

EAST END MANTEL & TILE CO.
Manufacturers of
CHANDELIERS, ETC.
6914-16 Baum St., 236 East—Both 'Phones—221 Bessemer Bldg., 7th St. and Duquesne Way.

B. & B.
It is the fact that people can come here any time and have selection from large variety of the choicest—get a satisfactory article, and save actual money—that creates an abiding confidence in the store.

table linens
Doing big business there now—got the goods and the prices to prove it pays people to come and they come.
Today the special inducements are of varied character—Table Linen, Towels, Napkins and decorative Linens all at nice price advantages.
64-inch Irish Cream Table Linen, 45c.
20-inch Silver Bleached Napkins, $1.50 a dozen.
21x42-inch hemmed Bleached Towels, 15c—a nickel saved on every one.
16x70-inch Sideboard Scarfs, 25c.
Great variety of White Linens for Shirtwaist Suits, Skirts, Gowns—light, medium and heavy weights.
Special 36-inch soft finish fine sheer Linen, 25c a yard—enough value to delight any woman.
36-inch soft finish grass bleached and shrunk Linen, 50c a yard.
27-inch heavy Crash Suiting, 35c.
36-inch Linen Cambric, 25c to $1.00 a yard.

undermuslins
Here's proof that we're in earnest about developing the Muslinwear business.
Read the items, but—more important still—see the goods.
Eight styles Petticoats trimmed with neat embroidery and lace insertions and edge, $2.00.
Fifteen styles Gowns—high and low neck—daintily trimmed with embroidery and lace, $1.00.
Ten styles Drawers trimmed with dainty Laces and fine Embroidery, 75c.
Fine line of Nainsook Corset Covers trimmed with ribbon, insertions and embroidery, 75c each.
Note how they're cut, and the sewing.

raincoats
and Traveling Coats—Cravenette, Taffeta Silk, Gloria Silk, Pongee, White and Natural Linen.
Demand has grown to such proportions we put in an unusually large collection of the choicest models in the various approved fabrics.
Raincoats, $10.00 to $35.00.
We hope all who are interested will get here and see the style and tone of materials and models we price $15.00.
Cravenettes, plain and fancy.

fine suits, $25.00
Selling out a stock of 1905 Coat Suits—Blouse, Eton and Coat styles—35 to $45.00 Suits, $25.00.
They're all fine nice new smart things, but we have to put an end to some lines, each in its turn, and this is the way we take to do it—save you Ten to $15.00 on a Suit.
New—Gray Long Coat Suits, $25.00 to $40.00.
This is the late fashionable fad of the season.
Coats 45 to 50 inches long.

notion news
Several reasons why you should include that department in today's shopping itinerary.
Extra special—dressmakers, attention—Silk Featherbone—10c a yard—black or white.
500 yard spools Basting Cotton, 4c a spool.
Linen Finish Cotton Twist—100 yards, 4c.
Bronzebone for stock foundations gives a highly serviceable and stylish effect—10c a card.
This very large and very important department is the main reliance of several thousand women hereabouts who appreciate the real economy of saving on things of small cost.
The small profit applies here same as in goods of greater cost.

items
housekeepers will find worth prompt attendance.
15c Tea and Coffee Pot Tiles—Blue and White, and plain colors with metal edge and feet, 10c.
Another lot 25c ones, 15c.
There is arranged for today in the Bath Room Fixtures Section a Sale that will interest all householders who have Bath Rooms in the house.
A sale at 10c including:—
18-inch Towel Bars, Three-arm Towel Bars, Tumbler Holders, Tooth Brush Holders, Stand Soap Holders and Wall Soap Holders—all 10c—all nickel plated—All extra values.
We alone sell the famous Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets in Greater Pittsburgh, $11.00 to $28.00.
McDougall Kitchen Cabinets, $18.00 to $36.50.
Sternau Coffee Machine, $6.50 to $9.50.
Demonstration of a Pineapple Eye-Clip that's the best made—saves fruits—saves trouble.

american wash goods
Little prices that will make business hum in that section.
3,000 yards good light calico—neat figures, stripes and dots—Black, Pink and Light Blue on White grounds, 3 1-2c a yard.
50 pieces 10 cent dark Percale, 31 inches wide, medium and dark colorings, suitable for house dresses, 5c a yard.
200 pieces Seersucker—mostly in desirable Blue and White stripes with a few Pinks—special opportunity for Petticoats, Boys' Waists, etc.—6 1-2c a yard.
BOGGS & BUHL,
GREATER PITTSBURGH,
FEDERAL STREET—PARK WAY—SOUTH DIAMOND.

HAPPINESS IN LIFE
Depends as much upon saving money as upon making it—this big, strong bank pays
4% COMPOUND INTEREST
On Savings Accounts.
Write or call for booklet "Where the Money Comes From."
The Union Savings Bank,
Frick Building. Capital, $1,000,000.00. Pittsburgh.

THE BEST WAY TO HAVE YOUR WANTS KNOWN IS THROUGH THE CLASSIFIED COLUMNS OF THE GAZETTE. TRY THEM.

MARRON GETS A LIVELY BUMP

Patriotic Irish Girl Takes Exception to His Limning of Irishman in Politics.

MARRON MISSES HER SPEECH

Attorney John Marron got out of the meeting of the O'Growney Gaelic league just in time last night. Mr. Marron had talked on "The Irishman in Politics," and his line of reasoning did not appeal to at least an even half of his audience. Consequently, when Miss Margaret Malia, county president of the ladies' auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, got up and in very fluent phrases told what she thought of Mr. Marron, there was even more applause than had greeted the speaker of the evening. Miss Malia's remarks were extemporaneous, too, but quite to the point. Mr. Marron, unfortunately, missed them.

The orator proceeded to show the influence the Irishman for a couple of centuries had exerted in politics. While giving full credit to the good qualities of Irishmen, he deplored some other things. For instance, he spoke of Tammany hall, saying that Tammany hall was controlled by the Irish and that New York, under Tammany rule, was about as bad a specimen of Irish control as could be found. In that city Irishmen were elected aldermen and displayed a sad lack of sense of responsibility in official duties. Too many Irishmen drawn on jury duty considered their time spent in serving on the panel as a two-weeks' loaf, not realizing their responsibility. In New York there were 10,000 saloons, and too many of them were owned by Irishmen; in fact, too many Irishmen in American politics were, unfortunately, controlled by saloonkeepers.

Miss Malia had left the hall in displeasure shortly after the orator arrived at the Irishman in American politics, and before she could get back to the hall Marron had left, departing as soon as his speech was concluded.

Miss Malia walked straight to the front of the hall and there unburdened herself. She said she was ashamed that the Gaelic league had permitted a man to ascend the platform in its presence and insult the Irish. Mr. Marron's generalizations were not justified by the examples he had adduced, even if his illustrations were exact, which she denied. No doubt the Irish had their faults, but the faults were of the mind and not of the heart; they were good and honest at heart, and even if some of them were untrue to Irish training and tradition, the previous speaker's remarks sounded like an indictment of the whole race for the mistakes of a few.

Miss Malia was earnest and emphatic, although brief. She went to her seat amid enthusiastic applause.

RAILWAY CONGRESS AT WESTINGHOUSE HOME

Entire Delegation Are Guests at the Largest Entertainment of a Brilliant Series.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Mr. and Mrs. Westinghouse, who have entertained almost daily during the past week in honor of the visiting delegates to the international railway congress, gave the largest entertainment of the series this evening, when the entire delegation were guests at the Westinghouse home.

Invited to meet the visiting railroad men and the ladies who accompany them, were a number of distinguished people of official circles. In the receiving group, besides the host and hostess, were the Russian ambassador, Count Cassini, the Baroness Mayor des Planches, wife of the ambassador from Italy; Madame Jusserand, wife of the Ambassador from France; the German ambassador and the Baroness Von Sternburg, and the Belgian minister and the Baroness Moncheur.

Mrs. Westinghouse wore a robe of white satin elaborately embroidered in gold. The entire house was given over to the purposes of the reception and entering into an effective scheme of decoration were American Beauty roses and spring blossoms, together with dogwood blossoms, wild crab apple blossoms and English hawthorne.

Mr. and Mrs. Westinghouse will give a dinner on Friday evening and at the end of the week will go on to Pittsburgh for a visit of two weeks at Solitude, which will also be opened for the entertainment of the visiting railroad men.

L. W. STRAYER.

MINISTERS ARE APPOINTED.

Primitive Methodist Conference Assigns Preachers to Churches, in Pittsburgh and Vicinity.

WILKESBARRE, May 10.—The Pennsylvania conference of the Primitive Methodists church, before adjourning this afternoon, made these ministerial appointments, among others:

New Castle, First church, W. Bentley, (new); New Castle, Second church, O. McCracken (new); Pittsburgh, First church, J. N. Reseigh; Pittsburgh, Second church, George Ball (new); Irwin, Mrs. M. A. Morgan; Westmoreland City, A. Ivison; Youngstown, O., J. G. Ward (new); Sewickley circuit, George Lee, and North Homestead and Carnegie, A. F. Drisdale (new.)

WANT TO RETAIN PARK.

Allegheny Citizens Organizing to Oppose Transfer to Railroad Company.

The Allegheny City Peoples' Defense association is the name of an organization being formed to oppose the transfer of the park along Stockton avenue to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. A temporary organization has selected George M. McCandless as secretary and Dr. R. H. Gilliford as treasurer.

Petitions have circulated which require subscribers to help support the suit which has been brought in the United States courts. No date has as yet been announced for effecting a permanent organization.

CARNEGIE PENSION FUND INCORPORATED

ALBANY, N. Y., May 10.—The $10,000,000 Carnegie fund to establish a pension fund for college teachers was formally incorporated today with the secretary of state. The name of the corporation is the Carnegie Foundation. Its principal office is in New York city, and the territory in which it shall operate is given as the United States, Canada and New Foundland.

Erie Leases Track Rights.

GREENVILLE, May 10.—(Special.)—Negotiations have been practically concluded whereby the Erie Railroad Company has leased track rights over the Bessemer & Lake Erie from Buehanan Junction, near Meadville, to Shenango, a distance of 30 miles. The deal was expected to go through at a meeting in New York tonight. If it is consummated the Erie will send its westbound freight traffic over the Bessemer, while the Erie main line will be used for passenger and eastbound freight traffic.

Bucknell's Football Schedule.

LEWISBURG, PA., May 10.—(Special.)—Manager Keck of Bucknell's football team has announced the schedule of games for next season. The game with Virginia will be played during horse show week at Norfolk. The schedule follows: September 23, Lebanon Valley college at Lewisburg; September 30, Mansfield State Normal school at Lewisburg; October 7, Cornell university at Ithaca, N. Y.; October 14, Princeton at Princeton; October 21, University of Virginia at Norfolk; October 28, open; November 4, Albright college at Lewisburg; November 11, United States Naval academy at Annapolis; November 18, Georgetown univ'y at Washington, D. C.; November 25, Villa Nova college at Philadelphia; November 30, Lafayette college at Easton.

Lawyers, doctors, teachers and all men and women who save are invited to open an account with the Peoples Savings Bank, Fourth avenue and Wood street. Four per cent compound interest paid.

Excursion to Cumberland Sunday May 14th. Special train will leave Baltimore & Ohio Station, Pittsburgh, 7:00 a. m. Fare $2.00 round trip.

PITTSBURGHERS ARE SUMMONED

Presidents of Steel and Coal Companies Asked to Appear Before Senators.

RAMSEY DISCUSSES RATES

[The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau. Room 10, Postal Building. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10.]

Nearly the entire time of the senate committee on interstate commerce today was occupied by Joseph Ramsey, Jr., president of the Wabash railway, in a dispassionate presentation of the evil effects of railway rates made by a government tribunal. Mr. Ramsey argued that a government commission would not only fail to satisfy the popular complaints, but would place a very dangerous power in the hands of a few men.

Chairman Elkins today summoned by telegram, to repeat and testify on the rate question, the presidents of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company, the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, the United States Steel Corporation, the Fairmont Coal Company and the Pittsburgh Coal Company.

In the course of his discussion today, Mr. Ramsey said:

We must admit that the rates are low enough and we next come to the question of discrimination between communities. Much of the talk on this subject amounts to simple glittering generalities that might apply to any portion of our country, but does not seem to apply, as a matter of fact, to any particular portion. We must remember that the interstate commerce act says that charges must be "reasonable and just," and every unjust and unreasonable charge is prohibited and declared to be unlawful. Publishing a tariff does not make it reasonable. Section No. 3 says "It shall be unlawful to give any undue or unreasonable preference or advantage to any particular person, company, firm, corporation or locality (community) or any company, firm, corporation or locality or any particular description of traffic to any undue or unreasonable prejudice or disadvantage in any respect whatever." What more can be offered to secure full and unrestricted control of the protections over all these matters of discrimination?

The commission can have the nerve or legal right to make as low rates as are frequently made by railroads to defend what they consider their rights in one territory or community, or to enable the large surplus crop to be exported, or to build up new territory on its lines. In short, the competition between communities and ports would be entirely under the control of the commission.

Finally, we must remember that the vesting of the rate making power in the hands of the commission would simply be the first step in the onward march of regulation and governmental bureaucratic control of and interference with business of the country until, instead of being a free and independent people claiming our birthright of equal laws for all and freedom to conduct our own affairs in our own way (so long as we do not infringe on the same rights of our fellow men or violate the common law of the land), we will be a people governed by special class legislation and ruled by the arbitrary and sometimes despotic heads of bureaus and departments.

L. W. STRAYER.

PRESIDENT MEANS BUSINESS ON RAILROAD REGULATION

Mr. Roosevelt Would Not Again Be a Candidate for President Under Any Conditions.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

OMAHA, NEB., May 10.—The Bee quotes President Roosevelt as follows:

"You are authorized to state that I will not again be a candidate for the office of president of the United States. There are no strings on this statement. I mean it. I made my speech at Denver for the purpose of convincing the people of my earnestness in regard to the matter of railroad legislation. I will not be satisfied with any compromise that does not bring relief to the people from the conditions that now exist in regard to transportation affairs in the country. No compromise bill from congress will be accepted.

"This is President Roosevelt's reply to a representative of the Bee on his special train as it journeyed across Nebraska. Published statements to the effect that the president would be forced to accept a renomination by the people, who would be aroused to that pitch by the failure of congress to enact remedial legislation, was shown him. He expressed himself most emphatically that he was not to be swayed from his determination from any advances that might be made him, no matter what disguise they came in."

RECALLS FAMOUS TRAGEDY.

John Summerville, Who Gave Information Which Led to Biddles' Arrest Succumbs to Bright's Disease.

Another actor in the famous Biddle brothers tragedy died yesterday. John Summerville, aged 58, a guard at the Allegheny county jail, who was the first man to give the information to the police of where Walter Dorman and the dead murderers lived, became a victim of Bright's disease at his home in Anderson street, Eleventh ward.

Summerville had been employed as a guard at the jail for 13 years. The day before the Biddle brothers were arrested, April, 1901, Summerville learned from his sister, Mrs. Boyd, of Bedford avenue, that she had a couple of suspicious roomers stopping with her. Mrs. Boyd said they had drills and revolvers, and were usually away at night. Investigation showed that Walter Dorman, who is doing a life sentence in the Western penitentiary, was her roomer. Mrs. Boyd also gave Summerville the address of the Biddle boys, in Fulton street.

The next day Detective Patrick Fitzgerald and Special Officer Robert Gray arrested Walter Dorman at Mrs. Boyd's house, and Detective Fitzgerald was killed while arresting the Biddles. Summerville was born in the north of Ireland, and is survived by his widow and five children.

Elect Elders for Life.

At a congregational meeting of the members of the First Presbyterian church of Sewickley last night, the following elders were elected for life: Frank Semple, W. K. Brown, T. H. B. McKnight, H. D. Paulson, T. H. W. Smith, Edward Agnew, Rev. William A. Campbell's salary was raised.

CHURCH BULWARK OF THE STANDARD

Contributions Oil Magnate's Idea of Righteousness, Says Miss Tarbell.

AGITATION A HARD BLOW

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BOSTON, May 10.—"When church people say the Standard Oil men are not respectable the last prop of the latter is gone," today said Miss Ida M. Tarbell, whose history of the Standard Oil Company gave Congregational ministers their basis for discussing the "tainted money" question. Miss Tarbell, who is in the city on a brief visit, in commenting on the controversy, added:

"The greatest bulwark of the Standard Oil Company has been the church. Almost all of the Standard Oil men are decent. They always contribute heavily to the expenses of churches and charities, and that, in their opinion, is righteousness. Ever since the company has been in operation on a large scale these men have endured attacks in silence, and have allowed their exemplary private lives to argue silently for them.

"Now, when members of the churches come forward and say that the money that the Standard Oil men have made is not clean enough for acceptance, the Standard Oil men are bewildered. If the people on whom they have depended for their claims to respectability—the church people—say they are not respectable, then their last prop is gone.

"That is why Standard Oil has reversed its policy, adhered to for so long, and has started in to argue that its opponents are mistaken. Mr. Rockefeller lives quietly. He has no bad habits. He does not even play cards, and he goes to church on Sunday, and everybody knows how much he gives away."

BIG DEMAND FOR WATER POWER OF LOCAL RIVER

Number of Concerns Are Waiting the Secretary of War's Decision in the H. P. Dilworth Case.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The question as to whether the government has the right to permit private concerns to use the water power created by government dams is to be decided by Secretary Taft. The question grows out of an application from H. P. Dilworth and others to use the water of dam No. 3 in the Allegheny river at Springdale. If Mr. Dilworth should be granted this right a number of large companies in the Pittsburgh district will immediately file applications for the right to use the power created by government dams.

The Dilworth party in making its application filed specifications in which it is stated that there is 16 feet of a fall at dam No. 3. It is proposed to use a turbine wheel which draws its water from a point just below the low water mark in the pool formed by the dam.

During the last session of congress the proposition to have the dams in the Ohio river built with a view of using them for the creation of water power was discussed. The idea was advanced that industrial companies which could use this power might be willing to participate in the expense of building the dams. This is one of the questions upon which the Ohio river commission is to report.

Lieut. Col. Dan W. Lockwood, stationed at Washington, and Col. Clinton B. Sears, stationed at New Orleans, were today appointed members of the board of engineers to do this work. Maj. W. L. Sibert at Pittsburgh, Col. Ernest H. Ruffner at Cincinnati and Maj. George A. Zinn of Wheeling, will also be members of the examining board.

L. W. STRAYER.

PITTSBURGH COMPANY COMPLETES COAL TIPPLES

NEW ORLEANS, May 10.—(Special.)—The big coal tipples of the Mississippi River Coaling Company, at the mouth of Lake Borgne canal, have been completed and the first steamship will be coaled in a few days. The investment involves $200,000. The machinery was installed by Hevle & Patterson of Pittsburgh. The plant has a capacity of 250 tons an hour. The coal will be brought to the unloading docks in boats from Pittsburgh and Alabama by means of a bucket hoist.

FORMOSA IS HEAVILY FORTIFIED FOR DEFENSE

LONDON, May 11.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Hongkong, describing the formidable preparations for the defense of Formosa, says the Pescadore islands have been supplied with provisions and ammunition sufficient for two years and are now heavily armed with cannon. The German and American consuls, while picnicking, accidentally strolled within the fortified zone at Keelung and were arrested and detained half a day.

PITTSBURGH CONCERN LOSES TAX ASSESSMENT DECISION

NEW ORLEANS, May 10.—(Special.)—By a decision in the civil district court rendered today the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company of Pittsburgh failed in its contention against the board of assessors of Jefferson parish. The Pittsburgh company objected to its assessment, claiming that $120,000 in that parish was too high, and that illegal assessments had been made against it. Judge Ellis held that the assessments were legal.

Pittsburgh Man Killed.

CONNELLSVILLE, May 10.—(Special.)—Michael McNickels, aged 35 years and single, of Soho, Pittsburgh, was run over and instantly killed by a train in the Baltimore & Ohio railroad yards here last night. He had been working as a puddler in the Sligo Iron & Steel mills here for the past two months.

M'KINLEY MAUSOLEUM PLANS ARE APPROVED

William McConway of Pittsburgh Is Appointed Member of Building Committee.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 10.—The trustees of the McKinley Memorial association today formally approved the design for a mausoleum submitted by H. Van Buren McGonigle, consulting architect to the board. It was decided work should be begun at once. A sub-committee was appointed to exercise the functions of a building committee.

The body of President McKinley is in a public vault in Westlawn cemetery, Canton. The association has purchased a tract of land adjoining the cemetery which will be known as Monument hill.

The approach to the hill, which is 74 feet high, called "The Mall," which is 600 feet long, will be beautified at an approximate expense of $50,000. Along the middle of this mall, between a walk on either side, will be an artificial lake. A broad and massive flight of steps will lead from the foot of the hill up to the mausoleum. From the foot of the hill to the top of the mausoleum the height of the stone structure will be about 175 feet.

The detailed description of the monument will not be made public yet because the committee desires first to copyright the plan and pictures of the monument, in order that they may be placed on sale for the benefit of the monument fund. The mausoleum in general will resemble the tomb of Gen. Grant. The main feature will be a dome about 75 feet in diameter and 300 feet high. The structure will be of granite, but the interior will be finished in white marble. The cost will be in the neighborhood of $500,000.

The committee President Day appointed to take charge of the work includes Gov. Franklin Murphy, New Jersey; William A. Lynch, Canton; William McConway, Pittsburgh; Cornelius N. Bliss, New York; E. W. Bloomingdale, New York, and Alexander H. Revelle, Chicago. The president and secretary are members ex-officio.

There are two vacancies on the board which, when filled, numbers 21. The vacancies were caused by the death of Judge E. J. Hammond of Memphis and of Postmaster General Payne. Under the act of congress the president fills vacancies on the board, but at the meeting today two names were agreed on which will be submitted to President Roosevelt as the names of men whom the board would be pleased to see appointed. These selections are Charles G. Dawes of Chicago and Judge Horace Lurton of Nashville, a judge of the United States circuit court of appeals.

HOUSEFURNISHINGS ON EASY PAYMENTS

Friend Shows How You Can Save Money by Going Into Debt.

HOW HIS BUSINESS GROWS

People No Longer Deprive Themselves of Furniture or Carpets Even if They Have No Money.

Don't be afraid to go into debt.

The most successful business men will tell you that they made their money on borrowed capital.

But certain overcautious people will tell you not to go into debt for housefurnishing goods and kindred necessities. They have been accustomed to paying higher prices for such things because they got them on credit.

However this may be, it is a pleasure to find at least one man in town who sells furniture, carpets and other housefurnishing goods on credit as cheaply as if you were paying cash for them. His name is Friend and his place of business is at 810 to 814 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh.

Friend's easy terms of payment enable anyone, no matter how restricted his finances or income may be, to furnish a suite of rooms or an entire house on credit and pay for them as convenience permits. There is no reason under the sun why you should not have nice things in your home, as well as your neighbor, even though your neighbor does have the cash.

The truth is practically 99-100 of the business of this country is done on credit, and it is no reflection on anyone if he asks for credit.

A person may have the money but desire to use it for money-making purposes in his business. Some of the wealthiest customers are credit customers.

Why do we insist upon our customers asking for credit? Frankly because we can do more business that way. People are learning that they do not need to deny themselves on account of a lack of money, and can buy on credit at Friend's at as great advantage as if they paid cash. The consequence is that our business is increasing daily at a most rapid rate.

Even though you do not care to rent more than two rooms Friend can fix you up in a most cosy manner with his two-room outfit for only $61. The three-room and four-room outfits are proportionately low priced. These room outfits include carpets and everything ready for housekeeping.

If you are going to be married soon and wish to get an idea of what it will cost to furnish your home, see Friend. It will save you money to do so.

Porch and lawn Rockers as low as 90c and from that figure they run up by easy stages to $1.50, $1.75, etc.

Remember Friend's address—810 to 814 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh.

ATLANTIC CITY

Is the Greatest Sea Shore Resort in the World

IT IS THE PLACE (not the "coming place") where Pittsburghers want most to spend their vacation—It is ONE HOUR FROM PHILADELPHIA (not two hours)—It has Two Double Track Lines over which is Almost Continuous Day and Night Service

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IS ADJOINING ATLANTIC CITY

With the Same Beach
The Same Boardwalk
The Same 5c Trolley Service

And With All Improvements—Finished or Guaranteed.

Buy a Lot Now---You Are Losing the Choicest By Waiting

10% DISCOUNT FOR CASH

$150 to $1,000 Each

$10 to $50 Down and $5 to $25 Per Month

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Telephone—Court 401.

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444 Bartlett Building, Atlantic City, N. J.

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Address .....

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During the year of 1904 The Equitable paid to policy holders, in dividends, the sum of

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During the same period it added to its surplus fund almost $8,000,000.00, making the surplus, which is the guarantee of future dividends, over $80,000,000.

No other company in the world has paid to policy holders so large an amount in dividends as The Equitable—and none other has so large a surplus from which to pay future dividends.

EDWARD A. WOODS, Manager

Equitable Floor, Frick Building

PILES Cure Guaranteed

FISSURE, POLYPUS AND FISTULA CURED WITHOUT KNIFE, PAIN OR DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

Established 1885.

Dr Warner is absolutely and without exception the one and only specialist in Pittsburgh devoting his entire practice to the treatment of all Rectal diseases.

NO NAS NO SIDE ISSUES.

As the original and only exclusive Rectal Specialist, Dr. Warner not only promises but guarantees in writing to cure every case of Piles. His broad experience and thorough knowledge of every phase of Rectal ailments make him the man for you if you suffer from any rectal troubles. For proof of his professional success Dr. Warner can refer prospective patients to hundreds of well known people whom he has permanently cured.

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HON. A. C. ROBERTSON.

JOSEPH PEIFFER, 128 Butler Ave., New Castle, Pa.

GEO. HOOK, 1312 Buena Vista St., Allegheny City, Pa.

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The *true* Malt-Tonic rich in tissue-forming, blood-making properties is

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Malt-Nutrine

TRADE MARK.

It is made up of 14.60 per cent of nutritious Malt extract and is a perfect digestant—non-intoxicating—delicious tasting. The ideal tonic for convalescents.

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Lighten labor and you lighten the heart.
20-MULE-TEAM BORAX
Makes work easy.

Boys' Vest Suits—HALF PRICE
STRASBERGER & JOSEPH,
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BLOOD DISEASES
quickly and forever cured without the use of Mercury or Iodide of Potash, by FLEMING'S SPECIFIC. A few weeks' use of this wonderful preparation will cure the most obstinate case. No matter what you may have used or what disappointments you may have met, Fleming's Specific will cure your however chronic your trouble. Call or write for circulars. JOS. FLEMING & SON, 410-412 Market St., Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH BREWING CO.
"HONEST BREW"

MAJOR'S CEMENT
IS THE BEST for Repairing Broken Articles. 15c
Major's Leather and Rubber Cement same price.

HAND SAPOLIO
FOR TOILET AND BATH
Delicate enough for the softest skin, and yet efficacious in removing any stain. Keeps the skin in perfect condition. In the bath gives all the desirable after-effects of a Turkish bath. It should be on every washstand.
ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

HAIR HEALTH
Large 50 Cent Bottles, at leading druggists.

BANK'S SCHEME COST IT MONEY

Electricity Worked Too Well on Brass Railings, and Damage Suit Followed.

NEGRO ASSAULTS A TEACHER

Because the Citizens National Bank of New Castle has to devise a novel scheme to protect its bank windows from persons who insisted on leaning against them, shutting out the light and annoying the employes, the bank had a verdict given against it for $775, from which decision it appealed to the superior court.

The suit was brought by Robert H. H. Whaley in the Lawrence county courts. He alleges he was shocked by electricity and badly injured, while passing the bank building. The bank, to protect its property, had placed a brass railing around the windows. This did not answer because men insisted on sitting on the railings. They were placed higher up, and then the men rested their heads against the rails and tapped on the windows. The bank then secured what it says is a harmless electric battery, attached a wire to the railings, and when persons stopped too long in front of the windows, a plug was pushed in and the current sent through the rails as a gentle reminder that the place was not a loafing spot.

Whaley stopped in front of the bank on August 9, 1900, and received a gentle shock which he claimed rendered him unconscious. He entered suit to recover damages. The bank claimed that the electric current was generated by an appliance taken from a telephone, and that to operate it the handle had to be pushed in and then revolved to create a current. It was also claimed that no one was in the bank at the time to operate the machine. The bank appealed from the award.

Alfonso Bruno was sent to the workhouse for two years and six months for robbery. C. H. Fink was fined $100 and sent to jail for 20 days for driving a horse until it was useless. Robert Praise, a negro, for attempting to criminally assault a school teacher, Arminta E. Bower, while she was returning home from school, was convicted, but not sentenced. William Jones, a negro, was sent to the workhouse for one year and six months for unlawfully wounding his landlady. Domonic Carett pleaded no defense to a charge of cutting Tony Perona's face with a razor, and Charles Benarding made the same plea to seven charges of forgery. Neither was sentenced.

The grand jury returned a true bill against Paul Kruger on a charge of murder, it being alleged that Kruger stabbed to death Charles Turner at the Western penitentiary, where both were confined as prisoners. On Tuesday, March 28, at 5:45 o'clock in the morning the men were together in the bakeshop of the institution when a quarrel arose between them. During the fight Kruger is alleged to have stabbed Turner, inflicting wounds from which he died shortly afterwards. Last week Kruger was brought to the county jail, and will be confined there until after he has had his trial. Turner, the murdered man, was a railroad brakeman, 31 years old, and single.

The other true bills are: Felony, William Sterling; felonious assault and battery, Joseph Moderatz. Harry Osborne, Joseph Tuso; felonious assault, Newton Page; entering a building, etc., John Pipsky, Pearcey, Arthur Love, Charles Lewis, Shields Leonard, John Mousley (2), Charles Mager, Rosey Morgan et al., James Moore, Frank Miller, John McIntyre, Hugh McKim et al., Riley Wilson, James Smith, Joseph Morton, Lewis Rose, Liggett Smith, William Welsh; aggravated assault and battery, John Levandossi; embezzlement, Joseph H. Laush; carrying concealed weapons, Fred Munhall, Joseph Tuso.

W. A. Richardson filed an suity suit against L. A. Russell, asking for an accounting in a partnership which existed between them for the sale of coal properties in Independence township, Washington county.

Judge Over of orphans' court filed an opinion in the estate of James C. Lewis, who died in 1899 leaving a will, in one of the items of which he left $12,000 to his daughter, Florence C. Linford, and $8,000 to each of his other three daughters and a son, James S. Lewis. Provisions were made as to the payment to the daughter Florence of certain sums till the legacy was paid, and the question for the court to decide was the payment of interest on the legacies. The court ruled interest should not be paid.

The will of William H. Challenor of McKeesport, father of Attorney William A. Challenor, of the law firm of Burleigh, Gray & Challenor, was filed for probate, disposing of an estate of $32,000. He leaves his store and stock to his wife. All his real estate is left to her for life and at her death it is to be divided among the three children, William A., George H. and Laura B. Frost. The share of the latter is to be held in trust.

Executions issued: Francis R. Masters & Co. vs. Nathan Stein, $172 50; Louis Cohn vs. Morris Sabludowsky, $547 05; National Casket Company vs. C. Slupeskeski, $247; Life Protective Savings and Loan association vs. George W. Holmes, $204 89; same vs. Tom Marshall, $7,101 93; National Cash Register Company vs. B. Melitzky, $258 75.

APPROVES THE MEMORIAL.

Grand Jury Favors Erection of a Hall. Soldiers Commission to Discuss Plans.

The grand jury yesterday approved the petition for the erection of a memorial hall to the soldiers, sailors and marines of the war of the rebellion. Before any further action can be taken the bill will again have to be approved by the grand jury serving at the June term of quarter sessions court. After its second approval it goes to the court for its approval, when the county commissioners can act on it.

It is the intention of Attorney A. S. Miller representing the veterans, to see that everything is expedited so that work can be started as soon as the court gives its final approval. The act provides for the expenditure of $1,000,000 by the county.

It is proposed to call a meeting of the Soldiers Memorial Hall commission in a few days to consider the business connected with the purchase of land and the erection of the institution. It is proposed to present the plans to the voters for ratification at the coming election, so that no question can be raised as to the expenditure of the money. Many of the old soldiers have independent ideas as to where the hall should be erected. The majority may be agreed that a site to cost a reasonable amount of money is the preferable one, and that the buildings should be a work of art that will last forever.

JUNE GRAND JURY.

Men Who Will Serve at Next Session of Quarter Sessions Court Are Drawn.

The grand jury for the June term of quarter sessions court was drawn yesterday. The jury convenes the first Monday in June. Those selected are: R. V. Beatty, insurance agent, Twelfth ward, Allegheny; William J. Christy, laborer, Wilkinsburg; Clinton L. Childs, clerk, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh; William J. Davis, machinist, Braddock; E. F. Harris, laborer, Sheraden; William E. Howley, contractor, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh; Samuel Hood, laborer, Third ward, Allegheny; William Hunter, janitor, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh; Theodore Ihrig, druggist, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh; S. S. Jordan, farmer, Moon township; Michael Lynch, laborer, Ninth ward, Allegheny; S. E. Maxwell, machinist, Millvale; Adam Miller, sign painter, Crafton; A. G. Miller, patternmaker, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh; Robert J. McCrory, insurance, Thirty-second ward, Pittsburgh; David McCoy, health officer, Aspinwall; Montague Renshaw, agent, Crafton; F. M. Reidenbach, minister, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh; A. Schattner, manager, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh; Matthew Smith, retired, Springdale township; Philip Smith, carpenter, Glenfield; John Snoger, teamster, Penn township; Paul Thoma, hotelkeeper, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh; C. C. Wolfe, plumber, Montooth.

WILCOX GETS $35,000.

Big Verdict for an Engineer in a Suit Over a Contract for Wages.

After being out less than three hours the jury in the case of John E. Wilcox against the Semet-Solvey Company of Syracuse, N. Y., returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $35,000. Wilcox, who was a consulting engineer, had a contract with the Semet-Solvey Company calling for five years' employment at $12,000 a year. He was partially paralyzed after working 10 months and it is alleged the concern refused to give him work. Wilcox sued to recover $46,945 88, alleged to be due under the contract.

Let your savings work for you in the "Bank that Pays 4 per cent." Peoples Savings bank, Fourth avenue and Wood street.

Housegirls,
Cooks,
Chambermaids,
Nurse Girls,
Laundresses
Wanted to get positions through Gazette Want ads—See Want page today.

"LA TOSCA" BOTH MUSIC AND DRAMATIC TRIUMPH

Miss Rennyson Wins a Personal Success, and the Opera Marks a Local Music Epoch.

Puccini's "Tosca" was heard for the first time in Pittsburgh last evening, sung in English by the Savage opera company at the Nixon theater. The work made a memorable impression upon music lovers, being both melodious and dramatic, and being sung by a cast of rare vocal excellence and acting ability. Like Verdi's "Othello" the opera attempts to expand the orthodox Italian scoring into conformity with the broader ideals of the Wagnerian music drama. Sometimes, especially in the second act, one is almost persuaded that it is the same thing; but the illusion does not last very long, and the auditor then realizes with disappointment that this is "neither fish nor flesh nor good red herring." Despite these limitations the opera abounds in brilliant passages, and should long remain a favorite because of the opportunities it offers to soprano and tenor. It is adapted from Sardou's emotional melodrama, "La Tosca," and for variety of incident, as well as for intensity of interest and picturesque setting, is as noteworthy as "Il Trovatore."

Sardou's story has been condensed into three acts, the scenes in the torture chamber and Floria Tosca's villa being both transferred to Baron Scarpia's quarters in the Farnese palace. The painter's love for the great singer, Floria Tosca, their meeting and his arrest, followed by the perfidious baron's playing upon her love to purchase her lover's release by her dishonor, and Scarpia's death at Tosca's hands, are incidents that afford rich inspiration for such lyric and dramatic scoring as the composer of "La Boheme" has given this opera.

Miss Rennyson sang Tosca, and not only sang it well, but acted it in a way that is seldom seen on the operatic stage. It was a personal triumph for Miss Rennyson, though the remainder of the cast were heard to fine advantage and deserve almost equal credit. Joseph F. Sheehan's tenor is especially adapted to the lyric numbers of the first and third acts, and he was warmly received. Winfred Goff as the villainous Baron Scarpia sang well and acted with fine restraint. Francis J. Bogle did some clever comedy work as the Sacristan, besides singing acceptably. Harrison W. Bennett played Angelotti, the escaped prisoner, with force and sang dramatically. The choruses were exceptionally good, and Mr. Emanuel conducted with vigor and discrimination.

Great credit is due to Mr. Savage for attempting a production so ambitious in character as this opera, which would tax the resources of any organization. The presentation last night lost nothing through being in the vernacular. The stage settings, especially the ramparts of the castle of St. Angelo, were extremely beautiful.

In the afternoon "Lohengrin" was the opera and William Wegener as Lohengrin had an opportunity to redeem the somewhat unsatisfactory impression he made in "Carmen." Mr. Wegener sang the Wagner's music with intelligent skill and makes in personal appearance and temperament an ideal knight. Miss Brooks also sang with pleasing effect and her Elsa is one of the best things, dramatically, in her repertoire. Miss Newman as Ortrud was also in fine voice. The production was well put forward and constituted a truly pleasing and satisfactory rendition of this one of the most popular of the German master's works. Tonight "Il Trovatore."

METHODIST MINISTERS AGAINST HERRICK

LORAIN, O., May 10.—(Special.)—At a district conference of Methodist Episcopal ministers held at LaGrange, the following resolution was passed: "We regard the renomination of Gov. Myron T. Herrick, should it take place by the Republican party, as a direct insult to the Christian inhabitants of the state. We condemn his renomination, will vote against him and work unceasingly for his defeat."

Allegheny Company Incorporated.

DOVER, DEL., May 10.—(Special.)—A certificate of incorporation was filed here today for the Blondell Steel Company of Allegheny, Pa., to engage in the mining of all kinds of ores and metals, such as iron, steel, copper, etc. The incorporators are: Charles Reif, Jr.; H. E. Scarborough, both of Allegheny, Pa., and W. A. Crawford, Buffalo, N. Y. The capital stock is $1,000,000.

Slavs Have Bloody Fight.

CONNELLSVILLE, May 10.—(Special.)—Three Slavs fought on the outskirts of Dawson last night. As a result Michael Dowotiz, aged 20 years and single, is at the Connellsville hospital with a fatal bullet wound in his right lung; John Rema, aged 23 and single, is at his home at Ratheytown with a bullet in his jaw, and John Leskovitz, aged 22 years and single, is at his home at Vanderbilt with a serious slash across his abdomen.

Cyclone Kills Two Persons.

ALVA, OKLA., May 10.—The Rev. T. K. Tyson has received a telephone message that a tornado struck Quinlan, Woodward county, destroying the home of his daughter, Mrs. O. W. Cox, and killing her two sons. No other particulars have been received.

THE THREE RIVERS

The stage of water at Davis island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 5.8 feet and the river was stationary.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, O., May 10.—At 6 p. m. today the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 15.1 feet and rising. Today's departures of packets from the port of Cincinnati were: Greenwood, Pomeroy; Courier, Mayaville, and City of Cincinnati, Louisville. The Iron Age and Convoy passed up with a tow for Pittsburgh. Cloudy and warmer.

GALLIPOLIS—River 10 feet 6 inches and stationary. Cloudy and mild.

OIL CITY—River 2 feet 2 inches and falling. Cloudy and cold.

WARREN—River 1 foot 7 inches. Cool, with showers.

MORGANTOWN—River 7 feet 6 inches and falling. Cloudy and warmer.

WHEELING—River 6 feet 7 inches and falling. Cloudy, with showers. Departed—Kanawha, Charleston, 8 a. m.; Bessie Smith, Parkersburg, 11 a. m.; Ben Hur, Pittsburgh, 2 p. m.; Queen City, down at midnight with rivers and harbors committee.

LOUISVILLE—River stationary; 3.7 feet in canal; 3.5 feet on falls; 12 feet, below locks. Fair and warmer.

PT. PLEASANT—River 8 feet 3 inches and rising. Cloudy. Up—J. T. Hatchfield. Down—H. M. Stanley, Florence Marmet and Douglass Hall.

PARKERSBURG—River 7 feet and falling. Rainy during the day. Clear and mild tonight. The Bedford left at 4 a. m. for Wheeling, the Greenland at 11 a. m. for Pittsburgh, the French at 4 p. m. for Creston and the Kanawha at 8 p. m. for Charleston.

GREENSBORO—River 7 feet 8 inches and falling. Cloudy and cool. Columbia dawn Thursday; Hite up.

MARIETTA—River 6.6 feet and stationary. Light rain. Lorena up at 8 a. m., Greenland at 2 p. m.; Kanawha down at 3 p. m.

ACRES OF COAL WAITING.

Millions of Bushels Are Ready for the First Rise.

Millions of acres of coal, covering many acres of the surface of the Pittsburgh harbor, are waiting here for the first barge or boating rise that comes in the Upper Ohio. Other acres of water surface are covered with empty craft which have been hurried up the river the past 10 days on the little rise which afforded such movement. It is estimated that at least 10,000,000 bushels of coal is here ready to be shipped south. Rivermen believe there will be a rise by the last of this week or the first of next, which will let out a great deal of coal. There have been heavy rains at the headwaters of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers, and these are expected to help out.

The Tornado got in yesterday with a tow of empties. This is the last boat which will come in. The Henry Lourie and the Iron Age are both in the Lower Ohio, but will not get up.

The sidewheeler Columbia was the Morgantown boat yesterday. Travel by this line has greatly increased this week. The Admiral Dewey, one of the company's stern wheelers, has been laid up in the Allegheny river for repairs. The Rose Hite, the other sternwheeler, will be taken off the last of this month, when the J. C. Woodward completes her repairs.

The Keystone State got in from Cincinnati yesterday morning and left at 4 yesterday afternoon.

The Ben Hur will be in today from Parkersburg.

AMONG THE CLUBS

THE outcome of the meeting of the nominating committee of the State Federation of Pennsylvania Women today is being awaited with intense interest by clubwomen in every part of the state. The meeting will be held at 10:30 o'clock this morning, in the Young Men's Christian association building, in Harrisburg, when nominations will be made for the elective offices in the federation. The two Pittsburgh members of the committee, Mrs. William J. Askin of the New Era club, and Mrs. Samuel S. Miller of the Wimodausis club, left at noon yesterday for the east, to be in attendance at the meeting this morning.

A number of candidates for several of the offices have been proposed by the clubs of different sections. For the presidency the most prominent candidate is Miss Kate Cassatt MacKnight, who is a candidate to succeed herself. This is established precedent in the state federation, the only two preceding presidents, Mrs. Horace Brock of Lebanon, and Mrs. Lewis Ellis Campbell of Wayne, each having served two terms of two years each. For this reason among others, there are many women in each of the three districts, eastern, central and western, who are in favor of Miss MacKnight, while the clubs of Western Pennsylvania have generally indorsed her. There are other candidates, however, in the field for the presidency, some of whom are from the eastern district. Mrs. Edward W. Biddle of Carlisle, whose name was proposed at the meeting in that city two years ago, and who received some of the votes cast for the presidency, is said to be the logical candidate after Miss MacKnight, though, according to the statement of a reliable authority, her friends would prefer not to see her nominated as the result of a fight, but two years hence they hope to see her made president of the State Federation. Some of the rumors which have been in circulation would indicate that there will be a combination of eastern and northwestern interests so far as the presidency is concerned. The eastern district is so large and strong in numbers that it means a great deal if the women of that district indorse a candidate of their own.

It is stated that Mrs. Taylor Scarlet of Kennett Square, the vice president for the eastern district, is not a candidate for renomination to that office. Two names have been indorsed for that office in the western district, Mrs. Ida M. Hoighton of Bradford and Mrs. Henry B. Birch of Pittsburgh. Miss Mary Knox Garvin of Philadelphia has been such a capable secretary of the federation that no other candidate is suggested for that office. Two names have been proposed by clubwomen from this district for the board of directors, Mrs. Franklin P. Iams of the New Era club, and Mrs. Charles W. Gerwig of the Woman's club. They have received the indorsement of a number of the Pittsburgh clubs. Mrs. Henry J. Bailey of the Travelers' club was elected to the board two years ago, but her term of office expires in October. Mrs. P. M. Speer of the Belles Lettres club of Oil City is the other member of the board from the western district.

The ticket which the nominating committee will prepare today will be presented to the federation at its annual meeting in Cambridge Springs next October, when the biennial election will be held, the votes being cast by the delegates from the 147 clubs in the federation, representing a membership of 12,542 clubwomen.

The nominating committee is composed of Mrs. John W. Reily, Civic club, Harrisburg, chairman pro tem; Mrs. J. N. Choate, Civic club, Carlisle, alternate; both of whom are elected by the board of directors, and the following members elected by the federation itself at Lancaster last October. Eastern district: Mrs. Charles N. Thorpe, New Century club, Philadelphia, and Mrs. J. W. B. Bausman, Iris club, Lancaster, delegates; Mrs. W. W. McElree, New Century club, West Chester, and Mrs. Charles Field Hunter, Woman's club, Phoenixville, alternates; Central district: Mrs. H. H. Gratz, Wednesday club, Bloomsburg, and Mrs. A. Noyln Romeroy, Tuesday club, Chambersburg, delegates; Mrs. Paul E. Wirt, Wednesday club, Bloomsburg, and Miss Ida G. Kast, Woman's club, Mechanicsburg, alternates; western district: Mrs. William J. Askin, New Era club, Pittsburgh, and Mrs. Samuel S. Miller, Wimodausis club, Pittsburgh, delegates, with Miss Florence Heyward, Woman's club, Titusville, and Miss Florence Hullings, Belles Lettres club, Oil City, alternates. Mrs. Thorpe of Philadelphia has declined to serve and will be represented by her alternate, Mrs. McElree, of West Chester.

Disapproves of Goethe's Philosophy.

One of the most interesting programs of the year was presented yesterday afternoon before the New Era club. "The Simple Life" and Goethe's philosophy were the subjects of enthusiastic discussions. After Mrs. T. E. Orr had read a paper entitled "A Timely Warning," based on the gospel of "The Simple Life" of the Rev. Charles Wagner, the club women entered into the spirit of the discussion and, though acknowledging it all right in theory, many claimed it was impracticable because of the requirements of American life. "Goethe and His Philosophy" was the subject which was treated by Mrs. J. Ludwig Koethen, Jr., who was candid in her disapproval of the German poet's philosophy of life. She claimed there were others which were much better than his. Mrs. George F. Brown was the leader for the afternoon in the absence of Miss Suzanne Beatty, who is in Atlantic City. She gave a talk on Walt Whitman. A guest of the club was Miss Buttermore of Connellsville, the president-elect of the Women's Culture club of that place. At the short business meeting which preceded the literary program Mrs. Patterson read the report of the finance committee for the year. It was announced that a musicale will be given under the auspices of the New Era club at the home of Mrs. Harrison in Hamilton avenue, East End, on Thursday afternoon, June 1. A committee consisting of Mrs. Robert J. Cleland and Mrs. L. B. Duff was appointed to present 100 bean bags from the club to the Allegheny summer playgrounds this season.

Carnegie Gives $17,500 to College.

Miss Evans, the president of Lake Erie college, in Painesville, O., announced yesterday a recent gift from Andrew Carnegie of $17,500. The announcement was made at the annual meeting of the Pittsburgh Alumnae association of Lake Erie college, which was held at the home of Mrs. A. E. Nieman in Stratford avenue, East End. The gift is conditioned on the raising of an equal amount by the friends of the institution. Miss Evans made a very interesting address to the local alumnae in which she spoke of the needs of the college and special effort will be put forth to raise the $17,500 as soon as possible in order to insure the receipt of Mr. Carnegie's gift. This gift will be used largely for equipment. The local alumnae will endeavor to raise a portion of the needed amount. Though there are nearly 75 alumnae in Western Pennsylvania, many of them live at a distance from Pittsburgh and only 18 were present at the meeting yesterday afternoon. The election of officers which was held resulted in the following: President, Mrs. George L. Craig, Sewickley; vice president, Miss Mary Kendricks, a teacher in the Thurston school; secretary, Mrs. C. A. Feehl of Sewickley; treasurer, Miss Jessie Shepherd of Pittsburgh. The executive board consists of the officers and Mrs. R. Lowrie, Miss Elizabeth Richey and Mrs. A. E. Nieman. The next annual meeting will be held at the home of the president, Mrs. Craig, in Sewickley.

Arranging for Fall Meeting.

The Western Pennsylvania committee of Colonial Dames yesterday made plans for entertaining the state society in Pittsburgh November 10. The annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Society of Colonial Dames will be held then in the Twentieth Century club. Plans will be completed at the next meeting of the local committee. The meeting yesterday was held at the home of Mrs. John B. Heron in Linden avenue, East End. After the business was transacted a number of letters were read which had been received from Philadelphia, where they were read at a recent "colonial afternoon." The letters were written during the colonial period, particularly during the first half of the eighteenth century, and among them were notables by Juliana Penn, a member of the Penn family; Benjamin Franklin, Ruth Starbuck of Nantucket, and Sarah Bache.

Donation Day at Orphans' Home.

The managers of the United Presbyterian Orphans' Home and Memorial hospital will observe their annual reception and donation day this afternoon and evening. Supper will be served from 5 o'clock until 8 and during the evening a musicale will be given. The officers of the boards of managers of the two institutions, together with the officers of the United Presbyterian Women's association and the directors will compose the reception party. Mrs. George McDonald is president of the board of the Orphans' home and Mrs. George Sands of the Memorial hospital. Mrs. H. C. Campbell is president of the association.

Will Open Summer Home.

The members of the Relief society of the East End will open the summer home for poor children in Idlewild during the latter part of June. During the remainder of the summer groups of children will be taken down to the home for a stay of a fortnight, this plan having been followed for the past two years.

Gives Benefit for Public Baths.

The Sisterhood of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church will give a play, "The Return of the Spinsters from Oklahoma," in the parish house, Fifth and Craft avenue, this evening. The public bath and wash house in Lawrenceville will be the beneficiary.

Musical Club Gives Concert.

The concert which the Tuesday Musical club will give for charity this year will be held tonight in the ballroom of the Hotel Schenley. The proceeds will be given to the Elizabeth A. Bradley Children's home.

WILL GO TO CHINA.

Pittsburgh Presbytery Ordains the Rev. J. M. Espey as Missionary.

At an adjourned meeting of Pittsburgh presbytery of the Presbyterian church, held in the First church, Sixth avenue, last night, the Rev. J. Martin Espey, recently graduated from the Western Theological seminary, was ordained as missionary. The Rev. Dr. W. R. Farmer presided, the Rev. Dr. David R. Breed preached the sermon and the Rev. Dr. Maitland Alexander delivered the charge.

The Rev. Mr. Espey will go to China for the First church to succeed a missionary who was compelled to retire owing to failing health. The First church supports four missionaries in that country.

Has a Long Reprieve.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The case of Mrs. Anna Valentina, the New Jersey woman under sentence of death, will not be reached in the supreme court of the United States before next fall. The next term of the court will not begin until October 9.

The Old Reliable
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY
PURE
There is no substitute

2,000 pairs of Oxfords and Boots for Women
Will be on sale
Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
May 11th, 12th and 13th.
Fourth Floor.

Fashionable and comfortable models made of Tan Russia Calf; Chocolate Colored and Tan Vici Kid; Patent Leather, Patent Kid, Black Vici Kid, and Calf.
Blucher and Straight. All the desirable sizes and widths.
$2.40 Per Pair.
Value $3.50.

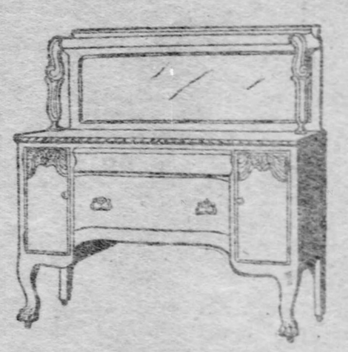
McCreery and Company,
Wood Street at Sixth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH.

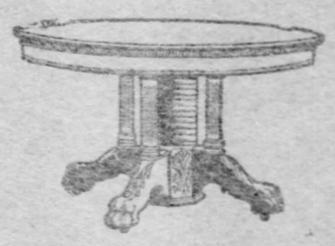
Important Lingerie Sale
On Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
May 11th, 12th and 13th,
Fourth Floor.

Chemise Gowns.
Cambric—finished with embroidery edge and beading. Elbow sleeves,
50c.
Value 75c.
Nainsook—trimmed with torchon lace insertion, edge and ribbon. Low neck, Elbow sleeves,
75c.
Value $1.25.
Nainsook—Neck and sleeves finished with wide embroidery, beading and ribbon. Round or square neck,
$1.00.
Value $1.50.
Nainsook—Square neck—trimmed with Valenciennes lace and ribbon,
$1.25.
Value $1.75.
Petticoats,
Cambric—Tucked "Umbrella" ruffle finished with embroidery.
$1.00.
Value $1.75.
Cambric—Tucked flounce trimmed with Valenciennes lace insertion, under ruffle edged with lace,
$1.75.
Value $2.50.
Drawers,
Cambric—Trimmed with embroidery,
25c and 35c.
Values 50c and 65c.
Nainsook—Tucked lawn ruffles, trimmed with Valenciennes insertion and lace,
35c.
Value 75c.
Cambric—Hemstitched "Umbrella" ruffles, finished with Valenciennes lace,
75c.
Value $1.00.

McCreery and Company,
Wood Street at Sixth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH.

McElveen's
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
Good Furniture At Right Prices
If you visit this establishment and see the various lines of furniture you will be convinced that moderate prices and sterling quality are always associated here.


This Handsome Buffet $55
Made of golden oak or weathered. Provided with a beveled plate mirror 14x48 inches. Large drawer with silver and linen compartments well finished.


This Dining Table $39
Made of heavy quarter sawed oak. The top is 52 inches in diameter. The supports are a pedestal and four columns. The legs are massive and artistically carved; heavy claw feet. The general effect, detail and finish combine to make this an exceptionally attractive Dining Table.

Price Is Always an Inducement at McElveen's.

This Buffet $60
The superior merits of this artistic buffet are instantly apparent. Made of solid quartered oak exquisitely carved and highly polished. The pattern is quite original, as will be seen by the cut shown above, but an adequate idea of the elegance of the buffet can be had only by inspection. Provided with a handsome beveled plate mirror, 12x50 inches. Claw feet. Price $60.

Furniture for Summer

This Hickory Rocker $1.75
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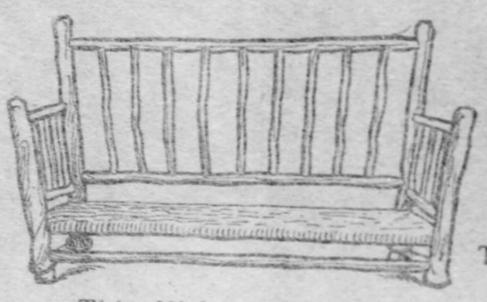
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Made of the best well seasoned hickory. Very serviceable furniture for the porch or lawn. Although moderate in price, this chair makes an attractive appearance and will endure hard service many seasons. Price $3.50.

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TOMMY'S BURGLAR
A STORY BY O. HENRY IN
NEXT SUNDAY'S GAZETTE

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 11, 1905.—PAGES 9 TO 14.

JIMMIEBOY IN TRUSTLAND
By JOHN KENDRICK BANGS
NEXT SUNDAY'S GAZETTE

QUAKERS TAKE SECOND GAME

Duffy's Men Strike a Batting Streak, and Pirates' Pitchers Are Bumped.

CLARKE IS IN BAD SHAPE

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 10.—The Phillies had on their batting clothes today and hit Flaherty and Case almost at will, while Corridon had Pittsburgh completely at his mercy, and as a result Duffy's men won the second game of the series, 10 to 8.

Pittsburgh got but one hit for seven innings. This was a double by Clarke of the first ball pitched as the game began. Clarke's right leg troubled him, a result of turning it while running after a foul in yesterday's game, and as it handicapped him in running he gave way to Hillebrand in the third inning. Hillebrand practiced in the left garden before the game began. Clarke was forced to slide to second base on his double in the first inning and did not display his usual agility in getting over the ground. He allowed Courtney's hit to go through him in the first inning and a minute later ran at a rapid pace to the left field balcony in an unsuccessful endeavor to catch McGee's fly. Fred fumbled Carisch's wild throw in the second inning and after fouling out in the third inning gave way to the ex-collegian.

Clancy made Pittsburgh's second hit in the seventh inning. Ritchey followed with a two-bagger to left field, scoring Clancy. Ritchey was caught by Corridon too far off second base a few moments later. The ex-champions added two runs in the ninth. Howard flied to McGee, Wagner singled to left and scored on Clancy's triple to the club house. Clancy scored on McBride's single to right. The Phillies found Flaherty for seven hits in the first three innings, which, with two errors and a wild throw, netted five runs. Case succeeded him in the fourth inning and kept the hits well scattered until the seventh inning, when a two-bagger, single and two triples, together with a hit by pitched ball, netted four runs.

In the first inning Courtney singled, ran to third base on Clarke's fumble and scored on McGee's two-base hit to deep left field. Bransfield began the second inning with a single to right field. McBride could not field Doolin's bunt, filling the bases with no one out. Corridon forced Bransfield at the plate, Flaherty to Carisch. Carisch threw wild to McBride trying to catch Doolin napping, and Doolin and Doolin scored. Clarke backed up Carisch's throw and fumbled, Corridon going to third. Thomas drew a pass and Corridon scored when Clancy dropped Flaherty's throw to catch Thomas off first base.

Bransfield reached first on a hit in the third inning, stole second and third and scored on Doolin's hit. A muff of Wagner's throw by Clancy gave Corridon a life in the fourth. Frank took second on Thomas' sacrifice and scored on Gleason's single. Gleason started the seventh inning with a two-bagger to right. Courtney was hit in the back by Case, McGee flied to Beaumont, Titus' single over first base scored Gleason and Courtney. Bransfield tripled to the clubhouse, scoring Titus. Doolin tripled to left field, scoring "Kitty." The score:

Pitts'gh.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.	Philadel	R.	H.	P.A.	E.
Clarke l.	0	1	0	0	1	Thomas m.	0	0	2	0	0
Hillebr'nd	1	0	0	0	0	Gleason	2	1	2	3	1
B'mont m.	0	0	2	0	0	Courtney	3	2	1	2	2
Howard r.	0	0	1	0	0	McGee l.	0	0	3	0	0
Wagner s.	1	1	2	0	0	Titus c.	1	2	2	0	0
Clancy 3.	1	2	1	3	0	Bransfield	1	2	2	6	0
McBride	3.	0	1	1	2	0	Doolin s.	1	3	2	4	1
Carisch c.	0	0	3	3	1	Doolin c.	1	2	6	1	0
Flaherty	p.	0	0	1	4	0	Corridon p.	2	0	0	4	0
Case p.	0	0	0	1	0						
Totals.	3	6	24	18	5	Totals.	10	13	27	12	1

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2—3
Philadelphia	1	0	1	1	0	0	4	0	*—10	

Left on bases—Pittsburgh 5, Philadelphia 6. Stolen bases—Bransfield 2, Doolin. Two-base hits—Clarke, Ritchey, Gleason, McGee. Three-base hits—Bransfield, Doolin, Clancy. Sacrifice hit—Thomas. Double play—Corridon, Doolin and Doolin. Struck out—By Corridon 3, by Case 2. Bases on balls—Off Corridon 2, off Flaherty 1, off Case 1. Hits off Flaherty, 7 in 3 innings; off Case, 6 in 5 innings. Wild pitch—Case. Hit by pitched ball—Titus, Courtney, Howard. Time of game—1:50. Umpires—Klem.

New York 4—St. Louis 3.

NEW YORK May 10.—New York defeated St. Louis in the second game of the series today. The visitors tied the score in the ninth inning, but the home team by clever batting made the winning run after two men were out. Score:

St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.	New York.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.
Shannon l.	0	2	2	0	0	Donlin m.	1	1	1	0	1
Arndt 2-s.	0	1	4	3	0	Browne r.	1	0	0	0	0
Smoot m.	0	0	1	3	0	McGann l.	0	1	3	0	0
Bradley c.	0	0	0	0	0	Mertes l.	0	0	0	0	0
Clarke 2.	0	0	0	2	1	Dahlen s.	0	1	1	4	0
Beckley 1.	0	0	13	0	0	Devlin 3.	0	1	0	3	0
Dunle'vn	1	1	1	0	0	Gilbert 2.	0	0	2	8	0
Burke 3.	0	0	0	1	0	Bow'man c.	1	2	6	0	0
Grady c.	0	2	2	1	0	Ames p.	0	0	1	1	0
M'Far'd	p.	0	1	0	0	0	‡Br'nahan	0	0	0	0	0
†Zearfoss	0	0	0	0	0						
Kellum p.	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals.	3	8	26	13	1	Totals.	4	8	27	16	1

*Two out when winning run was made. †Batted for McFarland in the ninth. ‡Batted for Ames in the ninth.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2—3
New York	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	—4

First base on errors—New York 1. Left on bases—New York 7, St. Louis 8. First base on balls—Off Ames 1, off McFarland 2, off Kellum 1. Struck out—By Ames 5, by McFarland 2. Hits off McFarland, 6 in 8 innings; off Kellum, 2 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hit—Browne. Stolen bases—Donlin 2, Browne, Mertes, Devlin, Bowerman. Hit by pitched ball—Ames 1. Umpires—O'Day. Time of game—1:50. Attendance 4,000.

Cincinnati 5—Brooklyn 0.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 10.—Inability to hit Harper and ragged fielding lost the second game for the Brooklyns against Cincinnati. Strickett was hit freely in the second inning by Odwell, Huggins and Harper, all of whom scored triples, and with a base on balls three runs were tallied, which won the game. Score:

Cincinnat.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.	Brooklyn.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.
Huggins 2.	0	1	3	3	0	Sheckard l.	0	1	3	0	0
Corcoran s.	0	0	2	2	0	Lumley r.	0	1	2	0	0
Seymo'r m.	0	0	1	1	0	Batch 3.	0	0	1	0	0
Sebring r.	1	2	1	0	0	Owens 2.	0	1	1	4	0
Schlei 1.	1	1	15	0	0	Lewis s.	0	0	5	1	1
Steinf'dt 3.	0	0	2	6	0	Dobbs m.	0	0	4	0	0
Odwell l.	1	1	3	0	0	Bibb l.	0	0	2	1	0
Phelps c.	1	1	3	2	0	Bergen c.	0	1	3	2	0
Harper p.	1	1	0	4	0	Stricklett p.	0	0	0	5	0
Totals.	5	7	27	15	0	Totals.	0	5	27	13	3

Cincinnati	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	—5
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Sebring, Owens. Three-base hits—Odwell, Harper, Huggins. Sacrifice hits—Steinfeldt, Harper. Stolen bases—Sebring 2, Steinfeldt, Phelps. Double play—Stricklett, Lewis and Babb. Left on bases—Cincinnati 5, Brooklyn 8. First base on balls—Off Harper 2, off Stricklett 5. First base on errors—Cincinnati 1. Struck out—By Harper 3, by Stricklett 2. Time of game—1:50. Umpire—Johnstone. Attendance 2,200.

Boston 4-2—Chicago 3-4.

BOSTON, May 10.—Boston and Chicago broke even in a double-header today. In the first game Boston batted Weimer out of the box in the first inning and won in the ninth on four consecutive singles. In the second game neither team could do any effective hitting, but Wilhelm's passes and Boston's errors were costly, three of the visitors' four runs resulting therefrom. In the fifth inning of the first game Raymer was spiked and retired in favor of Lauterborn. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

Boston.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.	Chicago.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.
Cannell m.	1	3	2	0	0	Casey 3.	0	1	1	0	0
Tenney l.	1	2	14	0	0	Shulte r.	0	1	1	1	0
Abb'ttio s.	0	0	1	3	1	Barry l.	0	0	1	3	0
Wolv'ton 3.	0	0	0	1	0	Maloney m.	0	1	2	0	0
Barclay l.	0	1	0	0	0	Slagle l.	0	0	3	0	0
Tinker s.	0	1	2	0	1	Tinker s.	1	2	2	0	5
Hoffman 2.	0	1	4	3	0	Hoffman 2.	1	1	2	2	0
Laut'n 2.	0	1	0	2	0	1	O'Neill c.	0	0	6	3	0
Needh'm c.	1	1	3	4	0	Weimer p.	0	0	0	0	0
Fraser p.	1	1	1	0	1	Brown p.	0	0	0	4	0
Totals.	4	10	27	12	4	Totals.	3	6	*25	12	0

*Lauterborn out; hit by pitched ball. Two out when winning run was scored.

Boston	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—4
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—3

Sacrifice hit—Abbattichio. Two-base hits—Maloney, Cannell, Casey. Stolen bases—Schulte, Maloney. Double play—Needham and Abbattichio. Hits off Weimer, 4 in one inning; off Brown, 6 in 8 innings. First base on balls—Off Fraser, 4; off Brown 1. Hit by pitched ball—Weimer 1, Fraser 2. Struck out By Fraser 3, by Brown 1. Time of game—1:47. Umpires—Bausewine and Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

Chicago.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.	Boston.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.
Casey 3.	1	0	1	3	0	Cannell m.	1	1	6	0	0
Shulte r.	1	1	6	0	0	Tenney l.	1	0	0	0	0
Malon'y m.	0	1	2	0	0	Abb'ch'io s.	1	1	2	2	1
Barry l.	1	1	14	0	0	Wolv'ton 3.	0	1	1	2	0
Slagle l.	1	1	4	0	0	Barclay l.	0	1	2	0	0
Hoffman 2.	0	1	4	3	0	Laut'n 2.	0	0	2	3	0
Lund'n p.	0	0	0	0	1	Wilhelm p.	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.	4	7	27	14	2	Totals.	2	4	27	10	2

Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	—4
Boston	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Sacrifice hits—Barclay, Wilhelm. Three-base hits—Hoffman, Schulte. Stolen bases—Abbattichio, Casey, Maloney, O'Neill. Double plays—Tinker, Hoffman and Barry; Slagle (unassisted). First base on balls—Off Wilhelm 3, off Lundgren 3. Hit by pitched ball—Lundgren 1. Struck out—By Wilhelm 2, by Lundgren 1. Wild pitch—Wilhelm. Time of game—1:37. Umpires—Emslie and Bausewine. Attendance 2,560.

Bank League to Open.

The First National Bank team opens the Bank league season with the Colonial Trust team this evening at Friendship park. Herbert Mardorf and L. Riser will be the opposing pitchers.

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

Philadelphia	10—	Pittsburgh	8
New York	4—	St. Louis	3
Cincinnati	5—	Brooklyn	0
Chicago	3-4—	Boston	4-2

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	5	5	.750	Cincinnati	11	10	.524
Pittsburgh	13	8	.619	Brooklyn	9	15	.375
Chicago	13	9	.610	Boston	7	14	.333
Philadelphia	10	9	.526	St. Louis	6	14	.300

NATIONAL GAMES TODAY.

Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at New York.
Chicago at Boston.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Washington	12	9	.571	New York	9	10	.474
Cleveland	10	8	.556	St. Louis	9	10	.474
Philadelphia	10	9	.526	Detroit	8	10	.444
Chicago	10	9	.526	Boston	9	12	.429

AMERICAN GAMES TODAY.

Boston at Detroit
Washington at Cleveland.

RECORD GAME IS WON BY PRINCETON

Don Doyle Beats Amherst in 18 Innings, 1 to 0—Reid Scores the Run.

M'RAE OPPOSES PITTSBURGHER

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

PRINCETON, N. J., May 10.—Amherst was defeated by Princeton this afternoon, 1 to 0, in a most remarkable game—one of the best in the history of college baseball. Don Doyle, a Pittsburgh boy, was on the rubber for Princeton, and for 18 innings he fought it out with McRae, the Amherst crack. Doyle was steady and effective, and he was awarded the battle in the eighteenth inning when Reid slid home with the only run of the battle, for which it was.

The New Englanders presented by far the smoothest working infield which has appeared in Princeton this season. Beach, Sterke and Palmer fielded and threw to the bases like as many professionals. But it must not be supposed that the laurels rest entirely with the visitors. The Tigers did fully as well, both in the field and at the bat. McRae won his game from Harvard earlier in the season.

Princeton scored the only run in the eighteenth inning. Doyle, who had already made three hits, reached first base when Beach allowed his hot grounder to go through him. Reid tried to sacrifice, but Doyle was thrown out at second and Reid reached first on the fielder's choice. Helm's base on ball advanced him to second, and a passed ball by Danahey allowed him to reach third.

Capt. Wells then came to the bat. Reid made a dash for the plate and Wells tapped the first ball pitched to Kelliher, who threw it to Danahey, but Reid had crossed the plate before the ball got there and the game was won. The score:

Amherst.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.	Princeton.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.
Wheeler m.	0	0	4	0	0	Reid s.	1	2	3	6	1
Palmer l.	0	1	2	3	0	Helm 3.	0	0	0	5	1
Storke 3.	0	0	1	6	0	Wells 2.	0	3	9	4	0
Beach s.	0	0	4	9	2	McLean 3.	0	1	1	1	2
Danahey c.	0	0	9	0	0	Cooney c.	0	0	10	2	0
Kelliher 2.	0	1	3	3	0	L. Doyle l.	0	1	1	0	0
Powell l.	0	0	3	2	0	Forstyhe l.	0	0	1	6	1
Alair r.	0	0	2	2	0	Bard l.	0	0	18	0	0
McRae p.	0	0	1	8	0	D. Doyle p.	0	3	2	6	0
						Henry l.	0	0	2	0	0
Totals.	0	2	52	26	4	Totals.	1	10	54	20	5

Am'st	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Pen'tn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Stolen base—Wells. Bases on balls—Off McRae 2. Struck out—By McRae 7, by Doyle 8. Sacrifice hits—Cooney. Double plays—McRae and Palmer; Palmer (unassisted); McLean and Wells; Helm and Reid. Hit by pitched ball—McLean, Helm. Passed ball—Danahey, Cooney. Umpire—Horner. Time of game—2:40.

PHILADELPHIA, May 10.—(Special.)—Pennsylvania sustained a shutout today by Lafayette 8 to 3. Lafayette's three runs were scored in the fourth inning, when Catcher Hare threw to second base when no one was covering it and all the runners scored. The Score:

U. of P.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.	Lafayette.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.
Ziegler l.	0	0	0	0	0	Irwin c.	0	2	6	1	0
Weeks 3.	0	0	1	4	0	Snook 2.	1	1	4	1	0
Meyers l.	0	0	1	3	0	Hubley 3.	1	1	4	3	0
Cariss 2.	0	0	1	2	0	McAvoy m.	0	0	1	0	1
Hare c.	0	0	1	0	1	Reeder l.	1	0	0	0	0
Carter c.	0	1	3	0	0	Hawk s.	0	0	6	1	1
Ol'dfer m.	0	1	1	0	0	Wack r.	0	0	0	0	0
Fennell r.	0	0	0	0	0	Peters 1.	0	0	11	0	0
Johnston s.	0	0	1	1	0	Newb'ry p.	0	0	0	2	1
Hay p.	0	0	0	2	0						
Totals.	0	4	24	5	2	Totals.	3	5	27	8	3

U. of P.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Lafayette	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Sacrifice hit—Snook. Stolen bases—Meyers, Irwin 2. Struck out—By Hay 4, by Newberry 4. First base on balls—Off Hay 1, off Newberry 2. Wild pitches—Hay, Newberry.

WEST POINT, N. Y., May 10.—Yale defeated West Point here today 2 to 1. Hanson scored for West Point in the second inning. He walked to first, gained second on Pritchett's hit and crossed the plate on Hanion's single. Camp's three-base hit brought in Hulsamp and Bowman. After that not a Yale man got further than first. Score:

Yale	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—2
West Point	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Batteries—Bell, Driscoll and Erwin; Lane and Hanion.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., May 10.—Consecutive hitting in the sixth inning won the game for Harvard from Cornell today. Both pitchers were steady with men on bases, but the Cornell infield allowed the Harvard base-runners to take long chances, which was responsible for three of Harvard's runs. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Harvard	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	*	5	7	6
Cornell	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	4

Batteries—Coburn and Stephenson; Umsted and Welch.

At Worcester, Mass.—Holy Cross 6, Williams 4.

Burlington, Vt.—University of Vermont 10, Lehigh 0.

Middletown, Conn.—Columbia 3, Wesleyan 1.

At Washington—Georgetown 10, Galludet 2.

At Middletown, Conn., Columbia 3; Wesleyan 1.

Miscellaneous Games.

On P. R. R. grounds— R. H. E.
P. R. R. Terminals.. 0 1 0 1 3 1 8 5—19 24 1
P. R. R. Term. H... 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0— 3 5 18

Batteries—Dyer and Stevenson; Magle and Bolster.

HERO OF LONG GAME.

DON. E. DOYLE.

Doyle, who yesterday pitched a remarkable game against Amherst at Princeton, is just 20 years of age, and he is a very clever left-handed twirler. He is always cool, and uses a slow, deceptive curve with his fast break ball. He prepared for college at Shadyside academy, where he played right field, being a good hitter. He took to pitching three years ago with the interscholastic nine. This summer he will pitch with the Pittsburgh Collegians. He will be graduated with honors at Princeton this year.

BLUFFITES BEAT BRADDOCK; RESULTS OF COLLEGE GAMES

Don McKim's Braddock team showed yesterday it is not much of a mudder, by losing a well-played game to the Pittsburgh college nine, on the Bluff, 7 to 2. Kummer, the college pitcher, was in excellent form and had the independents on his string from the start. Arthur Bennett started to pitch for Braddock. He had lots of steam, but everything he sent up was hit out. Charlie Duffy made an angel trouble by smacking the ball to the left field fence for three bases with two on bases in the first inning. Andy Brookmiller went into the game in the third inning and pitched well, stopping the collegians' assault. The score:

Fgh. Col.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.	Braddock.	R.	H.	P.A.	E.
Harrell s.	0	0	5	0	1	Dim'son 3.	1	1	0	0	0
Keating l.	2	2	2	0	0	Keller 1.	0	1	7	0	1
Brown 2.	2	2	2	0	2	Porter 2.	0	0	1	2	1
Duffy l.	1	1	2	1	0	Ewing r.	0	1	2	0	0
Murray c.	0	0	9	1	0	Bailey l.	0	1	7	1	0
Hayes 3.	0	1	0	0	0	Sandherr s.	0	2	1	3	0
Engel m.	0	0	2	0	0	Sweeny m.	0	1	3	0	1
Nellon r.	1	2	0	1	0	Bribine 1.	0	0	2	0	0
Kummer p.	1	1	0	3	0	Bennett p.	0	0	0	0	0
						B'miller p.	0	0	2	0	0
Totals.	7	12	27	10	3	Totals.	2	9	24	6	3

Pitts. College	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	*—	7
Braddock	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1—	2

Three-base hit—Duffy. Two-base hits—Brown. Sacrifice hits—Kummer, Keller. Forter. Stolen bases—Duffy, Murray 2, Nellan, Brookmiller. Bases on balls—Off Kummer 1. Struck out—By Kummer 1, by Brookmiller 7. Wild pitch—Kummer. Passed balls—Murray, Bailey. Umpire—J. Whalen.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., May 10.—(Special.)—By timely batting the Yale freshmen today won out from the Brown freshmen by 6 to 3. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Brown, 1908	2	1	0
Yale, 1908	6	9	3

Batteries—O'Neill and Carroll; Rolen and Cleaveland.

COLLEGE AND SCHOOL.

Coach W. J. Gladfelter of the Washington and Jefferson college baseball team will leave today for Butler, where he will play first base on the Independents. His contract with Washington and Jefferson expired yesterday.

The Wilmington (Del.) A. A., which was scheduled to play W. and J. on the latter's eastern trip, May 18, has cancelled. Manager Davis of W. and J. says no reason for the cancellation was advanced.

East Liberty will play Kiski today at Saltsburg. Donaldson will pitch for East Liberty.

WITH THE INDEPENDENTS.

Capt. Drahar of the Fairbanks is to call up the Carnegie library, Homestead, P. & A. phone today at 10 o'clock.

Manager Risher of Homestead yesterday signed Middefelder Dexter, late of the Southern league. "Soldier" Mullin yesterday severed his connection with Homestead.

Arch. Osborne, the Harrisburg pitcher who yesterday beat Lancaster, has accepted terms with Homestead and will report next week.

Mathers, the Charleroi outfielder, has left the Mesaillon club. He is at home.

Rain yesterday prevented the W. and J. game at McKeesport and the Canton game at Homestead. Canton will play a double-header at Homestead today.

AGILE WINS THE KENTUCKY DERBY

Captain Brown's Clever Horse Has No Trouble in Capturing the Big Event.

ONLY THREE STARTERS IN RACE

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 10.—Moving with a long, effortless stride, Agile passed under the wire at Churchill Downs today an easy winner of the 31st Kentucky Derby. The track was somewhat slow. Three and a half lengths behind him came Rams Horn, on which the hopes of Tennessee and Blue Grass horsemen were fixed. Trailing 15 lengths to the rear came Layson. With three starters it was a one-horse race. The time for the mile and a quarter was 2:10¾. Nearly 20,000 persons saw the race run. It was the opening day of the spring meeting of the new Louisville Jockey club. Early in the day it became known that the Derby would be simply a duel between Rams Horn and Agile, with Layson added to fill in for third money. Dr. Legge had a strong following until yesterday, when it was announced he would be scratched because of over training.

The horses were sent away to a good start and all three ran head and head for the first eighth, where Agile struck his nose in front. In the home stretch Agile, cleverly handled by Martin, began slowly gliding away from Rams Horn, and when the wire was reached had increased his lead to three and one-half lengths, and was eased up. At no time during the race did Agile seem to be fully extended, and he won without having felt the touch of a whip. Summaries:

First race, 5½ furlongs—Delargo, 115 Tooman, 12 to 1, won; Butts, 107, J. Martin, 6 to 1, second; Braden, 105, D. Austin, 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:10¾. Rusk, Saulsberry and Dorthula ran.

Second race, ½ mile—Nuns Veiling, 108, Treubel, 5 to 1, won; Flore, 103, Munro, 8 to 1, second; Lady Turascon, 107, Tooman, 6 to 1, third. Time, 50¾. Moccasin Maid, Limavady, Mamie Adams, Mondace, Ledonia and Cantrome ran.

Third race, 6 furlongs—La Pucelle, 104, Treubel, 4 to 5, won; Athlone, 103, Wishard, 7 to 1, second; Bradley's Pet, 97, McIntyre, 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:17¾. Chanterelle, Omealca, Glambok, Enchanter, Norwood Ohio, Binchello, Hobson's Choice and Fair Reveller ran.

Fourth race, the Kentucky Derby, 1¼ miles—Agile, 122, J. Martin, 2 to 5, won; Rams Horn, 117, Lyne, 2 to 1, second; Layson, 117, D. Austin, 20 to 1, third. Time, 2:10¾. Three starters.

Fifth race, ⅝ mile—G. C. Bennett, 105, Nicol, 2 to 1, won; Hermitage, 105, Boland, 11 to 5, second; Hyperion II., 113, Treubel, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:04. Belle Dodson, Roger Smith, Miss Grace Gill, Lyrist, Ebony, Glendon, Annie Williams and Snuggler ran.

Tomorrow's entries:

First race, six furlongs, purse—Missez, Sarasc, 98; Violin, Mum, 102; Lady Goodrich, 105; Halma Bell, Clara Sigsbee, 98; Muldoon, Miss Jordan, 102; Our Sister, 110.

Second race, 4½ furlongs, purse—Cocksure, 103; Yard, Stoessel, 100; Joe Coyne, Two Bills, 110; Punishment, 105; Theodore Case, 106; Romola, Dr. McCluer, 110.

Third race, seven furlongs, selling—Molo E, 98; Whirlpool, 101; Big Beach, 103; Judge Traynor, 108; Longrun, 101; Norwood Ohio, 103; John Lyle, 107; Lazell, 110.

Fourth race, four furlongs, the Debutante stakes—Ashlyssa, 110; Toya, Lady Carol, Minnie Adams, Tombinosa, 107; Leta Duffy, 113; Nun's Veiling, Beautiful Bess, Agnes Carrollton, Eloisa, 110. Couple Leta Duffy, Toya and Nuns Veiling as Millett entry. Beautiful Bess and Minnie Adams as Cook entry.

Fifth race, steeplechase, short course—Savond, 149; Durant, 142, Bacallara, 146, Martin Brady, Balzac, 142; Mr. Ross, 145.

Sixth race, one mile and 50 yards selling—Madoc, 94; Buchholz, 95, King Fox II., 102, Glendon, 108; Handmore, 110; Florence Fonso, 96; Pirate, 100; Swiftwing, 104; Jordan, 109.

LONG SHOT A WINNER.

Penrhyn Captures the Laureate Stakes at Belmont Park.

NEW YORK, May 10.—A very ordinary card was run off at Belmont Park today with the Laureate stakes as the feature. Two favorites won. In the Laureate stakes, Penrhyn, a long shot, defeated the favorite by a short head. The finish in the last race at 1 mile and a furlong, between New York and Migraine was exciting. New York, the favorite, settling the decision by a head. Summaries:

First race, selling, 5½ furlongs—Emergency, 99, B. Smith, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, won; Consideration, 104, Crimmins, 7 to 1 and 3 to 2, second; Old England, 107, Shaw, 11 to 5 and 6 to 10, third. Time, 1:07 2-5. Cannon Ball, Hippocrates, Right and True, Cascine, Memphis, Sandown, Campo, Julia M. and Little Woods also ran.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Gulding Star, 112, O'Neill, 8 to 1 and 3 to 1, won; Gallavan, 112, Hildebrand, 8 to 5 and 3 to 5, second; Waterbok, 112, Shaw, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, third. Time :54 1-5. Fulbert, Belle of Pequest, Hallotta, Tinsor, Aglecrip, Official, Billy Banaster and Sweetheart also ran.

Third race, the Laureate stakes, 5 furlongs—Penrhyn, 110, Shaw, 3 to 1 and 5 to 1, won; Woolwich, 110, W. Davis, 11 to 5 and 4 to 5, second; Hooray, 110, O'Neill, 10 to 1 and 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:01. Veronese, Ironsides, Old Guard and Bribery ran.

Fourth race, selling, 7 furlongs—Arsenal, 109, McCreery, 5 to 5 and 1 to 2, won; Sailor Boy, 96, Hohman, 30 to 1 and 12 to 1, second; Sir Shep, 109, Mulreean, 5 to 1 and 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:28 4-5. Carrie Jones, Black Ball and Princess Erts also ran.

Fifth race, steeplechase, about 2 miles—Arlan, 159, Finnegan, 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, won; Champs Elysees, 158, Kelley, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Russell Sage, 138, Kelleher, 10 to 1 and 3 to 1, third. Time, 3:58 3-5. Dromedary and Measina also ran. Chetro and Flying Machine fell.

Sixth race, 1 mile and a furlong, Belmont course—New York, 112, Odom, 3 to 2 and 1 to 2, won; Migraine, 111, O'Neill, 3 to 1 and 4 to 5, second; Duke of Kendal, 110, W. Robbins, 16 to 5 and even, third. Time, 1:55. Amabriack and The Huguenot also ran.

DEFEATS THE FIELD CLUB.

IRON MARKET IS HOLDING STEADY

Only Small Lot Sold at Prices Below Those Prevailing for Some Months.

IRON AND STEEL TRADE NEWS

Reports that the pig iron market is rather depressed are being widely circulated. It is especially the case, however, that these reports are started by buying interests, who are making as much capital as possible out of the delay of the United States Steel Corporation to order its May Bessemer from the valley merchant furnaces.

It can be stated that the reports of sales of iron at prices showing a weakening of the demand are based on small sales made by those having only small lots and apparently needing to make a quick turn. There has been one lot of iron bawked about this past week in rather an ostentatious manner and at least a part of this was sold somewhat lower than the current prices.

There remains now only a small part of the April order of the United States Steel Corporation undelivered, and within a few days this will be shipped. It is therefore expected that the May purchase of the corporation will soon be made. The belief is strong that this purchase will amount to about 40,000 tons and that the price paid will be that current for Bessemer for several months, $15 50 at the furnaces.

Billets Are Still Strong.

Billets remain strong, the market being at about $27 00 or $28 00 for Bessemer and open hearth 4x4, and a similar premium above the official price prevails on small billets and sheet bars.

In the finished lines there is a steady increase in the activity of the merchant pipe market. The tube mills have been deprived of the oil field business since the trouble in Kansas started, but general lines have kept up well.

Sheets, tin plate, steel plates, bars and wire products are in excellent demand and the mills are very busy. The enormous order of the Baltimore & Ohio for steel cars, 7,500, means a big demand on the plate mills for months to come.

Other railroad orders are coming in rapidly. The rail mills particularly are receiving them. The Pennsylvania railroad has just ordered 85,000 tons of rails. George J. Gould stated here on Tuesday that he would order from 10,000 to 20,000 tons additional for the Gould system. The Western Allegheny road has already ordered about 5,000 tons and will place an additional order for about that amount soon. It is probable the year will prove far better for the rail mills than it promised at the start.

There is considerable conjecture as to the situation of the iron and steel trade during the summer months. There are some who see indications of a summer rather short of orders, while others believe that the mills will be fairly busy in all lines and very busy in others.

Current Quotations.

Below are given current quotations on various lines of iron, steel, etc.:

Pig Iron—Northern Bessemer, $15 50@16 00; Furnace.

No. 2 foundry—Northern, $14 00@15 25, furnaces; southern, $13 50@15 25, Birmingham.

Grey forge—Northern, $13 00@15 25, furnaces.

Billets—Bessemer and open hearth, 4x4, $27 00@28 00, Pittsburgh; small billets and sheets and tin bars, $28 00.

Muck bar—$4 00, $28 50, Pittsburgh.

Steel rails—Standard sections, not under 50 pounds in lots of 500 tons or over, $28 00; carlots, less than 500 tons, $30 00; less than carlots, $32 00; light rails 16 to 25 pounds, $25 00; 25 to 40 pounds, $24 00; spikes, $1 60@1 70 the 100 pounds.

Structural steel—3 to 15 inches, $1 60 the 100 pounds; over 15 inches, $1 70; angles, 3x2 up to 6x6, $1 60; tees, $1 85; zees, $1 50; universal and sheared plates, 6¼ to 14 inches, $1 50; over 14 inches, $1 60 base.

Steel plates—Tank plates, ¼ inch thick, 6¼ to 14 inches, inclusive, $1 50 f. o. b. mill, Pittsburgh; over 14 inches up to 100 inches, $1 60 extra a pound; flange and boiler steel, 10c; marine and ordinary firebox, 20c; still bottoms, 30c; locomotive firebox, 20c; plates, over 100 inches up to 110 inches in width, not less than 5c the 100 pounds extra; plates, 110 inches to 115 inches wide, not less than 10c extra; 115 inches to 120 inches wide, 15c extra; 120 inches to 125 inches wide, not less than 25c extra; No. 9, $5 00 extra. Five cents extra for less than carlots; terms net cash in 30 days and for all points of delivery in the United States except the Pacific coast.

Bars—Iron, $1 40, Pittsburgh, carlots; hoops, $1 55; bands, $1 30; steel bars, Bessemer and open hearth $1 50; plow and cultivator beams, $1 50; cut channels angles and zees and tees, under 3 inches, $1 90; extra as follows: Less than 1,000 pounds of a size, 30c; 1,000 to 2,000 pounds, 10c.

Wire—Uniform quotations, f. o. b. Pittsburgh, 60 days, with 2 per cent discount for cash in 10 days, follow: Wire nails, jobbers' carlots, $1 80; retailers' carlots, less than carlots, $1 95; painted barbed wire, $1 95 to jobbers in carlots; $2 00 to retailers in carlots; less than carlots, $2 10; with 30c for galvanized; annealed, smooth wire fencing, $1 65; iron and cut nails are held at $1 85; steel, $1 75.

Merchant steel—Toe calk, $1 95; carriage spring steel, $1 90@2 90; tire steel, $1 50@1 55; drawn and cold rolled shafting is held at 52 per cent off in carload lots and 47 per cent in less than carload lots.

Tin plate—100-pound coke plates, $3 55 a box, f. o. b. Pittsburgh.

Sheets—Black sheets, carlots, No. 30, $2 80; No. 29, $2 70; No. 28, $2 40; No. 27, $2 50; Nos. 25-26, $2 20; Nos. 22-24, $2 20; Nos. 18-19, $2 00; No. 16, $1 95; galvanized, No. 30, $4 25; No. 29, $3 85; No. 28, $3 45; No. 27, $3 25; Nos. 25-26, $3 05; Nos. 22-24, $2 85; Nos. 18-20, $2 70; No. 16, $2 85.

Merchant pipe—The latest list of discounts to consumers issued by the largest producer covering carlots, f. o. b. Pittsburgh, follows:

	Steel. Blk.	Galv.	Iron. Blk.	Galv.
⅛ to ¼-inch	67	51	65	49
⅜ to ½-inch	71	59	69	57
¾ to 6-inch	75	65	73½	63½
7 to 12-inch	70	55	68½	53

EXTRA STRONG.

⅜ to ¾-inch	60	48	58	46
1 to 4-inch	67	58	65	53
4½ to 8 inches	63	61	61	49

Less than carlots, 2 points less discount.

BOILER TUBES.

Carload lots, f. o. b. Pittsburgh:

	Steel.	Iron.
1 to 1¾ inches	44	41
1¾ to 2¼ inches	56	41
2½ inches	58	46
3 to 13 inches	56	41
2½ to 5 inches	64	53

Less than carlots, 2 points less discount.

Ferro-manganese—Domestic, 80 per cent, delivered, $62 50.

Spelter—Prime western, $6 40@6 50 the 100 pounds, Pittsburgh, in carlots.

Skelp—Grooved iron, $1 90; sheared iron, $2 00; steel skelp, none in the market.

Scrap—Gross tons, heavy melting stock, $16 00@16 25; cast scrap, $15 00@15 50; sheet scrap, $14 75@15 25; cast borings, $10 75@11 00; No. 1 wrought scrap, $10 00; low phosphorus material, $20 00@21 00.

The Hardware Market.

Orders for hardware in very good volume are coming in both from salesmen on the road and from the trade direct. Season goods continue to move out, the demand being exceedingly heavy on poultry netting, screen goods, wire cloth and goods of like kind. Business in general lines, in builders' hardware of various kinds, in carpenters' and mechanical tools, in house furnishing goods and in cutlery and sporting goods, also in bicycles and bicycle sundries, is moving along in very good shape, the heavy business mentioned in earlier reports continuing in bicycle and sundries lines. The demand for window glass is strong, considerable question arising at the inability of the trade to get sizes and kinds as wanted. Prices in general lines continue firm, there being no particular changes to note recently. The Binsley Hardware Company furnishes the following quotations:

Columbia pocket knives, discount 35 per cent; Albion hatchets, discount 40 and 10 per cent; Hibbley cast shovels, $6 50 a dozen; Great Western files, discount 70 and 10 per cent; sheet iron, base, No. 28, $2 35 the 100 pounds; galvanized sheet iron, discount 10 and 10 per cent; sash weights, the ton, $27 00; window glass, L. G. L., 80 and 20 per cent from list of October 1, 1904; Albion sewing machines, discount 25 per cent; blue and white enameled ware, 40 and 10 per cent; Albion gas stoves, 40 per cent; Albion lanterns, 40 per cent; fire shovels and pokers, 40 and 10 per cent.

OUTPUT OF PIR IRON HAS REACHED ITS MAXIMUM

Study of Situation Shows There Is Little Prospect for Further Increase. Local Pool Forming.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 10.—The Iron Age tomorrow will say: The returns of the producers of anthracite and coke pig iron to the Iron Age show that during April, a short month, the output was 1,922,041 gross tons, an increase over March, when the product was 1,936,264 tons in 31 days. An additional day in April would have carried the make to 1,988,060 tons. May promises to have an even higher record, since we entered the month with furnaces producing at the rate of 451,341 tons a week, as compared with 438,584 tons April 1. This would indicate a May product of very close to 2,000,000 tons exclusive of charcoal iron.

The big question of the situation at the works is as to that this is sure to be the maximum for some time to come, since few new furnaces are due in the next few months, and since many producers are running at a rate which they cannot hope to maintain. Thus the United States Steel Corporation is operating 83 per cent of its theoretical capacity.

The most significant feature of our furnace report is, however, the fact that for the first time since August last the stocks in the hands of merchant furnaces show an increase. The increase is small, being 17,000 tons, but it will be widely interpreted as an indication that the tide has turned.

The decision of the Steel Corporation not to buy any iron in the open hearth market in May, the softening in prices in the south, to which district the accumulation of iron has been practically confined thus far, and the disappointment over the fact that the general foundry trade has not developed as expected some months since, are all factors in the situation.

It is interesting to note, as bearing on the attitude of pig iron makers, that a project is under consideration at Pittsburgh, having for its object the control of the Bessemer and basic pig iron output of the merchant furnaces in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys. The scheme involves a central selling agency, an executive committee making all the sales of the Bessemer and basic grades. It is the aim to keep this iron out of the hands of brokers as much as possible. As yet the plan is in its initial stages only.

Southern makers of pig iron openly acknowledge that the market has declined to the $13 25 basis, Birmingham, and there is evidence that $13 has been done.

WEEK NEARLY INACTIVE IN THE IRON MARKET

Railroad Contracts Have Formed Almost Only Active Feature—Boom in Structural Steel Trade.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, O., May 10.—The Iron Trade Review says: Apart from some railroad contracts which have emphasized anew the sustaining influences exerted from that source in the past six months, the iron market has had an inactive week. The most important development in pig iron is the reduction to $13 for No. 2 foundry iron, Birmingham, by one large southern interest. What could be done by buyers of a round lot is yet to be determined.

It is now announced that the Steel Corporation will not buy Bessemer iron for May delivery; it is also stated that all April iron has been delivered. A 30,000-ton purchase of Bessemer iron by a western Pennsylvania steel company is reported, deliveries over three months. Some accumulation of Bessemer iron at furnaces is now to be expected. Additional rail orders for 33,500 tons placed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company bring its total for 1905 up to 136,000 tons. The Boston & Maine has taken 12,600 tons; a Pacific coast road 6,000 tons and a southern road 5,000 tons.

With each week steel construction looms up in a way that promises to make 1905 a record year in building. The American Bridge Company alone booked 12,000 tons the past week, and a total of 40,000 tons is pending, while in addition 80,000 tons will be required for the new Manhattan bridge, for which specifications go out June 1. Independent wire manufacturers are scheduled to meet in Chicago this week to consider the advisability of an advance in prices. The new rail mill at Youngstown, O., is not counted on as a factor in rail business this year, and it is understood no apportionment of association tonnage has been made to it.

Hill Property Is Sold.

Two parcels of property in the Hill district were sold last night by Martin and Thomas Burke through Harry M. Berman of the Mercantile Savings and Trust Company, to Dr. Gaetano Conti, for $22,000. The sale includes 1611 and 1613 Wylie avenue, 45.8x198 feet, which is improved with two two-story brick dwellings. The purchaser will improve the property with storerooms and offices.

After Land for L. E. & P.

LORAIN, O., May 10.—(Special.)—While construction on the new Lake Erie & Pittsburgh railroad has been delayed between this city and Youngstown, agents of the company are actively engaged in negotiating for large farming tracts near the proposed dockage site here.

SOCIETY

On May 10, 1847, Miss Emma Van Dyke Stackhouse and James Monroe Vandergrift were married in Johnstown, Pa. Yesterday afternoon and evening they celebrated the 58th anniversary of their marriage at their home in Hazelwood by receiving their friends from 2 until 5 and from 8 until 11 o'clock, their daughter, Miss Minnie P. Vandergrift, acting as hostess. Her other sisters, Mrs. Kate V. Gracey of Vandergrift, the town named for the family; and Miss Mazie Maclay Vandergrift, received with the aged couple, as did also Mrs. Ann Masterson, who had been bridesmaid at the wedding over half a century ago, and Mrs. Robert S. Murphy, a niece of Capt. and Mrs. Vandergrift. No invitations for the receptions were issued, but all the friends of the old couple called at some time during the day. The Ladies' Aid society of the Ames Methodist Episcopal church, Hazelwood, of which Mrs. Vandergrift is an honorary member, called in a body during the afternoon. The pretty rooms where the guests were entertained were filled with flowers. The bride carried the dainty white fan which had been used on her first wedding day. Both Capt. and Mrs. Vandergrift have been lifelong readers of The Pittsburgh Gazette. The paper was also used by the latter's father, Col. Samuel Stockhouse, who, as a Quaker, ran away to fight, and to win his title in the war of 1812. Mrs. Vandergrift is, therefore, a "real" daughter of 1812. Col. Stackhouse built the first iron boat ever constructed in Pittsburgh. Capt. Vandergrift, who is 84 years of age, five years his wife's senior, is a son of Capt. John Vandergrift, who was a pioneer boatman, having built the first double-engine, stern-wheeled boat used in this part of the country. After their wedding, which occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Maclay in Johnstown, Capt. Vandergrift and his bride traveled in a canal boat from that place to Freeport, and from thence down the Allegheny in the steamer then for sale.

They have lived for 31 years in Hazelwood, where both are members of the Ames church, Mrs. Vandergrift being one of the two living charter members. In addition to their daughters who received with them yesterday, Mr. and Mrs. Vandergrift have one son, Charles B. Vandergrift of Cincinnati. The grandchildren are Emma, Lois, Marie and William Vandergrift, all of Cincinnati, and Allen Vandergrift Gracey, Nellie Gracey and William Gracey, who is assistant peninsular governor in Manila. His 4-months-old son, Allen Zimmerman Gracey, is the only great-grandchild of the old couple.

Lawrenceville Golden Wedding.

The golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. George Huber was celebrated yesterday morning in St. Augustine's Roman Catholic church. Thirty-eighth and Butler streets, when a nuptial mass was sung by the rector, the Rev. Father Joseph of the Order of Capuchins. A reception followed at the home of their son-in-law, Conrad Klinefelter, in Howley avenue. Mr. Huber was born August 1, 1834, at Muenchs Hofen Falls, Bavaria, and Mrs. Huber, who was Anna Maria Wagner, was born December 22, 1838, in Zollbach, Bavaria. They have had 13 children, 10 of whom are living. These are Sister Decarel, of Notre Dame Convent of St. Louis; Mrs. Barbara Werheim, Mrs. Anna Engle, Mrs. Philomena Meyer, Mrs. Kate Klinefelter, Mrs. Eleanor Krupp and Andrew, Anthony and George J. Huber, Jr.

Seibert-Schrader.

Miss Jessie Mae Seibert of Braddock and Gilbert Schrader of Batavia, N. Y., were married at 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Keifer in Swissvale. The Rev. W. J. Bueltz, pastor of the First English Lutheran church, performed the ceremony, which was witnessed by many relatives and friends. Miss Harriet Geyer, an aunt of the bride, was maid of honor, and Miss Margaret Geyer, another aunt, was bridesmaid. John Smith was groomsman and the flower girl was Miss Margaret Howat, a cousin of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Schrader left for Niagara Falls after the reception.

Celebrate Their Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. George Keifer of Wylie avenue, this city, were at home to their friends yesterday in celebration of their golden wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Keifer, the latter formerly Miss Emma H. Gould, were married in Pittsburgh 50 years ago. The host of yesterday is 72 years of age and his wife but one year his junior. Mr. Keifer served through the Civil war, having gone to the front with the Washington infantry of which he is a charter member. Both he and his wife are members of the Centenary Methodist Episcopal church. They have six children, 21 grandchildren and one great-grandchild.

Lucas-McPherson.

The marriage of Miss Estella Lucas to Edwin Guy McPherson took place last evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Lucas, in Sewickley. The Rev. George Crissman, pastor of the Sewickley Methodist church, performed the ceremony, and Miss Elizabeth Pitchey presided at the piano. The young people were attended by Miss Margaret Lucas and Ray McPherson. Following the ceremony a reception was held, and the young couple departed for a trip, after which they will live in Sewickley, where Mr. McPherson is in business.

House Dance in Squirrel Hill.

Spring blossoms were used as decorations last evening at the dance given by Mrs. M. H. McCandless and Mrs. G. C. Davis at the residence of the former in Denniston avenue, Squirrel Hill. The honors were shared by their sons, W. S. Davis and W. J. McCandless, while the guests included a half hundred of their young friends. Miss Gertrude McCandless and Mrs. George C. Johnston assisted the two hostesses.

An Interesting Engagement.

Miss Ruth A. Weldon of Dithridge street gave a charmingly appointed little luncheon yesterday afternoon at the Monongahela club to announce the engagement of Miss Florence B. Lanahan and William S. Phelan. Miss Lanahan is the daughter of Mrs. James E. Lanahan of "Oak View," Center avenue, and is well known in social and charitable circles of this city. She has, ever since its organization, been an active member of the Relief society, having served as its president for a time. The wedding will be a very quiet event of the summer.

Mrs. Laughlin's Luncheon.

Covers were laid for 10 at the luncheon which Mrs. Alexander Laughlin, jr., gave at her home in Irwin avenue, Allegheny, yesterday afternoon. The guest of honor was Mrs. Park Painter, in addition to whom the guests included Mrs. Harry Darlington, Mrs. Louis W. Dalzell, Mrs. Harmar D. Denny, Mrs. James Park, Mrs. Calbraith Perry Rodgers, Mrs. William Nimick Frew, Mrs. William J. Holland and Mrs. Carter Curtis Beggs.

May Queen Is Elected.

Miss Florence Van Wagner, a member of the senior class of the Pennsylvania College for Women, was elected yesterday to serve as queen at the annual May party on the 20th of this month. The Decade club, II., composed of students at the college during the years from 1900 to 1910, will meet with Miss Anne Houston in Pacific avenue, tomorrow afternoon.

Children to Have Annual Carnival.

The annual carnival of the juvenile class of Braun's School of Dancing will be held in the auditorium tomorrow evening. A number of unusually pretty dances have been arranged by William F. Braun, director of the school. The season of 1905-06 will be opened on September 23 for the children, on September 18 for the adult beginners and on September 16 for the advanced class.

Mr. and Mrs. Black Going Abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. David Pollock Black of "Ebonhurst," Penn avenue, Homewood, will sail aboard the Baltic on June 21 for a European trip. Mr. and Mrs. Black will be accompanied by their little daughter, Miss Katherine Jane Black, and will remain abroad three months, during which they will make an automobile tour of the various foreign cities.

Entertain Their Euchre Club.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Whitcomb of Stratford avenue entertained their fellow members of the Stratford Avenue Euchre club last evening. Four-hand euchre was played. Mrs. Whitcomb will be hostess at cards tomorrow afternoon, when four-hand euchre will again be the game.

June Wedding at the Schenley.

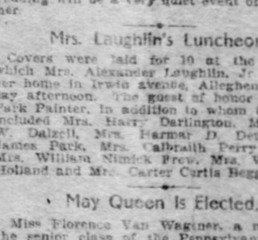
The wedding of Miss Nell Young Hay and Francis Jacob Meyers, which is set for Wednesday, June 14, will take place at the Hotel Schenley at 7:30 o'clock in the evening. The bridal party of 20 will be composed largely of out-of-town friends of Miss Hay and her fiancee. After their wedding trip the young couple will live in Bethlehem, Pa., where Mr. Meyers is in business.

Mrs. Neeper Will Be Hostess.

Mrs. Alexander M. Neeper of Woodland road, is issuing cards for a large reception which she will give on the afternoon of Thursday, May 18, from 3 until 5 o'clock. There will be no special guest of honor, but the hostess will have a number of friends to assist her.

Miss Lillie M. Freund, formerly with Richards & Co., but now connected with the Giles' Millinery Co., has returned from New York, where she has been for the past week in the interest of her firm.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 57 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe.
FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.



PURIFIES Beautifies the Skin

AT THE THEATERS.

Declining Season Displays Remarkable Vitality in the Character of Its Attractions.

James K. Hackett and his company will begin a week's engagement at the Nixon theater next Monday evening, in "The Fortunes of the King," a romantic melodrama in which he will appear in much the same line of work that he has done for several seasons past. In the new play, "The House of Silence," which he will present on Thursday night for the first time on any stage, he will appear in a serious character role which is said to be quite unlike any of his recent impersonations.

With the production of "The Two Orphans" at the Alvin theater next week, the Harry Davis stock company will be seen for the last time this season. The farewell week of the stock company is always an unusually brilliant event, tendered with a lavish display of flowers, witty speeches of the players, and fond adieus. Miss Sarah Truax, who won honors with the all-star cast of "The Two Orphans" this season in her impersonation of "Henriette," will be seen in the same role. There will be a number of new players to make their first appearance with Manager Davis' company, conspicuous among whom is Miss Julie Herne, daughter of the late celebrated actor and playwright, Mr. James A. Herne.

Bickel, Watson and Wrothe, otherwise "Me, Him and I," come to the Duquesne to play a return engagement next week. The return engagement was suggested by the big business done a few weeks ago, when would-be patrons failed to find room at the theater. The company remains practically the same, and doubtless the many favorites will be cordially welcomed.

"The Confessions of a Wife," announced for the Bijou next week, is not a play of incidents jumbled together for the purpose of giving some actors a chance to display their abilities, and others their clothes, but it is a dramatic vehicle written expressly to instruct, entertain and amuse theater-goers.

Zutka, the Mystery, will be a headline attraction at the Grand Opera house next week. This is a figure over six feet tall, which when attached to an elaborate electric appliance, gives a performance on the suspended rings. James J. Morton, the monologist, Marion Garson, primma donna soprano; Jewell's Electric Mannikins, Terley, in a new and decidedly unique illusion; Lillian Shaw, vocal dialect comedienne, are among the other acts.

Manager Williams will offer to his patrons for next week, commencing Monday, May 15, Edward F. Rush's Bon Tons. Two musical burlesques and an olio of fine talent is promised.

The season of melodrama at the Avenue theater will end Saturday night, with the last production of "Rip Van Winkle," the Avenue company disbanding after the evening performance. Several of the members of the company leave for the east Sunday, to accept engagements in summer companies at seashore resorts, and others, including Mr. Eugene Moore, leading man, and Frederick Esmelton, the stage manager, will be in Pittsburgh for the summer.

WILL CONFER ON FUSION.

Committees from Citizens and Democrats Meet Shortly and Prepare for County Campaign.

Mayor Hays yesterday said that the Citizens party would next week appoint a committee to confer with the Democrats on fusion for the county campaign. The Democratic county convention will meet next week, nominate County Commissioner James A. Clark for re-election and appoint a committee to confer with that of the Citizens.

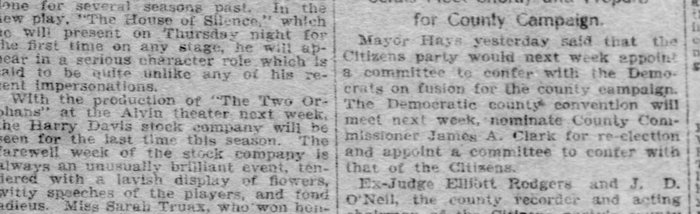
Ex-Judge Elliott Rodgers and J. D. O'Neil, the county recorder and acting chairman of the Citizens party's county committee, had a long talk together yesterday in O'Neil's office in the court house. As Judge Rodgers took a prominent part in the recent harmony negotiations with the Republicans, it was inferred by some that he was discussing fresh harmony proposals with O'Neil. Both men said they did not talk politics. Assistant District Attorney W. D. Grimes has been detailed by District Attorney R. E. Stewart to examine the evidence concerning frauds at the last election in the possession of the Republican city committee. Mr. Grimes will confer with Attorney Henry G. Wasson, who has the evidence in typewritten form.

Mrs. Hilles Granted Divorce.

LISBON, O., May 10.—Judge D. E. Rogers of Youngstown granted a divorce here today to Mrs. Anna M. Hilles of Salem, from L. D. Hilles. The plaintiff is a daughter of the Hon. John Fow of Salem, a former member of the Ohio legislature, and the defendant is a member of the electrical construction firm of Bagnall & Hilles and is now at the firm's headquarters in Yokohama, Japan. The wife was given the custody of their 14-year-old daughter and the question of alimony was settled out of court.

Stogie Letter Made Public.

Copies of a letter to C. M. Logue, president of the American Stogie Company, were given out for publication yesterday over the signatures of M. R. Trauerman, S. W. Vandersaal and H. V. Curll. The letter is the one for which warrant is claimed in the meeting of some local stockholders of the company at the Hotel Henry last Saturday, asking for a statement of the company's earnings.



This your head to the left?

Then there's no use trying. It's too late! Nothing in the world can make hair grow on a bald scalp that has been smooth and shiny for years. It's too late! No use trying now!

Or is this yours to the right?

Good. Only look out for dandruff! It leads straight to baldness. But there's use trying now, for Ayer's Hair Vigor cures dandruff, keeps the scalp clean and healthy, and checks falling hair.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA—For the blood. AYER'S PILLS—For constipation.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL—For coughs. AYER'S AGUE CURE—For malaria and ague.

THE RATE FOR
Classified Advertisements in
THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE
IS A PENNY A WORD,
Seven days for price of six when paid for in advance.

WANTED.

Male Help.

PUDDLERS—Ten or 12 competent puddlers with as many helpers; steady employment throughout the year to satisfactory workmen. Apply puddle boss, Pittsburgh Forge and Iron Company, Ninth ward, Allegheny, Pa.

SUPERINTENDENT—Man experienced in sewer and paving work. Hill Const. Co., 1209 House bldg.

THREE first-class machinists at once; 9 hours and good wages to practical men. Gardner Convertible Steam and Gas Engine Co., Washington, Pa.

WANTED—Boy or man to sell on trains; good chance. Apply Union News Co., B. & O. depot, city.

WANTED—Competent roll turner for shape work. Apply Mesta Machine Co., West Homestead, Pa.

WANTED—Several ornamental iron workers; steady work for good men. Apply 135 First ave.

WAITER for restaurant; steady position for good man. Call at once, 743 Braddock ave., Braddock.

YOUNG MEN learn telegraphy; day and evening sessions; write or call for catalogue. Penna. Tel. College, 600 Lewis block.

Female Help.

ATTRACTIVE OFFER.

Ladies—good address; high grade goods; exclusive territory; one lady's commissions in 14 hours amounted to $6.25. Le Matre Company, 712 House bldg., Pittsburgh.

COOK—Hotel cook, girls for housework, chambermaids, cooks; best wages. 201 West Ohio, Allegheny.

GIRLS for storeroom, baker shop, chambermaids, cooks, laundress and out-of-town hotel; colored girls for private families and day work. Call Grant Real Estate Co., 215 Grant st., second floor.

GIRL—Good girl for good place; good wages; four in family; leave for summer home in June. 352 North Craig st., near Center.

GIRLS—At Cramer's Employment office, 1030 Rebecca st., Wilkinsburg. Bell 'Phone 745 R. Wilkins.

GIRL for housework; two in family; no washing; $4.50 up. 207 W. Ohio st., Allegheny.

GIRLS—Six girls to operate power sewing machines. 444 Liberty st.

GIRL—White, general housework; good wages; 1208 Murray Hill ave.

GOOD POSITIONS for house girls, nurses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses. Apply 15 Ninth st.

LADIES INVESTIGATE.

Responsible house desires solicitors; elegant line; commissions, $1.25 per hour; statements proved; exclusive territory. Le Matre Co., room 712 House bldg., 4 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

NURSE GIRL—Young, white or colored. Center's employment office, 1030 Rebecca st., Wilkinsburg.

STENOGRAPHER—Woman experienced. Address J 8, The Gazette.

WANTED—Two Protestant white girls, Swedes preferred; must be strong and tidy. 5647 Penn ave.

WOMEN—Three women to complete party of six for European travel this summer; one of party is experienced in foreign travel; plan to save from $75 to $100 over ordinary rate for conducted parties; references. Address M 154, The Gazette.

Male and Female Help.

AUSTRIAN, German, Hungarian, Slavonic help. Call p. once; positions waiting. 826 Second ave. 4111-M. P. & A.

SALESWOMEN and men wanted. Address Henry Krog, general delivery, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Situations—Male and Female.

STENOGRAPHERS—Employers who want stenographic help are invited to communicate with us. We supply competent stenographers and operators of the writing machine. No charge for the service. Remington Typewriter Company, 301 Wood st., Telephone Main 66.

EXECUTIVE man is open for engagement with firm in structural iron or contracting business; seven years' experience handling and hiring men and as head of large department; references given. Address K 75, The Gazette.

LADY—Competent and who understands housekeeping, desires position as managing housekeeper in widower's home. Address S 309 Penn ave., Wilkinsburg.

POSITION as saleslady in department or grocery store by young lady with 12 years' experience. Address J 300 Penn ave., Wilkinsburg.

I DESIRE situation selling or collecting for reliable firm in Eastern Ohio; aged 27; references given. William Hoag, State st., Alliance, O.

COLORED COOK desires position in restaurant, hotel or private. James Robertson, 1405 Lorraine st., Allegheny.

SELECT HELP furnished on short notice. 'Phone 2241 Main. 9242 Grant.

WASHING take home; family sewing; reliable widow, A 3, The Gazette.

Agents.

HIGH-CLASS AGENTS to dispose of silk-silk mining stock; $35,000 dividends already paid; a snap for the right man. St. Louis Security Company, Sole Fiscal Agent, 1116 Chemical Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS—Return wheel; newest and best entertaining toy out; sell to everybody; greatest thing on earth for fakirs; send for sample, 10c; also other novelties. W. M. Hoerle, 112 Sandusky st., Allegheny, Pa.

AGENT OR SOLICITOR—Exclusive city right; patented house to house necessity; special offer. Bodman, 1105 South Ninth avenue, Maywood, Ill.

SEND 10 cents for pocket sample everyone wants; absolute necessity; it's a corker. W. F. Sibley, 33 Lyman st., Springfield, Mass.

Pupils.

RENO SHORTHAND SCHOOL
Sessions daily and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings.
Personal visitation invited.
Literature mailed upon request.
539 WOOD STREET.

CATON TECHNICAL SCHOOLS, Allegheny, opposite postoffice; department* business, shorthand, preparatory, academic, engineering, electricity, mechanical drawing; day and evening sessions entire year; high grade schools; write, call or 'phone for information.

SEE McCORMAC, learn dress cutting, designing, sewing, strictly man-finish ladies' tailoring taught. 905 Federal st., Allegheny.

DRESSCUTTING, dressmaking taught, patterns cut. McDowell School, Jackson Bldg., 146 Sixth st.

Real Estate.

WANTED.

I will buy and pay cash if suited, a Real Estate and Insurance business; must be located somewhere in the eastern section of Pittsburgh, and have ground floor stand. Address B 4, The Gazette.

Business Opportunities.

SHOE STORE—I want to buy a good shoe stock; $6,000 to $10,000; well located in city or thriving town; am no agent; no give foll particulars. Address W. 4, the Gazette.

WANTED—General store in country or small country town. Address N 154, The Gazette.

Insurance Agents.

ASK US about $1,000 for $1 without assessments or examination. DUQUESNE REGISTRY CO., Ferguson Bldg., Pittsburgh.

Mortgage Loans.

WANTED—To borrow $1,000. Address L 156, The Gazette.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Driving team, will trade $5-acre Virginia farm; call or write. Room 21, 424 Fifth ave.

HOUSEHOLD goods; highest price we buy everything. 271 Frankstown ave., Taylor Mentgomb.

WANTED.

Miscellaneous.

MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP. LEWIS CONCENTRATED LYE
PURE POWDERED AND PERFUMED
Strongest and purest lye made. Will make 10 pounds of hard soap in 20 minutes without boiling. Full directions on each can. Ask your grocer for it. Manufactured by PENNA. SALT MANUFACTURING CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PITTSBURGH smoke and soot make painting necessary to keep places handsome and neat. Merchants of other cities are glad to meet such an outlay and do business here. All kinds of painting done promptly and well by P. J. BRYNE, Painter
Both telephones. 634 Fifth ave.

WANTED—RATS TO KILL.

We make a specialty of exterminating rats and mice from manufactories, flour mills, breweries, etc. Drop us a line and our representative will call. Address Lock Box 1402, Pittsburgh.

UPHOLSTERING, furniture repairing, piano polishing a specialty; moderate charges, guaranteed work. J. Stern, 20 Federal st., Pittsburgh.

WANTED—Second-hand furniture and stoves; 'phone 2740-L Grant; call or address Adams & Riddle, 5221 Penn ave.

DANDRUFF, falling hair and scalp diseases cured. Bald Head Remedy, 216 Federal st., Allegheny.

NORTH AVE. CARPET CLEANING CO., Allegheny. Bell 675-R Cedar.

PITTSBURGH CARPET CLEANING CO. Call Bell 'phone 2340-W Grant.

L. C. MACK, No. 3 Diamond square, signs, show cards.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

CALIFORNIA AVE., 219, Avalon—Three furnished or unfurnished rooms, in nice location.

CHARLES ST., 420, Knoxville—Large room, second floor, with board; suitable for two persons.

CHARLES ST., 420, Knoxville—Large room, second floor; suitable for two people.

ELLA ST., 621, Wilkinsburg—Very nicely furnished rooms, bath, instantaneous heater, very convenient for Westinghouse employes; near Edgewood station.

ENOCH ST., 65, near Devilliers—Furnished rooms, gas, bath, all conveniences; for colored.

FIFTH AVE., 2007—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; rent reasonable; all modern conveniences.

FIFTH AVE., 2122—Nicely furnished rooms, all modern conveniences; reasonable rates.

FIFTH AVE., 2120—Comfortably furnished rooms, all modern conveniences; Bell 1259 Grant; reasonable.

FIFTH AVE., 2331—Nicely furnished rooms on 2d and 3d floors; modern conveniences.

FIFTH AVE., 2020—Nice, comfortable rooms; reasonable; use of bath; hot and cold water.

FIFTH AVE., 1825—Large room, complete for dressmaking; use reception room, 2 Singer machines.

FIFTH AVE., 4705—Large, nicely furnished, well-kept room, $2 70 to $3 50 weekly.

FORBES ST., 3029—Nicely furnished room; modern conveniences; handy cars; Bell Tel.-L Schenley.

FRANKLIN AVE., 1213, Wilkinsburg—Large nicely furnished front room, all conveniences; gentlemen only; reasonable.

FRANKLIN AVE., 1158, Wilkinsburg—Large nicely furnished parlor bedroom; meals optional; gentlemen; reference required.

GRANDVIEW AVE., 1209—Via Mt. Washington tunnel line and Duquesne Heights incline; boarding and rooming, all conveniences.

JEANNETTE ST., 822, Wilkinsburg—Comfortably furnished rooms for housekeeping; all modern conveniences; reasonable.

KELLY ST., 232, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished front room, all conveniences, reasonable terms; gentlemen.

MATHILDA ST., 248—Second story front room, nicely furnished; convenient to five car lines; pleasant location; board optional. 'Phone 1168 J.

NEW GRANT ST., 1324—To let, rooms, $1.00 a week up.

NORTH ST., 118, Bellevue—Front rooms, with board; reasonable terms.

PENN AVE., 1140—Elegantly furnished room with connecting bath; near Union depot.

PEEBLES ST., 320, SEWICKLEY

SODA CLERK AND LABORER GET WORK

Through Gazette Want Ads—Geo. Reed, Soda Clerk, 222 Trowbridge St., With Reymer Bros., Fifth Avenue. M. Maguire, Labor, 1002 Middle St., Allegheny, With W. H. Artzberger, 712 Ceder Avenue, Allegheny—

USE GAZETTE WANT ADS AND GET SURE RETURNS.

FOR RENT.

East End Residences.

FOR RENT
EAST END RESIDENCES.
Denniston ave., near Fifth ave.
$80 month; brick house of 10 rooms, r. h., bath, laundry and all modern conveniences; fine location; immediate possession.

$27.50 month; Monticello st.; new brick house of 6 rooms, hall, bathroom, porches, all modern; fine location; immediate possession.
H. R. SCOTT, Agent,
1411 Farmers Bank Bldg.

FOR RENT.
South Evaline, frame, 9 rooms, bath.....$50.00
Penn and Evaline, flat, 4 rooms, bath.. 26.00
Warren st., frame, 5 rooms..... 16.00
Dauphin and Evaline, frame, 5 rooms, attic 15.00
Mt. Vernon, frame, new, 8 rooms, bath. 24.00
Mt. Vernon, frame, new, 7 rooms, bath. 23.00
Penn, near Evaline, two furnished rooms 15.00
PAGE BROS.
5150 Penn ave.

FOR RENT.
Nine-room frame dwelling, large lot in center of Shadyside district, near Roup station and Ellsworth ave. car lines. $50.
GEORGE BROS.,
248 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT.
Six-room house with gas; very convenient location, near cars and East Liberty station; rent per month, $28; immediate possession.
F. O. VAN GORDER,
6002 Penn ave., E. E.

FOR RENT—$35.00; No. 39 Burchfield ave., Squirrel Hill; large eight-room house, tile bath, electric light, gases, laundry, cement cellars; take yellow line Homestead cars, get off Murray and Burchfield aves., first house east from Shady ave.; three minutes' walk from cars; keys on premises.

Allegheny Residences.

GET OUR RENT LIST.
REAL ESTATE SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,
522 FEDERAL STREET.

FOR RENT—$27, near Perrysville ave., new 6-room house; bath, electric lights, gas; very desirable. 420 Federal st., Allegheny.

Apartments.

VERY CONVENIENT APARTMENTS.
In the "Lewis" and the "Marie," McDevitt place, near Forbes st. and Craft ave., only 10 minutes' ride from down-town; suites of 4 and 5 rooms in these modern apartment buildings; modern and complete. $28 to $31 a month; immediate possession.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

CHOICE APARTMENTS—$18—$24.
Suites of 3 and 4 rooms with bath in the "Swissvale" Apartment building, Braddock ave., near Westmoreland ave., Swissvale, Pa. Range, hot water heater, stationary laundry tubs, etc. Heat, light and janitor service for hall free. Handy to street cars and railroad.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT.
Corner Perrysville ave and Charles st., 5 rooms and trunk room, first floor, gas, bath, all modern; fine shape.
Get our rent list.
REAL ESTATE SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,
522 Federal st., Allegheny.

FINE APARTMENT—$25.
To Be Let—In the "LINDEN," Bates st. and McKee place, four rooms and bath on first floor. All conveniences.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FURNISHED APARTMENT.
Suite 7 rooms, tile bath, every convenience; handsomely furnished; situate Shadyside.
A. Z. BYERS & CO.
621-2 Farmers Bank Building.

FOR RENT—Apartments of three rooms, bath and all conveniences. 2316 Wylie, and 2323 Center ave.

Storerooms.

STOREROOM in fine location, Oliver ave., near Wood street. Apply D. B. SMITH, Office of this paper.

EAST LIBERTY STOREROOM.
In the heart of business section.
Excellent opening for right business.
Rent very reasonable.
'Phone for particulars.
F. O. VAN GORDER, AGENT,
6002 Penn ave., E. E.

FOR RENT.
RETAIL STORE ROOM.
In the new "Franklin Flats" building, Logan and Franklin sts.
Fine location.
Low rental.
GEORGE BROS.,
Columbia Bank Building, 248 Fourth ave.

OAKLAND STOREROOMS.
Only $17 a month for good storeroom at 108 Boquet st., Oakland, near Fifth ave. Immediate possession.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

SUITABLE FOR DOCTOR OR DENTIST.
At 607 Sandusky street, Allegheny, 2 rooms on first floor, suitable for doctor, dentist or dressmaker; $25. Immediate possession.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

Flats.

4-ROOM FLATS—$26.
To be Let—At 607 Sandusky street, Allegheny, flat of 4 rooms, $26. Immediate possession.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

FOR RENT—One choice flat of 4 rooms and all modern conveniences, in The Bellevue apartments, Howard ave., Bellevue. Apply at once, E. Hallett.

Business Property.

FOR RENT.
Fine Store Building
24 Frankstown ave., 3-story building; has frontage on Penn ave.; also
Will rent first floor and basement
Separately if desired.
All in prime order; prominent location.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
327-329 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT—Two floors, each 20x60, $60. 110 Market st.

Desk Room.

DESK ROOM in prominent office building; rent, including stenographer, telephone and desk, from $10 to $15 per month. Room 407, Arcott bldg.

FOR RENT—Desk room. 1227 Park building. Call 12:30 o'clock.

Atlantic City.

HOTELS and cottages, furnished, 10 to 100 rooms, for rent; near ocean; reduced rates. The Fowler Real Estate Co., 14 South New York ave., Atlantic City, N. J.

Miscellaneous.

SAENGERFEST.
For Rent—Kitchen, ice cream, lunch and amusement stand at the Volksfest on June 7, 1905, at Ross grove will be let single or as a whole. All applications should be sent to Jos. Eberz, 711 First st., Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.
A 10-room colonial house in a delightful town, two hours' ride from Pittsburgh. House is heated and lighted with gas; has bath and city water; lot is 62 by 240. All kinds of fruit and flowers. Block and one-half from postoffice. Owner is going to California. Address P. O. Box 172, Mercer, Pa.

IF you want farms, city property, mineral, timber land, rubber, etc., call or write
SOUTHERN LAND & INDUSTRIAL CO.,
424 Fifth ave.

NINE-ROOM reception hall house, tile bath, hardwood floors, strictly modern; owner needs money and will sell at big bargain; good location, paved street, Edgewood. Address H 44, The Gazette.

FOR SALE—Frame house of 8 rooms and attic; lot 60x181; near Southern ave., Carrick borough; $5,800, easy terms. Address Z 77, The Gazette.

$2,400—Modern house, 6 rooms, hall, bath, attic, cabinet mantel, sliding doors, gas, water heater; Fawcett plan. McKeesport
JAMES W. TURNER, 302 Times Building.

C. T. MARSH, 7300 Church st., Swissvale, has for sale on easy terms several nice dwellings, $2,150 to $5,000; call.

Have title of your property EXAMINED AND INSURED by
LAND TRUST CO., 315 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

DWELLINGS—RESIDENCES—HOMES.
We have them FOR SALE in ALL SECTIONS of both cities, at
ALL PRICES, upon terms
TO SUIT PURCHASERS.
THE HOME YOU WANT IS FOR SALE BY
ARONSON REALTY COMPANY,
ARONSON BUILDING,
646 FIFTH AVE., COR TUNNEL ST.
MAKE MONEY FOR OTHERS.
WILL MAKE MONEY FOR YOU.

HINDSIGHT WON'T BENEFIT.
BUT FORESIGHT WILL
make you snap up this fine Bellevue property for $5,000; located at 59 Orchard st., near Rodgers ave., 8-room frame house, with all modern improvements; bath, laundry, furnace, etc.; convenient to the new manifold motor belt line; lot 60x150.
FREEHOLD REAL ESTATE CO.,
324 Fourth ave.

OAKMONT PROPERTY.
For fine building lots and pleasant homes address
T. S. M'ANLIS, Oakmont, Pa.
Bell 'phone 131.

East End Residences.

CENTER HALL HOUSE FOR $5,000.00 CASH

We have under option and offer to the public the finest house in the Baum Grove District, containing 14 rooms with all modern improvements, standing on 50-foot lot. Price $13,000. Trust Co. holds mortgage for $8,000.

See at once
ARONSON-FRIEDMAN CO.
436 FOURTH AVE.

FOR SALE—Nice home in choice location near Fairmont avenue, E. E., brick 8 rooms, bath, laundry; can be bought cheap, as owner's business requires his removal from this city; price, $4,850.
ELDERKIN STANTON CO.,
432 Fourth ave.

SHADYSIDE, ATLANTIC AVE.—New 11-room reception hall, solid brick, beautifully decorated; hardwood finish, every up-to-date convenience; lot 50x135, price $15,000. See
H. M. BLACKLEY,
312 Diamond Bank bldg.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, brick house, 8 rooms, corner Sheridan and Rodman; elegant business stand; lot 54x70.
LIBERTY REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
6128 Penn ave., E. E.

Have title of your property EXAMINED AND INSURED by
LAND TRUST CO., 315 Fourth ave.

Allegheny Residences.

FOR SALE.
OSGOOD ST., PERRY DIST.
Frame dwelling, con. 9 rooms, bath, range and all up-to-date modern improvements; shrubbery, fruit trees, etc.
Lot 50x125.
This property is located in the best part of Allegheny city; beautiful view; owner wishing to sell badly; reduced from $8,000 to $6,500. See
PEARSON & FRIES,
209 Ohio st., W.,
Allegheny, Pa.

BETTER SEE ABOUT THIS AT ONCE.
RESIDENCE IN PERRYSVILLE AVE. FOR $7,500.
Anyone desiring a home in this beautiful residence district will find on investigating this a fine solid brick house of 8 rooms; all modern conveniences, including bath, hot water heating system, etc.; owner is moving and must make quick disposition; possession at once.
FREEHOLD REAL ESTATE CO.,
324 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.
RIDGE AVE. Residence 12 rooms; modern fixtures; lot 70x200 ft.; stable
ALLEGHENY and carriage house; immediate possession; price made low to sell quickly, as owner is non-resident; see
$25,000 COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO., 327 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—1427 Pennsylvania ave., nice 2-story brick house of 8 rooms and all modern improvements; price $4,500; this is a decided bargain and the terms can be arranged satisfactorily.
W. L. SCOTT & CO.,
300 Federal st.

Have title of your property EXAMINED AND INSURED by
LAND TRUST CO., 315 Fourth ave.

Manufacturing Sites.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTURING SITE—5 acres both river and railroad; close to city; time required only 15 minutes; 60 trains per day stop within 100 yards of property; price $5,000 per acre. Will divide into small tracts, if desired.
BLACK & BAIRD,
Farmers Bank Bldg.

PUBLIC SALE.
MANUFACTURING SITE.
Samuel Walthour farm, at Manor Station, Pa., containing 254 acres, Tuesday, May 16, 1905.
J. L. M'WILLIAMS,
J. A. DEWALT,
Sale on premises. Trustees.

FOR SALE—In Pittsburgh, plant with buildings and spare ground, suitable for any light manufactory; fully equipped and running year around, with good established business, 8 years. Address H 75, The Gazette.

Real Estate—Special.

HAVE YOU A LOT?
We will turn it into a paying investment for you.
Will build you a home on it and arrange payments satisfactory to both; don't delay; come and see us, have a good long talk, it will certainly pay you to do so.
MAZIER & ROBSON,
417 Ferguson block.

For Sale or Exchange.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Suburban home within 100 yards of R. R. station; 60 trains stop each day; time to city 15 to 18 minutes; center hall house, 10 rooms, 2 bathrooms, 3 porches, laundry with stationary tubs, cemented cellar, instantaneous water heater, stable, child's playhouse, automobile house, and 5 acres of land. Fruit and shade trees, shrubbery, etc.; plenty of room for garden, cow pasture, chickens, etc. Price $25,000; payable $5,000 cash and balance on time, or will exchange for city property.
BLACK & BAIRD,
Farmers Bank Bldg.

FINE RESIDENCE PROPERTY.
To be Sold—For $10,000, on terms convenient to purchaser; very complete modern frame house of 8 rooms and bath, on lot 80x196 feet in Chatsworth ave. House finished throughout in hardwood; good stable and carriage house; fine shade trees and shrubs; stone walks; will trade for East End property.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Good frame house in Wilkinsburg; 10 rooms and bath; all modern; near station; price $6,000; free of incumbrance; would exchange for several small houses and assume some mortgage; also several lots for sale at a great bargain. Fred Hiteman, Wood and Franklin, Wilkinsburg.

I HAVE improved properties paying 6 per cent that I can exchange for clear vacant.
FRANK B. MILLER, 431 Fourth ave.

Mortgage Loans.

MONEY TO LOAN
—ON—
IMPROVED PROPERTY,
City or Suburban.
GEORGE BROS.,
248 Fourth ave.

MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE OR SMALL SUMS; RATES FROM 4½ PER CENT UP. IF YOUR SECURITY IS AMPLE, WE WILL DO PROMPT CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS. THE CURRIER COMPANY, 248 FOURTH AVE.

MONEY TO LOAN — ON MORTGAGES, in large and small amounts, at lowest market rates of interest. See COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO., 327 Fourth ave.

MONEY ON REAL ESTATE. Mortgages wanted on improved real estate in city or suburbs.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

I HAVE funds waiting to loan on good mortgages in any amount.
FRANK B. MILLER, 431 Fourth ave.

BARRELS OF 4½% MONEY TO LOAN.
JOHN K. EWING CO., 248 Fourth ave.

$500,000 to loan, 4½ to 5 per cent; mortgages or collateral; private party. P. O. box 663.

MONEY TO LOAN on easy terms.
B. B. BLACK, 240 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

Farms.

VIRGINIA stock and dairy farm, 8 miles from Richmond, on turnpike; R. R. station on farm; will be sold at bargain. Room 31, 424 Fifth ave.

FARMERS, write for our catalogue of Virginia homes and colony site.
SOUTHERN LAND & INDUSTRIAL CO.,
424 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—Improved Washington county farms; state your wants. J. M. Prigg, Washington, Pa.

FOR SALE—Beautiful level and fertile farms; all sizes; some on street car line near town; send for our large list. Wilson & Ohl, Niles, Ohio.

FARM BUYERS—Get our new catalogue.
THE JAS. MURTHA CO., 303 Times Bldg.

GET list of PA. and OHIO farms.
R. H. NEILL, OAKMONT, PA.

Lots.

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS.
Near Allegheny Parks.
20x110 feet to paved alley; excellent location for fine residence or apartment house; price $3,500.
REAL ESTATE SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,
522 Federal st., Allegheny.

FINE OAKWOOD LOT—$1,400.
TO BE SOLD—Beautiful home site, 50x140 feet; choice location in Oakmont, Pa.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

FORBES ST. FRONTAGE.
Nice level lot, corner East End ave. and Forbes st.; on car line.
Address OWNER, Box 1139, City.

Business Property.

FOR SALE.
Frontage in Penn ave., which will double in price in short time; corner property; near the hub; this can be bought now at a bargain; income carries it; $550.
LIBERTY REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
6128 Penn ave.,
E. E.

FOR SALE—Eighty feet frontage, near Smithfield st. Worth looking up by those who desire to invest and also make a turn in due time. See
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

HOMESTEAD BUSINESS PROPERTY.
Good building, rents $5,000 per annum; lot 80-foot front. Price less than $550 a foot front.
JOHN K. EWING CO., 248 Fourth ave.

SEVERAL very fine business properties for sale on First avenue; very moderate prices.
J. M. DRILL, 309 Fourth ave.

Business Opportunities.

SALOON AND RESTAURANT—Located 42 miles from Pittsburgh; this place has two cash registers, which cost $375; fine bar fixtures, four double bedrooms, one $600 piano; all go with the place; doing a business of $360 per week; stock of liquors on hands, $2,000; this place can be bought for less than invoice price $5,000.
CIGAR, CONFECTIONERY AND FRUIT STORE—Best location in city for store of this kind; does a business of $450 per month, rent, including six living rooms, only $37.50 per month; this can be bought for $350 cash, balance on time to suit buyer; price $700.
CIGAR STAND—In downtown office bldg., has good stock on hand, doing a business of $9.00 per day; on account of going to the coast will sell for $400.
CROWN REALTY CO.,
Room 313 Ferguson Block, 320 Fourth ave.

INCORPORATE YOUR BUSINESS
Limited Liability. Perpetual Existence.
Corporate Purposes Unlimited.
ACTUARIES, ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS.
Call or write for FREE BOOKLET.
Contains advantages of incorporation over individual or co-partnership business, also a digest of the Corporation Laws of New Jersey, Delaware and District of Columbia.
We give Better Rates, do Better Work and have Better Facilities than any other company in the country.
UNIVERSAL INCORPORATING CO.,
1107-1108-1109 Keystone Bldg.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Branch offices—Trenton, N. J., Wilmington, Del., and Washington, D. C.

HOTEL.
Without exception the finest opportunity of this kind in Western Pennsylvania; house contains 42 guest rooms, lavishly furnished; this house cleared almost $1,000 last month; price is $50,000 for the entire furnishment, including real estate, which is a three-story brick building, very conveniently arranged and in excellent condition; terms can be arranged to suit purchaser.
B. R. FAULKNER & CO., INC.,
1107 Arrott bldg., Fourth ave. and Wood st.

OIL PROPOSITION
Old time Butler county operator, for years identified with the early developments of the county, will put in time and experience for necessary expense and small interest in first well, and secure leases when he knows the opportunities for new developments at 1,000 to 1,500 feet are promising as were the locations recently demonstrated by the new strikes in that county. If interested address for interview and particulars, M 78, The Gazette.

WANTED.
Manager and salesman in large department store, city; must be able to take stock in the company; only first-class man with experience need apply; write, giving reference, etc., F 4, The Gazette.

IF YOU have from $100 to $2,000 in ready money, I can show you how and where to employ it so as to make a fortune in a few years, without risk, in a legitimate business enterprise. I invite the most rigorous investigation, and am prepared to submit satisfactory evidence to convince the most conservative. Address D. R., P. O. Box No. 1372, New York City.

FOR SALE—Mineral spring, hotel and baths, in flourishing town in Western Pennsylvania, at line of railroad; spring capacity 60 barrels daily; specific diabetes, rheumatism and kidney troubles. Great opportunity to extend the business. T. W. Larsen & Co., Slatersville, W. Va.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
We can sell your business no matter where located; for quick sale consult us at once.
W. F. WEITERSHAUSEN,
717 East Ohio st., Allegheny.

—BUSINESS CHANCES—
AT ALL TIMES there are some who want to buy, others who want to sell; it's our business to bring buyer and seller together; you will save time and money by going to an old, reliable agent. All transactions confidential.
B. R. FAULKNER & CO., INC'D.
ESTABLISHED 1883.
1107 Arrott Building, Fourth ave. and Wood st.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.
Excellent location in Twentieth ward; sales average $125 to $150 per week; fine large storeroom and 2 living rooms for $40 per month. Price, $1,100. Stock and fixtures would invoice about this amount.
CHARLES W. TURNER,
415 Fourth ave.

GROCERY.
Business established at the present location for over 30 years; present owner has been there over 18 years; stock and fixtures invoicing about $3,000; sales about $2,500 per month; business netting about $3,000 annually.
B. R. FAULKNER & CO., INC.,
1107 Arrott bldg., Fourth ave. and Wood st.

GENTS FURNISHING AND CLOTHING—Advertiser wants a clean, desirable stock, invoicing $8,000 to $15,000; prefer a large growing town, but would consider stock in city. Address Z 4, The Gazette.

GROCERY STORE.
In growing district on street car line; best store in the neighborhood; sales average over $200 per week and increasing monthly; rent for store, 6 living rooms and stable, $35 per month. Will sell by invoice, about $2,000.
CHARLES W. TURNER,
415 Fourth ave.

SALOON—In township in Allegheny county; established 5 years; lease can be had for 6 years; rent for bar, 9 living rooms and stable for 8 horses, $24 per month, has averaged for the past 5 years $125 per week; good man could greatly increase the business. Price $3,300.
S. V. THOMPSON COMPANY,
Third Floor, 300 Times Bldg., 336 Fourth ave.

ROOMING HOUSE, 14 rooms and bath; best location in Allegheny overlooking parks; filled with good paying roomers; cars pass door; a bargain for quick buyer. Address V 4, The Gazette.

ROOMING HOUSE—In city, 14 rooms, all furnished and filled with roomers, clearing $75 mo. above expenses; price $400.
CAVANAGH & CO., 431 Fourth ave.

BARGAIN—First-class saloon and restaurant, best location; going in other business near information, Wilhelm, 68 Superior st., Cleveland, O.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business see CAVANAGH & CO., 431 Fourth ave.

WE DESIRE some additional capital for a good practical manufacturing industry. Address G 78, The Gazette.

FOR SALE.

Machinery.

MACHINERY.
1 Guillotine shear, capacity 30x4".
1 Guillotine shear, capacity 10x1".
1 Lever shear with engine, capacity 2x3".
1 Lever shear, belt driven, capacity 2x3".
1 Upright shear, 26" throat.
1 No. 3 Long & Allstatter upright shear.
1 Upright belt driven shear, 4½" throat.
1 Machine for corrugating sheets, 1" and 2½" up to 10' long.
Also buildings, cranes, boilers, engines, pumps, etc.
WICKES BROTHERS,
Both 'Phones. 45th st. and A. V. Ry.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.
One second-hand 8½ H. P. Brighton gas engine, A1 condition.
One 3½ H. P. second-hand Bauroth Bros. engine; can be seen running.
One lot of second-hand alternating generators.
IN STOCK.
New gas and gasoline engines; all sizes.
EMPIRE MACHINE COMPANY,
General Machinists and Manufacturers.
'Phone 583 Court. 210 Third ave., city.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers and large lot miscellaneous machinery, second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
JOHN S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

FAIRBANKS, Morse & Warren gas engines; all sizes.
Steam engines, boilers, pumps, dynamos, motors, shafting and hangers.
Complete electric steam power and pumping plants installed.
TRANTER MFG. CO.,
105 Water st.,
Pittsburgh.

MOTORS for boats, cheapest and best in the city; also one 8S ft.x12 ft. passenger launch; one 60x7 ft. passenger launch, and several small gasoline and steam launches; come and see them. R. C. Price & Co., foot of Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—Engines, boilers, sawmills, sand crushers, grinding mills, brick machinery, rock crushers, road machinery, corn huskers, hydraulic cider mills, belting, hose, circular saws, general supplies.
B. D. REED, 28 E. Lacock st., Allegheny.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
1 7½-H. P. Lazier gas engine.
1 60" blower.
TRANTER MFG. CO.,
105 Water st.,
Pittsburgh.

GAS. ENGINES. GASOLINE
Vertical—all sizes—Horizontal.
Headquarters for marine engines and gasoline yachts.
THE FAIRBANKS CO., 316-318 Second ave.

FOOS GAS ENGINES.
Strictly high grade, over 200 in use in Allegheny county. Get our prices before buying.
FOOS GAS ENGINE CO., 135 First ave.

GAS ENGINES—New and second-hand; have us do your repairing. BRIGGS MACHINERY COMPANY, 238 Second ave.

1—10 H. P., 1—20 H. P., 2—2 H. P. gas engines, second-hand. 218 Second ave.

WILLIAM M. KIRBY—GRINDSTONES—ALL SIZES. 312 FIRST AVE., PGH.

Poultry, Birds & Dogs.

FOR SALE—Consider this carefully; white Wyandottes and single-comb white Leghorns; my stock is standard bred and high-grade in every respect; the Wyandottes are large white birds, grand in shape and remarkably good in all points; the Leghorns are typical specimens that will delight the eye of any fancier; my stock is all hardy, vigorous, healthy birds and have free range over 40 acres, all in orchard; they are fully developed, in the pink of condition from good, strong fertile eggs that will hatch strong chicks that live and thrive; I have no stock for sale, but will sell eggs from my best matings, and you cannot go wrong in trying a setting or two; all eggs shipped immediately upon receipt of order and prompt attention given to correspondence; $1.50 for setting of 15 eggs. G. H. Klinzel, city treasurer, owner and proprietor Glen Lee Poultry Farm, Winchester, Va.

"CHICKS" just hatched; many varieties; expressed safely. Freeport Hatchery Co., Freeport, Mich.

Sewing Machines.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.
100 trial and shopworn SEWING MACHINES—ALL MAKES—must be disposed of in short time to make room for our NEW stock of SEWING MACHINES, REGARDLESS OF PRICE.
CARTER SEWING MACHINE CO.,
131 Sixth st., next Bijou Theater.

Horses and Vehicles.

COVERED WAGON—Suitable for tobacco or confectionery; also one set double wagon and buggy harness. 112 E. Jefferson st., Allegheny.

FOR SALE—Good, sound team or farm horse, dapple gray, 7 years old, 1,500 lbs. Box 68, Oakdale, Pa.

Typewriters.

LATE REMINGTON, Smiths, Olivers—Underwoods, cheap. Rentals, $2 up. PHILADELPHIA TYPEWRITER and SUPPLY COMPANY, 328 and 324 Lewis building.

FOR SALE—Smith Premier typewriter, cheap. 816 Collins ave., East End.

SMITH PREMIER typewriter No. 2, almost new; price, with base and cover, $75. Address C 44, The Gazette.

Safes.

SAFES bought and sold and exchanged. W. PRAGER, 110 Market st.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Bargains, bargains, bargains! We have a lot of office chairs, new and second-hand, which we are closing out to make room for new patterns; also a lot of mahogany single flat top desks at extraordinary prices. BAKER OFFICE FURNITURE CO., 815-817 Liberty ave.

PAINT PRESERVES PROPERTY.
Protect your home with good paint put on by a trustworthy painter.
P. J. HYNES, 674 Fifth ave.
711 Forbes st. Both telephones.

FOR SALE—Large, fine display case in main hall of Pittsburgh exposition, located in main sale, near music hall; best location. Address for further particulars, P. O. Box 1502, Pittsburgh, Pa.

TYPEWRITER ribbons and carbon papers of the unequaled Paragon brand are for sale only by the Remington Typewriter Company, 301 Wood street. Telephone Main 66.

FOR SALE—Practically new bank fixtures, counters, screens, desks, etc., worth $3,000; price, $1,650. Braddock Trust Co., Braddock, Pa.

THE greatest reduction ever heard of in cash registers, fireproof safes and roll-top desks; old coins bought and sold; 150-page catalogue 25 cents. C. W. Franklin, 239 Fourth ave.

REFRIGERATORS.
Largest assortment for all purposes; also special sizes built to order; estimates furnished.
Bergald Glockler Co., 1129 Penn ave.

ONE student's Worcester organ, with two manuals, pump and pedals; will make convenient terms. Call 45 Inwood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

BAR FIXTURES, billiard tables, etc.; easiest terms. DELP'S, Fourth and Liberty aves.

CALL at 6000 Alder st., E. E., and buy old doors and windows cheap.

NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of William C. Brown, deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Margaret McC. Brown, executrix, Oakmont P. O., Allegheny county, Pa.

TRANSFER AND STORAGE.

Allegheny Transfer and Storage Co
MOVING. STORAGE.
PACKING. HAULING.
SEPARATE APARTMENTS FOR FURNITURE.
LOWEST PRICES. BEST SERVICE.
840 West North Ave., Allegheny.

DANCING ACADAMIES.

M'DOUGALL'S, Craig and Forbes, Pittsburgh; 27 Federal st., Allegheny. Ten lessons $3. Six private, $5. Afternoon and evenings. Open all summer—electric fans.

PATENTS.

TRUXALL, solicitor and promoter of patents, 609 German National Bank Bldg., Pittsburgh.

H. C. EVERT & CO., Patent Attorneys, 309 Smithfield st., opposite postoffice.

AUCTION SALE.

HENRY AUCTION CO.
WILL SELL AT AUCTION AT THEIR SPACIOUS ROOMS, 124 AND 126 NINTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 12,
AT 10 O'CLOCK,
A large consignment of fine Furniture, embracing chamber suites in oak and mahogany, odd dressers and chiffoniers, brass beds, oak folding bed, large fine mirror, mahogany tables, vis-a-vis, chairs, glass and silverware, leather suites, leather couches, chairs and rockers, large oak sideboard, china closet, extension table, leather chairs, lace curtains, portiers, office safe, desks, stoves and refrigerators, at 10 o'clock. High grade Wilton, Brussels and Velvet carpets and druggets. Splendid lot of second-hand rugs, carpets and linoleums.
HENRY AUCTION CO.,
Auctioneers.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS for Stationery, Supplies, etc., for the several departments of the state government of Pennsylvania.
Office of the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings.
Commissioners.
Samuel W. Pennypacker, Governor.
W. F. Snyder, Attorney General.
W. L. Mathues, State Treasurer.
J. M. Shumaker, Superintendent.
Proposals for Furnishing Stationery, Fuel and other Supplies.

In compliance with the constitution and laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, we hereby invite sealed proposals, at prices below maximum rates fixed in schedules, to furnish stationery, fuel and other supplies for the several departments of the state government and for making repairs in the several departments and for the distribution of the public documents for the year ending the first Tuesday of June, A. D. 1906. Separate proposals will be received and separate contracts awarded as announced in said schedules. Each proposal must be accompanied by a bond, with at least two sureties or one surety company, approved by a judge of the court of common pleas of the county in which the person or persons making such proposals may reside, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract, and addressed and delivered to the board of commissioners of public grounds and buildings before 12 o'clock m. of Tuesday, the 6th day of June, A. D. 1905, at which time the proposals will be opened and published in the reception room of said department at Harrisburg, and contracts awarded as soon thereafter as practicable. Blank bonds and schedules containing all necessary information can be obtained at this department.
J. M. SHUMAKER,
For the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, United States Geological Survey, Reclamation Service, Washington, D. C., April 29, 1905. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the engineer, United States Reclamation Service, Billings, Montana, until 2 o'clock p. m., June 28, 1905, and thereafter opened, for the construction of pumping station, concrete culverts, siphons, drops, etc., and furnishing two steel highway bridges, each consisting of three spans with stands, and 120,000 pounds steel bars for reinforcing concrete. Total amount of concrete about 1,600 cubic yards. Above work to be done along line of canal east from Huntley, Montana, in connection with the Huntley project. Specifications, form of proposal, and plans may be obtained at the office of the chief engineer of the reclamation service, Washington, D. C., or from R. S. Stockton, engineer, Billings, Montana. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for $1,500, payable to the order of the secretary of the interior, as a guaranty that the bidder will, if successful, promptly execute a satisfactory contract and furnish bonds in the sum of $10,000 for the faithful performance thereof, or bids may be also be accompanied by the guaranty of responsible sureties to furnish bond as required if the bid be accepted. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, to accept one part and reject the other, and to waive technical defects, as the interests of the service may require. Bidders are invited to be present. Proposals must be marked "Proposal for building structures and furnishing material, Huntley project, Montana." E. A. Hitchcock, secretary.

PROPOSALS—For net beef, suet, coal, lumber and miscellaneous supplies, U. S. Indian school service, Carlisle, Pennsylvania, May 10, 1905. Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for net beef, flour," etc., as the case may be, and addressed to the undersigned at Carlisle, Pa., will be received at this school until 2 o'clock p. m. of May 29, 1905, for furnishing and delivering, as required during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, about 5,000 pounds bacon, 10,000 pounds beans, 26,000 pounds net beef, 190,000 pounds feed, 180,000 pounds flour, 8,000 pounds rolled oats, 12,000 pounds dried fruit, 2,200 tons coal, 68,300 feet lumber, besides assorted shop supplies, subsistence, clothing, etc. Specifications for said articles, together with a form of bid, may be obtained at the school. Bidders will state specifically the price of each article to be offered under contract. All articles so offered will be subject to rigid inspection. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids or any part of any bid, if deemed for the best interests of the service. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon some United States depository or solvent national bank, made payable to the order of the commissioner of Indian affairs, for at least 5 per cent of the amount of the proposal, said check or draft to be forfeited to the United States in case any bidder receiving an award shall fail to execute promptly a satisfactory contract in accordance with his bid; otherwise to be returned to the bidder. Bids accompanied by cash in lieu of certified checks will not be considered. W. A. Mercer, Superintendent.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL—Department of the Interior, Office if Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., April 26, 1905. Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for coal," and addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., will be received until 2 o'clock p. m. of Thursday, May 25, 1905, for furnishing and delivering as required at the various Indian agencies and schools during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, about 4,476 tons of hard coal; 24,264 tons of soft coal and 1275½ tons of blacksmith coal; or bidders may submit proposals for the delivery of all or any portion of the coal at Omaha, Kansas City, Sioux City or St. Paul. Bids must be made out on government blanks. Schedules showing the quantities of the several kinds of coal to be delivered at each agency and school, together with form of proposal and all necessary instructions for bidding will be furnished on application to the Indian Office, Washington, D. C., to the Indian warehouses at Nos. 119 and 121 Wooster street, New York City; No. 265 South Canal street, Chicago, Ill.; No. 602 South Seventh street, St. Louis, Mo.; Nos. 815 and 817 Howard street, Omaha, Neb., and No. 23 Washington street, San Francisco, Cal.; to the several Indian agents and school superintendents, and to the office of this newspaper.
C. F. LARRABEE, Acting Commissioner.

GENERAL DEPOT, Q. M. Dept., Jeffersonville, Ind., May 10, 1905.—Sealed proposals in triplicate, indorsed on cover "Proposals for Q. M. Supplies," and addressed to undersigned will be received here until 10 o'clock a. m., June 6, 1905, for pony harness and miscellaneous supplies required for Manila, P. I., as per schedule, which will be furnished on application to this depot and the depots at San Francisco and New York city. Preference given to articles of domestic production or manufacture. The right is reserved to reject or accept any or all bids or any part thereof. J. M. Marshall, assistant quartermaster general, depot quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR CEMENT—U. S. Engineer Office, Little Rock, Ark., May 9, 1905. Sealed proposals for American Portland cement for Lock No. 2, Upper White river, Ark., will be received at this office until 10 o'clock a. m., June 10, 1905, and then publicly opened. Specifications, blank forms and all available information will be furnished on application to this office. Graham D. Fitch, major engineers.

PROPOSALS FOR IRON WORK—U. S. Engineer Office, Little Rock, Ark., May 9, 1905. Sealed proposals for iron work for Lock No. 2, Upper White river, Ark., will be received at this office until 10 o'clock, a. m., June 10, 1905, and then publicly opened. Specifications, blank forms and all available information will be furnished on application to this office. Graham D. Fitch, major engineers.

United States Engineer Office, Pittsburgh, Pa., April 12, 1905. Sealed proposals for building a power house at each of dams Nos. 3, 4 and 5, Ohio river, will be received here until 12 M., May 12, 1905, then publicly opened. Information furnished on application. William L. Sibert, Major Engineers.

LOST.

LOST—Your fault, if you don't get one of our fine Ingrain rooms tomorrow, in red or green, 10 wall, 2 festoon borders, 6 ceiling, $6.50 value for $2.95. Fort Pitt Wall Paper Co., 804 Penn ave.

LOST—On or near Penn ave., bridge over P. R. R., Main Liberty, Sunday night

STOCKS REMAINED DULL AND PRICES IRREGULAR

U. S. Steel Issues and Union Pacific Closed Lower. Crop Report Was Favorable—Local Securities Averaged Lower.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

The New York stock market was irregular yesterday, and the volume of transactions smaller. There was no continuity to the movement of prices, members of the same group of stock displaying weakness and strength, and there was practically no news to influence values. London quotations were lower and foreigners were moderate sellers, which set the tone of the early dealings. Later in the day the covering of shorts in certain specialties caused a sharp rise, while other stocks were neglected.

A feature at the opening was the selling of rather large lines of Union Pacific and several active railroad issues by prominent room traders. The incentive for this selling was said to be the addresses made by President Roosevelt at Denver and Secretary Taft at the banquet given to the International Railway Congress in Washington on Tuesday. These addresses made it plain that while the recent hearings given by the senate committee on interstate commerce developed general opposition to increasing the powers of the interstate commerce commission or in any way enlarging government supervision of railroad rates, the administration at Washington is as strong as ever in favor of legislation on this subject at the October extra session of congress. The tone of the president's messages and addresses has been extremely conservative, but the opposition of the railway interests to any change in the present laws, or in the powers of the commission, indicates that the administration may go a little farther than intended in demanding legislation on the subject. However, it is a little early to sell stocks on any action which congress may take next fall.

Industrial stocks were relatively firmer than the railroads, although in the final dealings United States Steel issues turned weak and closed 1 per cent lower for both issues. The decline was probably based upon the fact that the published weekly review of an authority in the trade was regarded as a little less optimistic than recent opinions. The minor iron and steel issues were strong under the leadership of Colorado Fuel and Iron, which advanced to 46 and closed with a net gain of 3 per cent. Tennessee Coal and Iron and American Locomotive each closed ¾ per cent higher for the day. American Smelting common was a strong feature all day, at one time showing a rise of nearly 1 per cent and closing 3 per cent higher than on Tuesday. The rise was based upon semi-official estimates as to the extent of increased earnings following the acquisition of additional companies. American Sugar closed ¼ per cent higher in the face of a sharp reduction in refined sugar. Amalgamated Copper was strong most of the day, but sold off late in the session and closed at a net advance of ¼ per cent.

Such prominent railroad stocks as Pennsylvania, New York Central and Illinois Central closed unchanged for the day. Union Pacific closed at a loss of ¾ per cent, while Southern Pacific closed ½ per cent higher. The strongest stock was Northern Pacific, which advanced from 183 to 186 on the increase of $500,000 in gross earnings for the month of April. St. Paul, Atchison and Rock Island closed lower, and the southern group of railroad stocks closed unchanged to ¼ per cent lower.

Call loans remained easy and closed offered at 2 per cent. Time loans were also easy.

The government crop report, made public after the close of the market, fully met expectations. The average condition of winter wheat on the 1st inst. was placed at 92.5 per cent, an improvement of about 1 per cent for the month, and of 10 per cent as compared with the corresponding date last year. With one exception, the present condition of May wheat is the highest in 14 years at this season. On May 1, 1901, the condition was 93.3 per cent, less than 1 per cent higher than at present, and in that year the total yield of both winter and spring wheat was 748,000,000 bushels, the largest ever harvested.

Dealings on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday were the smallest for any full day for months, footing up only 2,218 shares. The price fluctuations were equally insignificant, but averaged lower. Pittsburgh Coal preferred declined to and closed at 72¼ bid, while the common remained unchanged at 18. Only 5 shares of Crucible common and 100 shares of the preferred changed hands, and both closed ½ lower. Westinghouse Electric sold to the extent of only 25 shares at 85, a decline of ¼, and closed offered at that price. Airbrake remained unchanged at 145. Independent Brewing stocks and bonds closed fractionally unchanged. The rest of the list was without feature.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Sales on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

10:00 A. M. to 10:30 A. M.

37 P. Coal com.	18	6 W. Airbrake	145
50 do	18⅛	40 P. Brw. com.	27½
5 Crucible com.	11	30 do	27½
25 P. Coal pfd.	72⅜	45 do	27⅝
25 do	72⅜	200 U. S. Stl. pfd.	98⅝

10:30 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.

35 P. Brw. com.	27⅛	50 P. Coal com.	18
50 U.S.Stl. com.	30¾	20 Electric 2nds.	85
10 P. Coal com.	18	5 do	85
40 do	18	100 U. S. Stl. pfd.	98¼

11:00 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

50 P. Coal pfd.	72⅜	25 W. Airbrake	145
50 do	72½	10 P. Brw. com.	27¾
50 do	72½	50 M. L. & H.	35⅛
100 U.S.Stl. com.	30½	15 Mer. S. & T.	55
100 do	30¾	6 Mon. Water	39
10 P. Brw. pfd.	47½	24 do	40
50 H.-W.R. pfd.	70	20 do	40
50 do	70		

12:30 P. M. to 2:00 P. M.

50 P. Coal pfd.	72⅛	18 P. Brw. pfd.	47⅛
30 do	72⅜	25 Ind. Brw. pfd.	41⅛
16½ I. Brw. com.	16½	$2000 Ind. Brw. 6s	107⅝
150 P. Brw. pfd.	47½	$1000 do	107½

2:00 P. M. to 2:30 P. M.

20 P. Coal pfd.	72⅝	100 Crucible pfd.	62⅞
50 do	72⅜	1 H.-W. R. pfd.	70½

2:30 P. M. to 3:00 P. M.

50 P. Brw. com.	27⅜	10 F. Proof pfd.	34⅜
30 do	27⅝	80 C.B.&L.E.pfd.	72½
10 Ind. Brw pfd.	41½	20 M. L. & H.	35⅛
10 F. Proof pfd.	34⅜	109 P. Coal com.	18
15 do	34⅜	$250 Ind. Brw. 6s, scrip	107
50 do	34⅜		
50 do	34⅞		

Summary.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Ch'ge.
5 Cruc. Steel	11	11	11	—⅛
100 Do preferred	62⅞	62⅞	62⅞	—⅛
85 Fireproof pfd.	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	—⅛
101 H. W. Ref. pf.	*70½	70	*70½	—½
163½ Ind. Brewing	16½	16½	16½	—1
35 Do preferred	41⅝	41½	41⅝	—⅛
70 Mfrs. L. & H.	35⅛	35⅛	35½	+⅛
50 Monon. Water	40	*39	40	+1
80 P. B.&L.E. pf.	72½	72½	72½	—2½
240 Pgh. Brew'g.	27⅝	27½	27⅝	+⅛
178 Do preferred	47½	47½	47½	0
287 Pgh. Coal	18⅛	18	18	0
350 Do preferred	72⅝	72½	72⅝	—⅜
250 U. S. Steel	30¾	30½	30½	—⅞
300 Do preferred	98⅝	98¼	98¼	—¾
41 West. Airbrake	145	145	145	0
25 W. Elec. 2nds	85	85	85	—½
BANKS, ETC.				
15 Merch. S. & T.	55	55	55	—1
221				
BONDS.				
$3,000 Ind. Brew. 6s	107¾	107½	107½	—¼
SCRIP.				
$ 250 Ind. Brew. 6s	107	107	107	—¼

*Less than 16 shares.

Closing Bids and Offers.

STOCKS.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.
Pittsburgh Stock Exchange	100	....	9000
Pittsburgh Banks—			
Arsenal Bank	50	140	155
Bank of Pittsburgh	50	180	185
Commonwealth Trust	100	190	200
Diamond National	100	....	450
Federal National	100	....	203½
First National, Pittsburgh	100	....	600
Fifth Avenue Bank	50	78	....
Guarantee Title and Trust	100	....	190
Iron City Trust	100	....	150
Keystone National	100	....	180
Marine National	100	....	135
Metropolitan National	100	....	150
Safe Deposit and Trust	100	420	425
Third National, Pittsburgh	100	....	100
Traders and Mechanics	50	70	....
Union Trust	100	2500	3000
Allegher Banks—			
Allegheny Trust, Allegheny	100	....	145
Dollar Savings Fund & Trust	100	295	....
Workingmen's Savings	50	....	400
Miscellaneous—			
American Sewer Pipe	100	36½	37
Citizens Traction	50	....	70
Crucible Steel	100	11⅝	....
Do preferred	100	62⅜	62⅞
Harbison-Walker Company	100	....	17
Manufacturers Light & Heat	50	55	....
Marsden	100	3½	4
Monongahela Incline Plane	50	92	....
Monongahela River Coal	50	10	10½
Do preferred	50	....	28
Monongahela Water	25	....	40
National Fireproofing	50	16½	16¾
Do preferred	50	34½	34⅝
Ohio Fuel Supply	25	39	39½
Philadelphia Company	50	43½	44
Do preferred	50	....	50
Pittsburgh Brewing	50	27¼	27⅜
Do preferred	50	47½	48
Pittsburgh Coal	100	18	18⅛
Do preferred	100	72½	72⅝
Pittsburgh Plate Glass	100	....	124
Tonopah Extension Mining	1	5.00	5.25
Ohio Tonopah	1	.34	.36
United States Steel	100	30½	30¾
Do preferred	100	98	98¼
Westinghouse Electric	50	84	85
Westinghouse Airbrake	50	....	145
Independent Brewing	50	16¼	17
Do preferred	50	41½	41⅝
BONDS.			
American Sewer Pipe 6s	....	101	....
Monongahela River Coal 6s	....	....	112
Pgh. McK. & Conn. 1st 5s	....	103¼	104
Pittsburgh Brewing 6s	....	173	....
Wilkinsb'g & E. Pgh. S. R. 5s	....	107½	107¾

Pig Iron Certificates Market.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Early in the session offerings for pig iron certificates were more liberal at easier prices, without leading to much activity. First call, 11 o'clock:

	Regular. Bid.	Asked.	Foundry. Bid.	Asked.
Cash	15.70	15.80	16.00	16.25
May	15.70	15.85	16.00	16.25
June	15.70	15.95	16.00	16.25
July	15.70	15.85	16.05	16.25
August	15.70	16.00	....	....
October	....	....	16.00	16.50
February	15.70	16.00	16.00	16.15

Sales, 200 tons regular July at 15.75.

Late in the session the market was lifeless and without noteworthy feature. Second call, 1 o'clock:

	Regular. Bid.	Asked.	Foundry. Bid.	Asked.
May	15.70	15.85	....	16.25
June	15.70	15.90	16.00	16.25
July	15.70	15.90	16.00	16.20
August	15.70	16.00	....	....
October	....	....	....	16.50
February	15.70	16.00	....	16.25

The Bond Market.

NEW YORK, May 10.—District of Columbia 3s, 65s, 118½ bid; Philippine 4s, 108 bid. Price ranges were as follows:

	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Imp. Jap. ster. loan 6s	99	98⅜	98⅜
Do 2d series 6s	96	95⅜	95⅞
Do ster. loan 4½s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
American Tobacco 6s	112⅜	112	112
Do 4s	74⅞	74⅛	74⅛
Atchison gen. 4s	103	102⅝	102⅝
B. & O. gold 4s	104⅜	104⅛	104⅜
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	99⅞	99⅜	99⅞
Col. Ind. con. 5th ser. A	73½	72	72⅜
Do con. 5th ser. B	70½	69½	70⅜
Erie con. 4s	105⅜	105⅛	105⅜
C. & R. W. deb. B	73⅜	73	73½
Norfolk & Western con. 4s	102⅛	102	102⅛
Northern Pacific 1st 4s	105⅝	105⅜	105⅝
Reading gen. 4s	102⅜	102⅛	102⅜
Southern Pacific col. tr. 4s	95½	94⅞	94⅞
Union Pacific 1st 4s	120	119⅜	119⅜
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s	94⅜	94⅛	94⅛
Wabash-Pgh Ter. 1st 4s	94½	94⅛	94⅛
Do 2d 4s	89	88¾	88¾

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $131,260,272; gold, $61,044,134; silver, $26,488,672; United States notes, $15,455,811; treasury notes of 1890, $47,701; national bank notes, $11,808,495; total receipts this day, $2,079,643; total receipts this month, $14,368,307; total receipts this year, $466,982,516; total expenditures this day, $2,210,000; total expenditures this month, $16,280,000; total expenditures this year, $501,833,707; deposits in national banks, $97,114,624.

FEATURES OF THE DAY

IN PITTSBURGH.	IN WALL STREET.
Dullest day for many weeks on the stock exchange.	Stock market remained dull and prices were irregular.
Price changes were small, but averaged slightly lower.	Sales only 550,000 shares stock and $1,875,000 bonds.
Pittsburgh Coal preferred declined to and closed at 72¼ bid.	United States Steel issues and Union Pacific closed lower.
Independent Brewing stocks and bonds closed slightly lower.	Colorado Fuel and American Smelting closed strong and higher.
Light and Heat and Monongahela Water closed firmer.	Industrial stocks were relatively firmer than the railroads.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

The action of the New York stock market yesterday may be said to have been entirely normal, when account is taken of the movement of the past two or three weeks. It requires bold and more or less spectacular leadership to attract the public and roll up transactions exceeding a million shares a day. Just at the present time this leadership is lacking, and the falling away to less than half the recent average daily transactions represents the operations of the smaller professional traders, who buy in the morning and sell in the afternoon, or reverse the order. The liquidation in the stock market seems to have been complete, and it is not likely that fresh liquidation on the part of recent buyers on the decline will occur in the absence of some unlooked-for event of a serious character. The fluctuations in the market, therefore, are likely to be narrow, and while an effort will be made to find an explanation for these fluctuations in current developments, the real cause will no doubt be found inside the walls of the stock exchange.

Aside from the technical evidences of the purely professional character of the trading is clear evidence of languid interest now shown in stocks. On the Friday before last Christmas there was a total of only 289,000 shares dealt in on the exchange owing to the three holidays to follow and the reasonable absences from Wall street. With that exception it is necessary to go back to the period of summer dullness in last August to find a parallel for yesterday's small business in stocks. The initiative came from London again, where the outcome of the settlement is awaited with some renewed apprehension, which was shown by the renewal of light liquidation there of American securities.

The local stock market has been so listless that brokers are beginning to say that little change can now be looked for until after the summer vacations. The only encouraging thing is that there is no selling pressure, and that brokers are carrying comparatively little stock on margin. A member of the local exchange remarked yesterday: "Occasionally an officer of one of our industrial corporations will tell me of some favorable development in the affairs of the company, and in the next breath will warn me that the information is confidential, as don't propose to regard as confidential any such communications. When times are bad and a corporation gets into trouble, all sorts of unfavorable rumors gain circulation, and the public is 'scared' out of its holdings. When a change comes and conditions are favorable, as they are at present, the general public receives not one official word of encouragement. Corporations which could give monthly or quarterly statements when the management desired to finance some new schemes, and then suppress all information at other times, create the impression that conditions are worse than they really are, and in my opinion hurt their own legitimate business to a greater extent than they hurt the stock market. I would like to see a movement on the part of stockholders in local corporations that would compel quarterly statements of earnings. If the United States Steel Corporation can make such statements, then smaller corporations can do so."

The directors of the Independent Brewing Company of Pittsburgh yesterday declared the initial quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock, payable May 25, to stock of record May 17. There is $4,500,000 preferred stock outstanding, dividends on which are cumulative.

In the current discussion about the stock exchange most stress was laid on the revived discussion by the president and secretary of war of the railroad rate regulation measures, indicating the unchanged importance attached to this question by the administration. An impression has been built up among stock exchange operators that the course of the hearing on this subject by the committee of the United States senate had served to lessen the probability of its being pushed as an issue with the aggressiveness indicated at one time. The tone of public addresses by the president and the leading members of his administration served to shake the assurance felt on this point.

Net earnings of the United States Steel Corporation for April are estimated at $10,700,000. In April 1904 the net earnings were $6,803,833, or $3,896,167 less than the minimum indicated net earnings last month. The net earnings for April, 1903, were $10,905,204, or $205,204 above April this year. Since the corporation was organized in April earnings, as officially reported, have been:

1904	$ 6,803,833
1903	10,905,204
1902	12,820,796
1901	7,356,774

For the month of May the corporation's net should not be less than $13,000,000. It was $12,744,824 in May, 1903, and $13,120,930 in May, 1902. Last year's May net was $9,236,518, but present conditions are easily 100 per cent better than at that time.

The Chicago Daily Trade Bulletin's monthly report of supplies of breadstuffs afloat for Europe and afloat in Europe, America and Australia shows a decrease of 17,283,000 bushels during April, compared with a decrease of 8,828,000 bushels in March and 4,094,000 bushels in April, 1904.

Officials of the American Smelting and Refining Company estimate that the business and profits of the concern will be increased not less than 20 per cent as a result of taking over control of new companies.

The new $100,000,000 Pennsylvania railroad 3½ per cent convertible bonds netted the company, according to the statement of an underwriter, 97⅛, the commission to the bankers being 2¾ per cent, and to the syndicate 1½ per cent. Wall street ascribes the failure of stockholders to take bonds to the high conversion price, 130, added to a rather full bond market.

The gross earnings of New York Central for April increased $235,136.

Gross earnings of Wabash for the first week in May decreased $18,142.

Surplus earnings of Ontario & Western for the March quarter were $84,115, against $40,565 in the same quarter last year.

An idea of the extreme pessimism that exists among the many commission houses in Wall street may be gained from the fact that a member of a prominent commission house yesterday offered to wager $1,050 that Union Pacific would decline 20 points from 118 before it advanced 20 points. The bet was immediately taken. The house was very bullish on the same stock when it was selling above 135.

The National Biscuit Company yesterday declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock payable May 31, to stock of record May 16. The regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent on the common stock also was declared, payable July 15, to stock of record June 28.

A Russian prince has been installed as manager of the Chicago branch of a prominent New York stock exchange house. Money was extremely easy, but sterling exchange was strong, and the question was again canvassed whether the small demand in the New York money market would not permit an outgo of gold. Paris has relaxed its demand for that metal, however, and arrivals in London are going into the Bank of England.

COMPLETE RECORD OF THE NEW YORK STOCKS

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges, and Chicago board of trade.

ACTIVE LIST.

Sales.	STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
21400	A., T. & S. F.	82	83½	82⅝	83½
100	Do preferred	100⅜	101⅛	100⅜	100⅛
400	Am. Cotton Oil	32	32	32	32
	Do preferred				
600	Am. Sugar Ref.	134	134½	134	134⅜
	Do preferred	135	135	135	135
900	Am. Locomotive	44⅝	45¼	44⅝	45
100	Do preferred	115½	116	115½	115⅝
1300	Am. Car & Fdry.	94⅞	95⅜	94⅞	95⅛
100	Do preferred	97½	97½	97½	97½
25100	Amal. Copper	81⅝	82⅜	81⅛	81⅜
900	Anaconda Copper	110	113⅝	109⅝	108
77900	Am. S. & Ref.	111⅝	115⅝	111⅛	114⅜
1500	Do preferred	120	120	118⅝	119⅝
1700	Balto. & Ohio	104⅛	106⅜	104⅛	106
	Do preferred				
4000	Brk. Rap. Tran.	59⅜	60⅜	59	60
5400	Can. Pacific	141⅝	145¾	141⅝	144⅞
1300	Chicago & G. W.	19⅝	20	19⅝	19⅝
300	Cons. Gas	154½	154½	153½	153½
9400	C., C., C. & S. L.	97⅜	97⅞	97	97⅛
1700	Chic. & Alton	48⅜	48⅞	48⅛	48⅝
100	Chicago G. West.	18	18	18	18
200	Chicago & N. W.	210½	210½	210½	210½
27400	Col. Fuel & I.	43¼	46	42⅜	45¾
200	Corn Product	12⅜	12½	12⅜	12⅜
	Do preferred				
100	Col. Southern	29⅜	29⅝	29⅜	29⅜
100	Do 1st pfd.				
200	Del. & Hudson	154½	155	154½	154½
5500	Erie	41⅝	42⅜	41⅝	42⅛
1500	Do 1st pfd.	78	78¼	78	78⅛
700	Do 2d pfd.	66	66⅜	65	66⅛
100	Gen. Electric				157
	Hocking Valley				87
500	Ill. Central	154½	155⅜	154½	155
400	Iowa Central	28	29⅛	28	29⅛
200	Do preferred				
	Int. Paper	21	21	21	20⅞
4100	Louisv. & Nashv.	144⅜	148	143⅝	144
200	Manhattan	163½	164½	163½	164½
1500	Missouri Pacific	96	100⅜	96	99⅝
3200	Peoples Gas	102	103⅜	102	103⅛
100	Pacific Mail	44	44	43½	43½
200	Pullman	225	225	224½	224½
100	P. Steel Car	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
	Do pfd.				91
18500	Pa. R. R.	124⅛	125	124⅛	124⅝
	Railway Springs	34	34	34	34
	Do pfd.	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97
48700	Reading	81⅜	82⅝	81⅜	82⅜
	Do 1st pfd.				89
	Do 2d pfd.				84
6700	Rock Island	28	28	27⅜	27⅝
	Do pfd.	72	72	72	72⅜
200	Republic Iron	17⅝	18	17⅝	17⅞
500	Do pfd.	93⅜	95	93⅜	95
19600	So. Pacific	65¾	68⅜	65¾	68⅛
1900	So. Railway	30	30	29⅝	30
400	Do pfd.	96	96	96	96
22600	St. Paul	171⅛	171⅝	170⅜	170⅝
	St. L. & S. W.				27
400	Do pfd.	57	59	57	59
3700	T., C. & Iron	90⅜	91⅞	90⅜	91⅝
300	Tex. & Pacific	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜
100	T., St. L. & W.	35⅜	35⅝	35⅜	35
300	Do pfd.	56	56⅜	56	55⅝
39000	U. S. Steel	31¼	31⅜	30⅛	30⅛
31600	Do pfd.	98⅜	98⅝	97⅝	97⅝
	Do 2d 5% bds.	94½	94⅝	94½	94½
17300	Union Pacific	119⅛	119⅞	118⅝	119
200	Do pfd.	91	91	90½	90½
1800	U. S. Rubber	39¼	40⅛	39¼	39⅞
	Do pfd.				106
	U. S. Leather				11¾
	Do pfd.				107
	U. S. I. Pipe	29⅜	30⅜	29⅜	30⅛
	Do pfd.				107
100	U. S. Realty	83½	84½	83½	84½
500	Wabash	13⅝	14⅜	13⅝	13⅞
400	Do pfd.	40	40½	40	40⅛
100	W. U. Telegraph	93⅜	93⅝	93⅜	93⅝
	W. & L. E.				17
	Do 1st pfd.				40
	Do 2d pfd.	20½	20⅝	20½	20
300	Wis. Central	20⅜	20⅝	20⅜	20⅝
500	Do pfd.	46⅝	46⅞	46⅝	46⅝
	W. Ele. 2nds pfd.				160¾
	Fed. M. Co. pfd.	94	94	94	93½
3900	Northern Pacific	184	186	182	185½
200	M.St.P.& S.S.M.	115⅝	115⅝	115¼	115
	Do pfd.	125	125	125	125½
	Am. Ex.	253	253	253	253
	Do pfd.	163½	163½	163½	163

INACTIVE LIST.

100	Am. S. F. pfd.	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
900	Do preferred	80	80	80
200	Am. G. & Elec.	25	25	25
100	Am. Ice	8	8	8
200	Do preferred	42	42½	41⅝
200	Am. Malt	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
100	Am. Smelt. pfd.	102	102	101½
	Am. Tob. pfd.	95½	96	94⅝
200	Atlic. Coal. pfd.	52½	52½	52½
200	Chicago U. Trac.	7⅝	7¾	7½

NEW YORK CLOSING BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s, reg.	104½	Japan 6s, ctfs.	94⅜
Do coupon	104⅝	L. & N. unif. 4s	94¼
U. S. 3s, reg.	104	Man. con. gold 4s	104
Do coupon	104⅜	Mexican Cen. 4s	77
U. S. new 4s, reg.	132	Do 1st inc.	27
Do coupon	132	M., K. & T. 4s	93⅜
U. S. old 4s, reg.	104½	Do coupon	93⅝
Do coupon	104½	Do 2nds	85
Am. Tob. 4s, ctfs.	87¾	Nat. Mexico 1st	79
Do 6s, ctfs.	112	N. Y. C. gen. 3½s	100⅜
Atchison gen. 4s	102⅝	N. J. C. gen. 5s	130½
Do adj. 4s	96⅜	North. Pacific 4s	100⅜
Atl. Coast L. 4s	102	Do 3s	77
Balt. & Ohio 4s	102⅜	N. & W. con. 4s	102⅝
Do 3½s	90	Ore. S. L. ref. 6s	130
Can. Georgia 5s	113	Penna. conv. 3½s	102
Do 1st 6s	93½	Reading gen. 4s	102⅝
Do 2nd 6s	74	St. L. & I. M. 5s	118½
Ches. & Ohio 4½s	107⅝	St. L. & S. F. fg 4s	89⅝
C., R. I. & P. 4s	83	St. L. s.w. con. 4s	84
C. R. I. & P. 5s	93	Seab'd Air L. 4s	80
Do coll. 5s	87	Southern Ry. 5s	119
C. C. C. & St. L. 4s	97½	Tex. & Pac. 1sts	122½
Chicago Ter. 4s	98	T. St. L. & W. 4s	84
C. M. & St. P. 4s	74½	Union Pacific 4s	106
Col. & Souths. 4s	88½	Do conv. 4s	112⅝
Cuba 5s, ctfs.	105	U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	104
D. & R. G. 4s	100⅝	Wabash 1sts	120⅛
Distillers' Sec. 5s	78⅝	Do Deb. B	74
Erie prior lien 4s	101⅛	W. Maryland 4s	90
Do gen. 4s	92⅝	W. & L. E. 4s	94½
*F. W. & D. C. 1st	131½	Wisconsin Cen. 4s	93⅝
Gen. Val. 4½s	111⅜		

*Offered.
Total sales (par value), $1,875,000.

Boston Stocks and Bonds.

Atchison	82⅝	American Sugar	133½
Do preferred	101½	Do preferred	133
Boston & Albany	235	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140
†Boston & Maine	178	American Woolen	31½
Boston Elevated	136½	Do preferred	93½
*Fitchburg pfd.	144	Dom. Iron & Stl.	21
Mexican Central	20½	Mass. Gas	94
N. Y., N. H. & H.	200	United Fruit	104⅝
Pere Marquette	80	United Shoe Mach.	49½
Union Pacific	118⅝	Do preferred	49¼
Am. Agr. Chem.	24	U. S. Steel	30⅝
Do preferred	89½	Do preferred	97½
Am. Pneu. Tube	4⅝		

*Bid. †Asked.

New York Curb Stocks.

(Reported by Henry Sproul & Co.)

Amer. Tin Can	11¼	North. Securities	165⅛
Do preferred	68½	Otis Elevator	50
Bay State Gas	4	Do preferred	102
Electric Vehicle	11	Seab'd Air Line	17
Do preferred	37	Do preferred	53
Greene Con. Cop.	26	Standard Oil	670
Interborough	220⅝	Tennessee Copper	24½
Int. Met.	10⅝	Texas pfd.	115
Do preferred	28	Bath Steel	21
International Salt	24	Do preferred	82
Do 5s	67		

Philadelphia Closing Bids.

Amer. Railways	32	Penna. Steel pfd.	95
Cambria Steel	26	Phila. Co.	45½
Cambria Iron	48	Do preferred	45½
Cons. Trac. N. J.	82½	Phila. Traction	89½
Elec. Co. of Amer.	6	Phila. Gas Trust	12⅜
Do preferred	9½	Phila. Elec.	12¾
Elec. Stor. com.	79	Tidewater Steel	1¼
Elec. Co. Amer.	12	Do preferred	4
Lehigh Valley	63	Union Traction	41
Marsden	3½	United Gas Impt.	216⅜
Penna. R. R.	67⅛	Welsbach Co.	20
Penna. Steel com.	56		

Electric Stocks at Boston.

Westingh'se com.	84	Mass. Electric	17
Edison Elec. Ill.	241	Do preferred	66
General Electric	175½		

Express Companies' Stocks.

Adams	247½	United States	73
American	244	Wells-Fargo	236

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Only Languid Interest Is Displayed in Price Fluctuations. Market Closes Weak.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 11.—The Herald this (Thursday) morning says:

Business on the stock exchange dwindled to small proportions yesterday and such business as was done proved to be mainly professional. Only a languid interest was displayed in the course of the price fluctuations. Practically no headway was made in either direction, as there seemed to be a deadlock between the forces which make or mar the market.

In the absence of any definite momentum prices sagged as a general rule, with exceptions here and there, throughout the list. The issues which closed for gains were not influential enough, apparently, to create any sympathetic movements elsewhere. On the contrary, liquidation occasionally developed as a result of disquieting rumors concerning railway rate legislation and other matters. The market closed weak at the low figure of the day.

News from the far east, the expected publication of the government crop report and the utterances of the president while in Chicago, bearing on the railway rate questions, together with a similar discussion by a member of his administration, contributed to the general unsettlement and desire to mark time. London sent a lower range of prices, but the comparative steadiness of the government securities of the belligerent nations was considered in the nature of an offset.

In the afternoon some attention was paid to the trade reviews on the iron and steel trades and the statistics concerning the consumption and production of pig iron. The slight decrease in the consumption of pig iron was noted, together with an unimportant falling off in production for April. This influence was apparent in the late selling of stocks. Sterling exchange ran up, and the question of gold exports this summer, in connection with the transfer abroad of proceeds of the Japanese loan, was discussed with more interest. The action of the grain markets failed to affect the security markets. Wheat was lower, as was corn.

AN ALLEGED HOR

SUGAR MAKES FIRST DROP IN MANY MONTHS

Cut of Twenty Points Followed Heavy Decline in the Eastern Market.

For the first time in many months sugar made a drop yesterday. The market has been reported firm until within almost the last 48 hours, when it fell off 20 points. This is the first decrease since last fall, when it commenced advancing for the Christmas candy season. After Christmas it was believed it would decline, but reports of short crops had the opposite effect and, instead of a decline, it rose steadily until it reached the highest figure it had held for a couple of years and there it has remained ever since. The sugar market was badly demoralized yesterday as a result. Dealers would not say whether the bottom had been reached or not.

Flour and all other goods in the grocery line remained at the same quotations. Canned goods are to the front now and are selling rapidly.

Green goods have had a poor market all week. Eggs are scarce and may go higher than present quotations. The great purchases of storage houses in the west are responsible for this condition. Butter is meeting fairly good sales.

HAY AND GRAIN.

Receipts of hay and grain yesterday were as follows: Pennsylvania lines, 9 cars hay, 8 cars oats, 1 car straw; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 4 cars hay, 1 car corn; Baltimore & Ohio, 2 cars oats, 2 cars hay.

There was no exchange yesterday. The dealers just played horse in the old rooms in the McClanes block. It was the last day there and the exchange was moved to its new quarters at Penn avenue and Tenth street. So they poured samples of grain down each other's necks, covered each other with flour, and had a good time generally. No business was done on the exchange and there were no changes in prices.

No. 1 tim. wagon	$12.25@12.50
No. 2 do	$11.25@11.50
No. 1 clov	$10.25@10.75
No. 1 mix	$10.50@11.00
Loose from wagon	$14.00@16.00
Straw, oat	$6.75@7.00
do wheat	$6.75@7.00
do rye	$12.00@12.50
No. 2 white oats	34½@35c
No. 3 oats	34@34½c
No. 4 oats	33½@34c
White middlings, No. 1 ton	$19.50@20.00
No. 2 mid- dlings	$18.00@18.50
do brown	$17.00@17.50
Bran, ton	$17.00@17.50
Wheat, No. 2 red, at mill	93@95c
Corn—Yellow shelled	53@53½c
High mixed	54@54½c
Yellow car	61@62c

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter	
Prints	27½@28c
Tubs	27@27½c
Ohio cream	24½@25½c
Dairy	18½@19½c
Cooking	16@16½c
Cheese, N. Y., full crm, new	14@14½c
do Ohio crm	14@14½c
do ½ cream, new	12½@13c
do Wis. Swiss, tubs	15@15½c
do block	14½@15c
do imported	27@27½c
do Limber- ger, new	13½@14c
do 5-lb brick, new	14@14½c
Neufchatel, per box	90c@$1.00
Shefford box	95c
Eggs, selected candled	18@18½c
do southern	17@17½c
Gathering Point Prices:	
Dairy butter, lb	16@16c
Eggs, doz	15½c

PROVISIONS.

Hams.	
18 lbs and up	11c
Over 14 to 18 lbs	11c
Over 10 to 14 lbs	11c
10 lbs and under	11½c
Skinned	12½c
Boneless boiled	13c
California	8c
Shoulders, N. Y., cut	8½c
do skinned	9c
Ribs, 8 to 10 lbs	10½c
do 10 to 12 lbs	9½c
do back strips	9½c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs	9½c
do 10 to 12 lbs	10½c
Breakfast bacon, back strips	10c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears	8c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	8½c
do 16 to 20 lbs	8½c
do under 16 lbs	8½c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears	9c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	9½c
do 16 to 20 lbs	9½c
do under 16 lbs	9½c
Lard, pure, tierces	7½c

SOUTHERN GREEN STUFF.

Carrots, doz	40@45c
Lettuce, hd	$1.00@1.25
Leeks, doz	40@50c
Florida tomatoes, fancy	$2.75@3.00
do choice	$2.00@2.25
Radishes, long red, doz	15@20c
Boston cucumbers, doz	90c@$1.00
do South- ern	40@50c
Mint, doz	50@75c
Celery, Fla., crates	$2.75@3.00
Strawberries, N. C., 32 qts	$4.00@4.50
New beets, doz	25@30c
Green peppers, crate	$2.00@2.25
Parsley, doz	35@40c
Kohlrabis	40@50c
Green onions, doz	10@12½c
Green beans, bu	$1.00@1.50
Wax beans, bu	$1.50@1.75
Mint, doz	50@75c
Celery, Fla., crates	$2.75@3.00
do N. O., doz	40@50c

GROCERIES.

Flour.	
Fancy spg. patent, quarters, in paper	$5.75@5.85
Fancy winter patent	$5.40@5.75
Rye	$4.60@4.70
Graham, 10-lb bags	$2.30@2.50
Cornmeal, bbl	$3.00@3.25
Rolled oats, bbl	$4.20
do kegs	$2.25
Oatmeal, bbl	$4.50
do kegs	$2.40
Roasted Coffee.	
Rio	12½@15c
Santos	23@24c
Maracaibo	15½@16c
Peaberry	18@18½c
Golden Rio	17c
Caracas	20@20½c
Standard, bbl	13.65c
High grade	18@19c
Molasses, fancy refined	35@36c
do choice	31@34c
do open ket	37@38c
do 2-lb	95c
do 3-lb	$1.35@1.45
Fancy syrup	28@30c
Maple sugar, gal	$1.00
Sug. and cane	24@25c
Prime	24@25c
2-lb cans, doz	75c
2½-lb cans, doz	90c
5-lb cans, doz	$1.80
10-lb cans, doz	$3.40
Maple sirup, gal	75c@$1.00
Sugar, std. gran	6.05c
do bags	6.05c
Beans, choice H. P	$1.90@2.00
Red kidney	$3.00@3.10
Cal. lima, lb	6¼@6½c
Peas, dried, bu	$1.10@1.15
do split, lb	4½c
do marrowfat, bu	$2.00@2.10
Oil, carbon, 110 deg	10½c
do headlight	11½c
do water white	11½c
do Ohio W. W	12c
150 deg	11½c
do Elaine	15c
Miners' oil, special brands	26@43c
Rice, ex-fancy head, lb	6@6½c
do fancy	5½c
Japan	5½@4½c
do choice Carolina	4@6c
Salt, No. 1 bbl	$1.10
do No. 2 extra	$1.20
do gran. rock	95c
do packet	$1.50@1.85
do dairy	$1.40
Lenthen fancy "H. O." lb	4½@5½c
Sauerkraut, 40-gal. cask	$4.25
do 15 gal. keg	$1.80

PRODUCE.

Potatoes	
bu. store	40@45c
do Bermuda, bbl	$6.00@6.50
do bu	$1.75@2.00
do Fla. Rose, bbl	$3.75@4.00
do bu	$1.40@1.50
Onions, Bermudas	$1.75@1.85
do Texas, crates	$1.90@2.00
do Egyptians, sacks	$3.25@3.50
Carrots, hamper	90c@$1.00
Parsnips, bbl	$1.25@1.50
Cabbage, Ger. seed, bbl	$1.50@1.75
Cabbage, new	$1.25@1.50
Spinach, bu. hampers	40@50c
Honey, new	14@15c
Extra fancy	16c
Bulbs, Caladiums, doz	50c@$1.00
do Tuberoses, doz	10@25c
Asparagus, do home raised, doz	30@40c
do Southern, doz	10@25c
Rhubarb	1½@2c
Beets, bbl	75c@$1.00
New beets	75c@$1.00
Popcorn, lb	4@5c
Eggplant, Florida, crates	$3.00@3.50
Mushrooms, per lb	50@60c
Garlic, lb	7@8c
Horseradish, lb	8@10c
bbl	$5.00@6.00
Turnips, bu	50@55c
do bbl	$1.50@1.75
Watercress	60c.30@40c
Lettuce, baskets	30@35c
Onion sets, bu., yellow Southern	$1.50@1.75
do silver skin	$1.50@1.75
Kale, basket	50c@$1.00
Green peas, bu	$1.00@1.50

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, sts. pie	$1.00
do pie gal	$2.50@3.00
do California, L. C	$2.00@2.35
do California, V. F	$2.50@2.25
Corn, fancy	$1.10@1.20
do stand	80@90c
Cherries, Cal., white	$2.00@2.25
Lima beans	$1.25@1.45
do soaked	75@80c
String beans, 2-lb	85c
do 3-lb	95c
Stringless beans	$1.25@1.75
Peas, marrowfat	80@85c
do early June	75@85c
do soaked	55@65c
Plums, California	$1.40@1.65
Apples, N. Y., gal. cans	$2.20@2.25
Pineapples	$1.25@2.50
Raspberries	85@95c
Gooseberries	85@90c
Tomatoes, fancy	$1.10@1.30
do standard	72@80c
do gal	$2.35
Succotash, 1-lb cans	$1.10@1.25
Baked beans, cans, tomato sc	75@95c
Salmon, doz	95c@$2.00
do red, 1-lb flats	95c@$1.00
1-lb flats	$1.65@2.00
do pink, 1-lb talls	$1.81@2.10
Chipped beef	$2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans	$2.30@2.40
do 1-lb cans	$1.25@1.30
Mackerel, broiled	$1.90@2.50
Sardines, domestic, ¼s	$3.10@3.15
do mustards, ¼s	$2.60
do French	$9.50@18.50

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl	$26.00
do half bbl	$11.50
do quar. bbl	$6.00
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl	$20.00
do half bbls	$10.50
do quar. bbls	$6.25
do 20-lb pails	$2.40
do 10-lb pails	$1.75
Mackerel, No. 2 large, bbl	$16.50
do half bbls	$8.50
do quar. bbls	$4.35
do 20-lb pails	$1.90
do 10-lb pails	$1.00
do No. 2 Irish, 50-lb tubs	$5.00
Lake herring, 100 lbs	$3.60
do 50-lb	$1.45
do 10-lb	52c

JOBBERS' YARD PRICES.

Potatoes, Mich., bushel	28@30c
carlots	25@27c
do Ohio, carlots	28@32c
do bu	32@35c
Cabbage, Ger. seed, ton	$15.00@20.00
Apples, fancy, bbl	$2.00@3.00
do choice, bbl	$1.50@1.75
Turnips, bbl	$1.25@1.50
Beets, bbl	$1.25@1.50
Celery, Fla	$2.50@2.75
New cabbage, crates	$1.00@1.15

FRUITS.

Lemons, Messinas	$2.50@3.00
do Cal	$2.25@2.50
Oranges, Florida, Indian River	$3.50@4.00
Navel	$3.00@4.00
Cocoanuts, bags	$3.25@3.50
do doz	45@50c
Figs, cartons	75c@$1.00
do layers	8@12c
do washed, stuffed, doz	$2.25
Bananas, 1st	$1.50@2.00
do 2nds	$1.00@1.50
Cherries, box	$3.00@3.50
Pineapples, Red Span	$1.00@2.25
Grape fruit	$4.50@5.00
do Cal	$2.50@3.00
Apples, fancy Baldwin	$2.75@3.00
do Willows, fancy	$2.75@3.00
do other varieties, Choice	$1.50@2.00
Common	$1.25@1.50
Limes, per 100	75c@$1.00
Dates, stuffed	18c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live chickens	15@16c
do roosters	9@10c
do turkeys	16@17c
do geese	10@12c
do ducks	14@15c
do pigeons, doz	$1.00@1.25
Dressed hens	17@18c
do roosters	11@12c
do turkeys	22@23c
Broilers	18@19c
do Long Island ducklings	20c
do Jersey broilers	18@19c
do capon, lb	20@27c
Squab, doz	$4.00
do No. 2	$3.75
Ducks, full	$1.25
do red head	$1.75@3.00
do canvas back	$2.75@3.00
Impt. golden plover, doz	$5.50
do black plover	$4.50
English pheasants, per pair	$3.25
Reed birds, doz	$1.25
Snappers, per lb	9@10c
Suckling pigs, lb	10@12c
Pigeons, pair	30@35c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 9-lb bu	$8.25@8.35
do mammoth	$8.35@8.45
do crimson	$5.50@5.60
do white, Dutch	$9.75@11.50
Alsike	$8.00@8.10
Alfalfa	$8.00@8.25
Millet, Western	$1.85@1.70
Southern	$1.65@2.00
Grass, Hungarian	90c@$1.00
do lawn, lb	1c@18c
do blue, 14-lb bu	$1.25@1.50
do red top, 14-lb bu	$1.10@1.60
Timothy	$1.45@1.50

SEED POTATOES.

Potatoes, early Ohio seed, bu	50@55c
do bbl	$2.25@2.50
do Burbank, bu	45@50c
do bbl	$2.00@2.25
do early Rose, bu	50@60c
do bbl	$2.25@2.50
Potatoes, Rural N. Y., bu	40@45c

The Metal Market.

NEW YORK, May 10.—There was little change in the London tin market where spot closed at £136 12s 6d and futures at £134 10s. Locally the market was easy, however, closing at $29 00@30 10. Copper was higher in London with spot closing at £65 15s and futures at £65 18s 9d. Locally the market continues quiet. Lake and electrolytic are more or less nominally at $15 00@15 25, and casting at $14 75@15 00. Lead was a little higher in the London market, closing at £12 18s 3d, while it remained unchanged locally at $4 50@4 60. Spelter was weak in the local market at $5 65@5 70 and unchanged at £25 10s in London. Iron closed at £52 3d in Glasgow and at 54s 6d in Middlesboro. Locally the situation shows no change. No. 1 foundry northern is quoted at $17 25@18 00; No. 2 foundry northern at $16 75@17 50; No. 1 foundry southern and No. 1 foundry southern soft at $17 25@17 75; No. 2 foundry southern at $16 75@17 25.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Butter steady and unchanged; receipts, 324 packages. Cheese firm and unchanged; receipts, 2,859 packages. Eggs steady and unchanged; receipts, 32,473 crates.

CHICAGO, May 10.—On the produce exchange today the butter market was steady; creameries, 20@24c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs weaker, at mark cases included, 14½c; firsts, 15½@16c; prime firsts, 16½c; extras, 18c. Cheese steady, 13½@14c.

PHILADELPHIA, May 10. — Butter weaker; extra western creamery, 27½c; nearby prints, 29c. Eggs unchanged; nearby fresh, 17c at mark; western fresh, 17½@18c. Cheese firmer; New York full cream, fancy, old, 14¼@14½c; choice, old, 14c; new, 12½@13½c.

The Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Cotton closed quiet 10 points higher; middling uplands, 8.15c; middling gulfs, 8.40c; sales none. The range of prices:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
January	7.88	7.93	7.86	7.89
February	7.89	...	...	7.92
March	7.88	8.02	7.88	7.97
May	7.65	7.75	7.64	7.69
June	...	...	...	7.58
July	7.61	7.67	7.58	7.64
August	7.63	7.75	7.63	7.67
September	17.68	7.69	7.65	7.69
October	7.75	7.82	7.72	7.75
November	17.76	...	...	7.76
December	7.84	7.90	7.80	7.85

*Asked. †Bid.

FINANCIAL AND TRADE NOTES.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—National bank notes received today for redemption, $952,420; government receipts from internal revenue, $810,239; customs, $980,424; miscellaneous, $302,979; expenditures, $2,210,000.

TAKING OF PROFITS CAUSED WEAK TONE

Realizing in the Wheat Pit Was on a Large Scale—Corn Is Also Down.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 10.—Profit-taking on a large scale created a weak tone in the wheat market today. At the close the July option was off ¼c. Corn is down ⅝c. Oats are unchanged. Provisions are up 2½c to 12½c.

The feature of trading in the wheat pit was the selling of a line of July estimated at nearly 1,000,000 bushels, by a leading bull trader. The offerings were taken mainly by shorts. The liquidation of long wheat had a decidedly depressing effect on traders in general as it had been believed that the bull leader who sold today was accumulating a big line of July preparatory to a possible "squeeze" in that option. Outside of the trading mentioned business was of comparatively small volume owing to a desire on the part of many traders to await the government crop report. Cables were steady and wet weather was in evidence throughout the greater part of the United States. At the opening, July was ⅛c lower to ¼c higher, at 83⅝@83¾c. After selling at 84 1-8@84¼c, the price dropped to 83¼c as a result of the selling of long wheat.

Later the market recovered part of the loss but the close was weak with July at 83⅜c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 28,500 bushels. Primary receipts were 122,100 bushels, compared with 175,200 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 161 cars, against 125 cars last week, and 81 cars a year ago.

Wet weather, which is delaying planting operations, had a strengthening effect on the corn market early in the session. Later, there was quite free selling by the traders on the expectation that receipts would soon show a substantial increase. Weakness of wheat also had considerable influence. July opened a shade higher, at 46⅞c, sold off to 46⅜c and closed at 46⅜@46⅝c. Local receipts were 10 cars, with none of contract grade.

A steady tone prevailed in the oats pit. Business was extremely quiet. July opened unchanged at 29c, sold between 29@29⅛c and 29⅜@29¼c, and closed at 29⅛c. Local receipts were 63 cars.

Provisions were firm on decreased receipts of live hogs. A feature of trading was a moderate demand from packers for July and September pork. At the close July pork was up 10@12½c at $12 42½@12 45. Lard was up 2½@5c at $7 35. Ribs were 5c higher at $7 30. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 4 cars corn, 47 cars; oats, 42 cars; hogs, 24,000 head.

The leading futures as reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., Farmers Bank building, Pittsburgh, members Chicago board of trade, ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yest'day's Close.
WHEAT					
No. 2.					
May	84⅛	92	91½	91¾	92
July	84	84¼	83⅛	83⅜	83⅞
Sept.	78⅝	78⅞	78	78⅜	78⅝
CORN.					
No. 2.					
May	48⅝	48⅝	48¼	48⅜	48⅝
July	47¼	47½	46⅝	46⅞	46⅞
Dec new	46¾	47	46⅝	46⅞	46⅝
Sept	46⅝	46⅝	46⅜	46⅝	46⅜
Dec new	46⅝	46⅝	46⅜	46⅝	46⅜
OATS.					
No. 2.					
May	29¾	30	29¾	30	29¾
July	29⅛	29⅛	28⅞	29⅛	28⅞
Sept	28	29	27¾	28	28
MESS PORK.					
May	...	...	...	12 50	12 62½
July	12 40	12 47½	12 37½	12 45	12 52½
Sept	12 00	12 07½	12 00	12 05	12 15
LARD.					
May	...	...	...	7 07½	7 15
July	7 35	7 35	7 32½	7 35	7 32½
Sept	7 32½	7 32½	7 30	7 32½	7 30
SHORT RIBS.					
May	7 20	7 20	7 27½	7 20	7 25
July	7 47½	7 52½	7 47½	7 52½	7 47½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady. No. 2 spring wheat, 86@86c; No. 3, 88@89c; No. 2 red, 91½@95c. No. 2 corn, 45¾; No. 2 yellow, 50¼c; No. 2 oats, 30c; No. 2 white, 32c; No. 3 white, 31@32c. No. 2 rye, 75c; good feeding barley, 31@40c; fair to choice malting, 45@50c. No. 1 flaxseed, $1 25; No. 1 northwestern, $1 30; prime timothy seed, $3 00; mess pork, per bbl, $12 20@12 25; lard, per 100 lbs, $7 17½@7 20; short ribs sides (loose), $7 05@7 15; short clear sides (boxed), $7 05@7 12½; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 26; clover, contract grade, $12 00@12 50.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	29,500	24,800
Wheat, bushels	21,000	31,000
Corn, bushels	94,000	96,700
Oats, bushels	188,400	145,500
Rye, bushels	14,100	1,000
Barley, bushels	147,000	7,000

NEW YORK, May 10.—Flour—Receipts, 17,611 barrels; exports, 1,070 barrels; barely steady. Rye flour quiet. Cornmeal steady. Barley dull. Wheat—Receipts, 87,000 bushels; spot easy; No. 2 red, 94½c elevator; No. 2 red, 95½c nominal f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 91¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 97½c f. o. b. afloat. Except at the opening, when it was fairly steady on excessive rains west, wheat acted rather weak, declining ⅝c under last night and closing dull at ⅛c to ⅜c net decline. Anticipation of a bearish government report, lower cables and general dullness were the selling motives. May 93⅛@93⅜c, closed 93¼c; July 88 9-16@89 5-16c, closed 88⅝c; September 82⅝@83⅝c, closed 82⅝c.

Corn—Receipts, 21,500 bushels; exports, 213,713; spot steady; No. 2, 55c elevator and 53½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 54c; No. 2 white, 54c. Option market was quiet and easier reflecting the wheat break and liquidation. It closed ⅛c lower on July, but ⅛c up on May, latter due to manipulation. May 53⅛@53⅜c, closed 53⅜c; July 52¼@52 3-16c, closed 52¼c.

Oats—Receipts, 46,550 bushels; spot steady; mixed oats, 26@32 pounds, 34½@36c; natural white, 30@32 pounds, 35½@37c; clipped white, 36@38 pounds, 36½@39½c.

ST. LOUIS, May 10.—Wheat—No. 2 red, cash elevator, 90¾c; May, 90¾c; July, 78¼c; No. 2 hard, 97@98c. Corn—No. 2 cash, 49¼c; May, 47¾c; July, 45¾c. Oats—No. 2 cash, 30c; May, 30c; July, 27¼@27⅝c; No. 2 white, 33½c.

DULUTH, MINN., May 10.—Wheat—No. 1 northern, 96½c; No. 2 northern, 89½@93c; May, 96½c; July, 94c; September, 79¾c.

MILWAUKEE, May 10.—Wheat—No. 1 northern, $1 04; No. 2 northern, $1 00@1 03. July, 83¼@83⅝c bid. Rye—No. 1, 78½c. Barley steady; No. 2, 51c; sample, 40@50c. Corn—No. 3, 48¼@49½c; July, 44¾@46½c.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 10.—May wheat closed $1 02; July, 90c; September, 79½c; No. 1 hard, $1 07; No. 1 northern, $1 05; No. 2 northern, $1 01. Flour—Firm; patents, $5 00@5 75; second patents, $5 35@5 65; first clears, $4 00@4 10; second clears, $2 75@2 85. Bran in bulk, $12 75.

TOLEDO, May 10.—Cloverseed—Cash, $7 60; October, $5 07½; prime alsike, $7 50; prime timothy, $1 30.

The Wool Market.

LONDON, May 10.—The offerings at the wool sales today amounted to 13,000 bales. Fine merinos were occasionally 10@15 per cent above the March sales. Americans paying 1s 4½d for Tasmanian first greasy clothing. Scourers were in active demand for France and Germany. Medium and low crossbreds were 20 to 30 per cent higher than the March averages, owing to the strong American demand. Coarse crossbreds were also urgent, by home buyers at recent advances. Parcels suitable for America were 15 per cent higher. Following are the sales in detail: New South Wales, 2,500 bales; scoured, 7½@9½d. Queensland, 100 bales; scoured, 1s 1d. Victoria, 200 bales; scoured, 11½@1s 5d. Tasmania, 700 bales; greasy, 1s 1½d. South Australia, 1,700 bales; greasy, 5½@6½d. West Australia, 100 bales; greasy, 7½@11d. Tasmania, 700 bales; greasy, 7½@11d. New Zealand, 4,300 bales, scoured, 8½@1s 1½d; greasy, 6¼@9½d. Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 400 bales; scoured, 1s 7½d@1s 8½d; greasy, 6¼@9½d. Punta, 1,000 bales; scoured, 1s 2½d@1s 3½d; greasy, 7½@8½d.

Winter Wheat Statistics.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Returns to the chief of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture, made up to May 1, show the area under winter wheat in cultivation on that date to have been about 29,725,000 acres. This is 1,432,000 acres or 4.60 per cent less than the area sown last fall, and 2,858,000 acres, or 10.3 per cent more than the area of winter wheat harvested last year. Of the area abandoned or ploughed under, 956,000 acres were reported from Kansas, 276,000 acres (including cutting for hay) from California, and 182,000 acres from Missouri. For the 29,725,000 acres remaining under cultivation the average condition on May 1 was 92.5 against a condition of 91.6 on April 1, for the entire acreage sown; or 76.5 for the area remaining under cultivation on May 1, 1904, and of 85.1, the mean of the May average of the last 10 years.

Turpentine and Rosin.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 10.—Spirits turpentine steady at 57½c. Rosin firm at $3 00. Tar firm at $1 80. Crude turpentine firm at $2 50, $4 00 and $4 00.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 10.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

SAVANNAH, May 10.—Turpentine firm at 58c. Rosin firm; quote: A, B, C, $3 20; D, $3 25; E, $3 35; F, $3 40; G, $3 45; H, $3 75; I, $3 80; K, $4 00; M, $4 05; N, $4 10; W. G., $4 20; W. W., $4 40.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Money on call easier, 2@2½ per cent; closing bid 2; offered at 2½. Time money slightly easier; 60 days and 90 days 3½ per cent; 6 months, 3½ per cent.

Housegirls, Cooks, Chambermaids, Nurse Girls, Laundresses

Wanted to get positions through Gazette Want ads—See Want page today.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH UNION STOCK YARDS.

Wednesday, May 10, 1905.

Cattle—Supply light and market steady. Choice 1,400 to 1,500 lbs., $6 30@6 50; prime, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs., $6 00@6 25; good, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs., $5 40@5 70; common, 900 to 999 lbs., $4 00@4 50; choice heifers, $5 00@5 25; common to fair cows, $2 50@4 25; bulls, $3 00@4 50; good fresh cows and springers, $35 00@50 00; common to poor, $15 00@30 00.

Sheep and Lambs—Supply light and market steady. Prime wethers, $5 10 to 5 20; fair mixed, $5 to 5 05; culls and common, $3 50@4 00; lambs, $6 00@6 75; spring lambs, $7 00@11 00; veal calves, $6 00@6 50; common to poor, $4 00@5 00.

Hogs—Supply light, 10 double-decks; market active and prices 5 to 10 cents lower than all last week's prices; heavy hogs, which ruled steady. Prime heavy, $5 80; medium and heavy, $5 75@5 80; best Yorkers, $5 60@5 65; pigs, $5 50@5 60; roughs, $4 00@5 00; stags, $3 00@3 50.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

KANSAS CITY, May 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,500 head, including 700 head southerns. Market steady. Butchers steady to 10c lower. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $5 50@6 50; fair to good, $4 25@5 40; western fed steers, $4 50@5 25; stockers and feeders, $3 25@5 00; southern steers, $3 75@5 00; southern cows, $2 25@4 00; native cows, $2 25@4 75; native heifers, $2 00@5 25; bulls, $2 75@4 25; calves, $3 00@5 50. Hogs—Receipts, 12,000 head; market 5c higher; top, $5 37½; bulk of sales, $5 25@5 32½; pigs and lights, $4 50@5 30. Sheep—Receipts, 4,000 head; market 10c higher; native lambs, $5 50@7 60; western lambs, $5 50@7 60; feed yearlings, $4 25@5 00; feed wethers and ewes, $4 75@5 00; fed yearlings and wethers, $5 25@5 75; fed ewes, $4 75@5 25; stockers and feeders, $2 50@4 50.

CHICAGO, May 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,000 head. Market slow to lower. Good to prime steers, $5 70@6 85; poor to medium, $4 65@5 50; stockers and feeders, $4 10@5 00; cows, $2 50@4 85; heifers, $2 50@5 00; canners, $2 50@3 40; bulls, $2 75@4 75; calves, $3 00@6 25. Hogs—Receipts, 28,000 head. Market strong to 5c higher. Mixed and butchers, $5 25@5 52½; rough heavy, $5 10@5 30; light, $5 35@5 50; bulk of sales, $5 45@5 50. Sheep—Receipts, 15,000 head. Sheep steady. Lambs 10c higher. Good to choice wethers, $4 90@5 25; fair to choice mixed, $3 00@4 75; native lambs, $4 00@6 40.

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BUYS SQUIRREL HILL LANDMARK

Robert Reinhold Gets M. F. Maloney's Residence in Dennistion Avenue for $25,000.

AUCTION SALE OF $31,000

One of the Squirrel Hill landmarks, the residence of M. F. Maloney, the restaurant man, was sold yesterday for about $25,000. The property is one of the best known on the hill, the house having been built about 30 years ago, when it was one of the very few residences in that part of the city. Mr. Maloney has owned the property over 20 years and now transfers it to Robert Reinhold, of the firm of DeLong & Co., wholesale liquor dealers. The lot is a large one, having a frontage of 100 feet on the east of Dennistion avenue, between Forbes street and Darlington road, and an extreme depth of 317 feet. It contains nearly one acre of ground. The residence, which sets well back from the street, is an old-fashioned brick house containing 16 rooms. It cost $35,000 and is finely finished and provided with most of the modern improvements. It is understood that the new owner will occupy the place as a home.

The Commonwealth Trust Company, trustee of the Klinzer estate, yesterday morning disposed of two properties on the south side of Fifth avenue, between Atwood street and Meyran avenue, for $51,000. There were three bidders at the auction, and title to the properties will go when the deed is made out to a Pittsburgh business man who takes them for an investment. They consist of two brick stores and dwellings on the front of a lot 44x127 feet on the rear of which are a frame house and stable. The total rental is about $2,200 a year. The sale is subject to the ruling of the orphans court.

Ft. Wayne Will Injure Allegheny Lots.

Allegheny property owners are wrought up not a little over the shaking up in property values that is pretty sure to follow the improvements started this week by the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company in the Sixth ward. A large force of men is now working on abolishing all the grade crossings between North avenue on the east and Washington avenue on the west. To do this the Ft. Wayne tracks will be lowered about five feet in most places and the streets that cross them will be bridged and approaches built. This will necessitate the bridging of Irwin and North avenues, Braddock and Boquet streets, Pennsylvania, Allegheny and Washington avenues and Franklin and Juniata streets. The approaches to these streets will be high enough to allow a clearance of 17 feet over the tracks. To make these approaches it will be necessary to make fills of at least 12 feet in several places, which will detract greatly from the value of abutting properties. This is especially the case in Irwin and North avenues, where are located some of the best residences in Allegheny and where, in order to make the proposed grade, the fill will begin back on far as Buena Vista street in North avenue. It will also be necessary to bridge Sedgewick street. It is also proposed to change the course of the Bellevue and Avalon street car line to make it run along Kirkpatrick street for a short distance in order to give the Ft. Wayne better access to its shops and yards. The railroad company will, it is said, cut down the roadbed and take away the dirt, while the city of Allegheny will make the fills required.

Harry Davis Bought Bailey Holdings.

Harry Davis proves to be the buyer of the Berger property, formerly the H. J. Bailey holdings, at 407-409 Grant street, which was sold two months ago through the offices of Avey & Irish and the Home Trust Company. The property, a short time before for $95,000. The lot is 40x90 feet and adjoins the G. T. Rafferty corner, which was sold last month for $250,000. Mr. Davis is understood to have taken the property for an investment, and no improvements are contemplated at present.

The 12-story bank and office building which was announced for the Rafferty lot at Grant street and Fourth avenue will not be erected for a year, according to an authoritative announcement made yesterday. After the property changed hands an attempt was made to get the leases, which run for one year only, so that work on the building could be started at once. Two or three parties who have yearly leases at $80 a month asked from $1,800 to $2,000 for their leases, and it was decided to postpone the building until the leases expired.

The Aronson-Friedman Company has leased for Morris Baer to a local amusement syndicate the former Stewart lot at 317-321 North Craig street, which he bought a few days ago. The lease is for 10 years and means the erection of a two-story brick building to cost some $15,000. The first floor of this will be used for a skating rink and the second floor for a dancing academy. The nearness of the place to the entrance to Luna park makes it an attractive location and previously part of the lot was leased for stand purposes.

Will Build Big Water Tanks.

The owners of Summit park, the new plan of acres near Castle Shannon, are making preparations to build two large water tanks on the property at once. Two artesian wells have already been put down, which have a six-inch stream of water. As soon as the engines and tanks can be put in place the entire 250 lots which the company is putting on first will be connected, so as to have a water supply equal to that of Bellevue or Aspinwall, both of which are furnished from drilled wells. Thirty-five lots have been sold thus far in the plan, most of them being acre plots, which bring $760 each. The majority of the buyers have bought sites on the street car line, and four new houses are to go up soon. Keck, Heile & Daschbach, who handle the property, report an average of four and five sales a day, the last one being a purchase by telegram by a man from Clearfield, Pa., yesterday.

Borland & Waddell, who bought all the remaining Sherman properties in Swissvale last week for $318,000, have given the exclusive agency of the 47 houses purchased to W. C. Rice, the Swissvale broker. All but one of the houses are now rented at prices ranging from $15 to $22 a month. This ties up with all the houses built on the original Sherman plan. Of the 20 houses in Wayne street owned by George W. Herriott, the four in the same street owned by McCready Bros. and the houses of the Enterprise Brick and Stone Company near by, every one is rented. There is a large waiting list also for the $25 houses in this locality.

Gets a Choice Building Site.

Through the office of George Bros. F. W. McKee has sold to a local business man a plot of choice frontage at the northwest corner of South Highland avenue and Howe street, Twentieth ward, for $15,000. The property, which is opposite the S. W. Vandergall holdings and the S. H. Lloyd property, measures 61x120 feet. The purchase, it is said, was made for a site for a handsome residence.

The Aronson-Friedman Company sold the Cover holdings at Penn avenue and Coal street, Wilkinsburg, to a Wilkinsburg investor for $14,000. The lot measures 30x100 feet and is improved with a brick store and dwelling.

The German National Building and Loan association of Pittsburgh has purchased from James H. Canfield 80x80 feet in Sweetbriar street and 43.5x80 feet adjoining in Wellstreet, Thirty-fifth ward, for $13,800. The lots are improved with brick houses.

A. L. Richmond, Jr., has secured title from G. A. Samuels to the property at the northeast corner of Liberty avenue and Eighth street which he articled to buy some time ago for $135,000. The lot is 20x110 feet and is improved with a three-story brick store building.

Through the Commonwealth Real Estate Company R. G. Yingling has purchased from the Singer estate a lot at the corner of Hill avenue and Wood street and running 161 feet along John street, Wilkins place, for $10,000. The lot is on a terrace three feet above the street and has always been considered a very desirable building site. It will be improved with a fine residence to face in Wood street.

Contract for Apartment House.

Architects Vrydaugh & Wolfe have awarded the contract to Andrew Richmond & Son for an apartment house to be erected for F. R. Stoner in Logan street at a cost of $16,000.

Architects Allison & Allison have plans for a three-story brick and stone bank building for the First National bank of Monessen to cost $35,000. Bids will be taken next week.

Architect C. M. Bartberger has closed bids for the city cuins house to be built in Short street, First ward.

Bids are being taken by Architect H. S. Bair for a three-story brick flat building in Homewood avenue, East End.

The Young Men's Christian association of Sewickley has sold to Daniel Frazier and Albert Reno, Sewickley contractors, 80x200 feet on the north side of Beaver street, just east of Grimes street, Second ward, Sewickley, for $7,200. The lot is near the Presbyterian church and, it is said, will be improved with good houses.

Center avenue: The Freehold Real Estate Company sold to M. Diebold and J. J. Vetter 60x100 feet in Center avenue, near Negley avenue, Twentieth ward, for $7,750. The lot is between the residences of the buyers and was purchased to prevent the erection of an apartment house.

Ridgeview Heights: A. Z. Byers & Co. sold to Henry L. Coe a farm of 21 acres, with frame house and bank barn, on Ridgeview Heights, in Moon township, for $4,000.

Lawreneeville: Thomas McCaffrey sold for Annie M. Leech to S. J. Mikolaczyka, 133 Forty-third street, a brick house on 22x180 feet, for $3,600.

East End avenue: A. H. Clarke sold to Louis Lindeman a nine-room frame house on 30x100 feet in East End avenue for $4,200; for John S. B. Mercer a vacant lot, 25x120 feet, in the same street for $1,250.

Inwood street: Sadie J. Neely sold to Edwin B. Hall an improved lot, 25x125.5 feet on Inwood street, Twenty-first ward, for $4,800.

Diana alley: Daniel Rubenstein sold to Gezo Foster an improved lot, 18x48 feet, in Diana alley, Eleventh ward, for $4,000.

Thomas street: John McSorley sold to Charlotte B. Ferree 30x149 feet in Thomas street, near Lexington avenue, Twenty-first ward, for $4,200.

Mrs. Rachel A. Morgan and Mrs. Ida Morgan yesterday purchased the Mary A. Vogel property in Sixth street, Braddock, for $13,850. The lot fronts 70 feet in Sixth street and has a depth of 144 feet. It is improved with a frame dwelling. John W. Griffith purchased the residence property of W. J. Williams in Orchard street, Braddock, for $5,000.

Transfers Recorded.

Longmore W to James Brown, April 26, 18th wd, Pgh, 40x105, Keystone st... $ 3,300
Kress Wm to Robt Leya, April 5, 18th wd, Pgh, 20x80, Chislett st..... 1,700
Cunningham D M to L K Boering, May 19, 37th wd, Pgh, 25x133, Tioga st... 4,500
Dierlich G F H to J C Leezer, May 9, Glassport, 25x110, Morgan ave..... 4,000
Denniston Jas to Leopold Braun, April 27, 24th wd, Pgh, 24x142, Mary st.. 1,225
Roberts W A to J Z Levy, Jan 27, 24 wd, Ally, 18x111, Lane alley..... 1,500
Neuman H to J W McCurdy, May 2, 23d wd, Pgh, 50x120, Johnston ave.. 2,000
McFarland T W to H Neuman, May 2, 23d wd, Pgh, 50x120, Johnston ave. 1,800
McCurdy J W to H Neuman, May 2, 23d wd, Pgh, 26x126, Second ave.... 5,700
Saunders W M to J W Mills, April 12, 14th wd, Pgh, 42x120, Fifth ave.... 21,000
Eurich H to J Lamotte, April 26, Tarentum, 22x120, W Ninth ave.... 1,650
Young W H to Chas Goeddel, May 8, Homestead, 21x80, Amity st..... 3,300
Doty E to J W Lytle, May 2, Bethel twp, 43 acres..... 5,600
Lytle J W to H M Lytle, May 6, Bethel twp, 3 acres..... 1,500
Foster Mark to F X Strauss, April 28, Sheraden, 25x100 Merwyn ave..... 1,700
Mittelstadter Geo to E G Borland, Mar 31, 32d wd, Pgh, 22x155, Sycamore st. 3,000
Same to L M Douglass, March 31, 32d wd, Pgn, 22x155, Sycamore st..... 2,300
Morowicko V to J A Lapsley, April 17, Glassport, 25x100, Euclid ave..... 1,600
Griffith J A to Geo T Bailey, March 27, 31st wd, Pgh, 20x82, Loyal alley... 1,700
Same to Theresia Richter, March 25, 31st wd, Pgh, 20x82, Freeland st.... 1,700
Pauke W F to D C Van Drew, April 25, Baldwin twp, 25x200 Miller ave.... 2,200
Pauke W F to P Reimers, April 29, Baldwin twp, 25x200 Miller ave..... 2,400
Walker Place Land Co to Orpha L Page, April 5, 11th wd, Ally, 30x110, Mansion ave..... 2,400
McWilliams E A to A L Solomon, May 2, 11th wd, Ally, 45x115, Mansion ave. 10,500
Nicklas W J to E L Nicklas, Sept 3, 10th wd, Ally, 25x150, Morwood ave.. 5,300
Munson Robt H to J C Quirk, April 13, McKees Rocks, 25x101, Island ave.... 2,250
Paull J R to J M White, March 25, 21st wd, Pgh, 50x50, Albion st..... 1,300
Bechtel J K to S Bullister, April 8, 13th wd, Pgh, 20x80, Nesbitt ave..... 1,300
Brown J S to J K Bechtel, Jr., 8th wd, McKeesport, 120x100, Shields st.. 2,320
Thomas Hannah to L C Bills, May 1, 23d wd, Pgh, 49x100 Smith st..... 3,000
Clark C A to M J Slattery, May 9, Emsworth, 74x180, Shady ave..... 1,600
Caughey Wm C to W S Cooper, May 5, Bellevue, 42x125, Harrison ave..... 1,500
Goodell Chas to Wm H Young, May 8, Munhall, 97x110, Ninth ave..... 2,000
Bernhardy H A to M E Mattern, March 30, 32d wd, Pgh, 27x156, Grandview av 6,000
Gill Wm C to A H Bernhiger, May 4, 19th wd, Pgh, 31x120, Euclid ave..... 6,750
Same to Etta Kornhauser, May 4, 19th wd, Pgh, 31x120, Euclid ave..... 6,750
Simon Jacob to T L Aronson, May 2, 14th wd, Pgh, 30x92, Fifth ave..... 9,000
Rubenstein D to Jacob Sloan, April 28, 14th wd, Pgh, 30x92, Fifth ave..... 3,500

NEWS FROM THE MINES.

The discovery of gold near Kendall, Wyo., is attracting prospectors to that locality.

In the Teutonic mine, Cripple Creek, a third good vein has been encountered at a depth of 315 feet.

It is said the Calumet iron ore in the Hamilton district, 10 miles north of Salida, Col., carries gold values. The property belongs to the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company.

A rich strike is reported in the Montgomery Hill mines at Rhyolite, Nev., running into thousands of dollars a ton.

A copper mine is now being developed within 25 miles of Denver, the first ever opened to the shipping stage in that region of country. It is known as the F. M. & D., is largely owned by B. McCaffrey of Denver, and was developed by J. D. Caldon, a mining engineer. It is located nine miles west of Morrison and was formerly known as the old Morrison mine, that was crudely worked in the '70s, but produced nothing of value.

The strike in the Belmont mine of the United Copper Company has shown a vein rich at the point of opening. Two feet in width of the vein assayed 36 per cent copper and 21 ounces of silver.

The first receipts of gold from the Klondike are expected in Seattle in about 10 days. The season is a month earlier than usual. Unusual activity prevailed in the various northern fields during the winter and about $20,000,000 gold is expected to come down the Yukon this spring and summer.

A copy of the latest mineralogical map of the Philippine islands, indicating the mineral resources of the islands, has been received in Pittsburgh, having been furnished by the insular bureau of the war department at Washington, D. C., where the original is filed. The map has been prepared to accompany the annual report of the bureau of mines for the Philippines, Col. H. D. McCaskey, chief.

This map is one of the most interesting authoritative pieces of information that have come to Pittsburgh concerning the resources of the Philippine islands. It shows, among other things, the property of the Oriental & Masbate Gold Mining Company, in which many Pittsburghers are interested, and the adjoining property of the Philippine Mining Company, controlled by Boston capitalists, whose first dredge goes into operation this month. Word is expected in Pittsburgh as to the Philippine Company's initial operations any day.

The region at the northern end of the island of Masbate, where the properties of these two companies are situated, are marked on the government map as containing deposits of gold. On the island of Luzon, in the province of Benguet, where are situated the properties of the Philippine Gold Mining Power and Development Company, the map also shows the deposits of gold, which occur there in tremendous quartz formations, assays of which have run as high as $108 per ton near the surface of the mine.

The presence of gold at other points in the island where operations are already in progress, to some extent, is also shown by this map, together with other valuable minerals, including copper, lead, iron, zinc and manganese. In addition the map also shows where the government experts have found coal, petroleum, fire-clays of various kinds, and other valuable mineral deposits.

Butler County Gusher Is Considered a Wonder

The big strike in Butler county is attracting the most attention of any well that has been drilled in this year. The size of the well seems almost incredible for the oil banner producing county. One that would have had an initial production of 100 or 200 barrels a day would have caused a sensation, but when it comes to a strike with a production of that much an hour Butlerites have just cause for being excited.

The well is on the Dr. O. K. Waldron farm, about three miles almost due west of Butler and about the same distance north of McCandless station on the Pittsburgh & Western railroad. The oil was encountered in the fourth sand and the location is about one mile northeast of the fourth sand development on the Hussleton farm and on about a 45-degree line. It is probable that the territory between the new strike and the Hussleton pool can be connected up, notwithstanding the latter was surrounded with dry holes last year when it was developed.

The gauge of the Waldron well at noon yesterday was 60 barrels an hour. Owing to a shortage of tankage the well was shut in for a part of the time after it was drilled deeper into the pay. Leases in the vicinity of the well are in great demand, but there is very little territory that has not been tied up.

In the Richwood Run district, Marion county, Trees & Evatt have drilled their second test on the C. B. Highland farm 70 feet into the Big Injun and have developed nothing but a light gas pressure. It is still drilling and may find a pay. In the same district the South Penn company has drilled its No. 8 on the I. D. Morgan farm 10 feet into the Gordon and has only a light show of oil. On Llewellyn run, Monongahela district, Marion county, the Burt Oil Company has drilled its second test on the Daniel Varner farm into the Big Injun and has a show for a fair producer. In the Fairview district, in the same county, the South Penn has put its No. 2 on the J. B. Haught farm to pumping and it is producing 35 barrels a day. The R. E. Tennant is producing 15 barrels a day. The same company shot its No. 10 on the D. L. Boothman farm and it produced 100 barrels the ensuing 24 hours. In the Pine Grove extension, Wetzel county, the South Penn has drilled its No. 4 on the M. E. Greathouse farm 16 feet into the stray sand and has developed a little gas, but no oil.

In the Salem district, Harrison county, the South Penn has drilled its test on the J. H. Davisson farm 20 feet into the Gordon and has developed no oil or gas. In the same district the same company's No. 2 on the Allen Law farm is holding up at 100 barrels a day. In the Wallace district the South Penn has drilled its No. 3 on the W. T. Robinson farm 50 feet into the stray and has found no oil or gas. In the Yellow Creek district, in Calhoun county, the South Penn's No. 2 on the Rose L. Norman farm is holding up at 140 barrels a day. The same company's No. 2 on the Clark Camden farm is producing 100 barrels and the Carter Oil Company's No. 2 on the J. E. Snyder farm 120 barrels a day.

In South Of Jerusalem, Monroe county, O., the Southern Oil Company has completed and shot its second test on the W. E. Moore farm and has a show for a 15 or 20-barrel producer from the Big Lime. In the same district H. S. Shaffer & Co.'s No. 1 on the Mary J. Hoffman farm is holding up at 60 barrels and the Mars Drilling Company's No. 1 on the F. E. Rowley farm at 30 barrels a day. In the Lewisville district, in the same county, Wilson & Shafer have completed a test on the John Bristo farm and will have an eight-barrel pumper in the Big Injun. In the same district the Emery Oil Company has completed its No. 4 on the Fritz Weber farm and has a three-barrel pumper in the Keener formation.

In the Macksburg district, Washington county, S. B. Longfellow has drilled his No. 4 on the A. J. Longfellow farm through the Gordon and has a duster. This is the third well that has come in dry on this farm. The first was a good producer in the Gordon and is still producing 15 barrels a day. In the same district the Parker-Edwards Oil Company has drilled its No. 2 on the Samuel Boone farm through the 300-foot sand and has a duster. Across the line in Noble county, Harper Brothers have completed a second test on the John H. Price farm and have a show for a 10-barrel producer in the Buells run sand. Seven miles north of Middleburg, in the direction of Caldwell, the Ohio Fuel Supply Company has drilled a test, a wildcat, on the C. V. Cain farm into the Berea grit and has a show for a 10-barrel producer.

In the Hopedale district, in Harrison county, the Oakdale Oil and Gas Company has completed its Nos. 8, 9 and 10 on the John M. Copeland farm and they are good for 10-barrel pumpers. Brown & Copeland have completed their No. 4 on the W. H. Hamm farm and have a 10-barrel pumper. The Hawke Oil Company's test on the John A. Copeland farm will make a very light pumper. M. Spellacy has completed his test on the B. F. Powers farm and has a duster. In the Plum Run district, in the same county, W. C. Kennedy & Co. have completed their second test on the B. and W. S. Waterfall farm and have a show for a very light pumper.

West of Empire, Jefferson county, E. H. Dyer & Co. have completed No. 5 on the R. E. Gladden farm and have a show for a 100-barrel producer.

Shipments and Runs.

Shipments and runs of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana fields:

PENNSYLVANIA OIL.	SHIPMENTS.	RUNS.	
May 9	67,310	May 8	68,902
Previously	695,620	Previously	504,690
Total	762,930	Total	500,992
Daily avg.	84,770	Daily avg.	72,574
LIMA OIL.			
	SHIPMENTS		RUNS.
May 9	60,080	May 8	70,314
Previously	476,806	Previously	354,126
Total	536,886	Total	424,440
Daily avg.	59,654	Daily avg.	53,055

The Oil Market.

The Standard Oil Company quotes credit balances in the several fields as follows: Pennsylvania, $1.29; Tiona, $1.44; Second Sand, $1.19; Corning, 96c; New Castle, $1.21; Cabell, $1.04; North Lima, 87c; South Lima, 82c; Indiana, 82c; Somerset, 78c; Ragland, 50c. The Producers and Refiners Oil Company quotes Pennsylvania crude at $1.29.

OIL CITY, May 10.—Credit balances, $1.29; certificates, no bid. Shipments, 67,311 barrels; average, 84,770 barrels; runs, 81,303 barrels; average, 73,250 barrels. Shipments, Lima, 60,080 barrels; average, 59,654 barrels; runs, 70,305 barrels; average, 53,054 barrels.

TOLEDO, O., May 10.—Oil—North Lima, 87c; South Lima and Indiana, 82c.

Old Dominion				23½	24½
Old Colony				1	1½
Parrot	24½	25	24½	23¾	23½
Phoenix				1½	1¾
Quincy	96	98	96	95	100
Range Cons.	71¼	71½	70¾	71	71¼
Rhode Island				1½	2
Swift				105	107½
Trinity	7¾	8	7¾	8	8¼
Tamarack	117	117	115	115	117
United Fruit	104½	105½	104½	104½	105
Utah	42¾	42¾	42¼	42½	43
U. S. Mining	31¼	31¼	31¼	30¾	31
Victoria	3½	3½	3½		3½
Wolverine	107½	107½	107½	107½	108
Winona				10¼	11

BISBEE MINING STOCKS.

Cal. & Ariz.				97¾	98
Cal. & Pgh.				27¾	
Junction					68½
L. S. & P.				35¼	35
Pgh. & Dul.					19
Do full paid				20	20¼
N.B.(full pd.)				23	24

BOSTON, May 10.—Extreme dullness was the rule today, the liquidation seems to have ceased, but no new buying is in evidence. There were no price changes worthy of notice in the Boston market except the 3-point rise in United Copper, which was very strong, both in our market and New York.

Boston Copper Stocks.

(Reported by A. E. Masten & Co.)

STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close. Bid.	Ask.
Allouez	20	20	19¾	19¾	20
Adventure	3¾	3¾	3¾	3½	4
Arcadian					
Atlantic	13	13	12¾	12½	12¾
Bingham				31¼	31½
Cal. & Hecla	642	642	642	640	645
Centennial	18½	18½	18½	18	18½
Daly West	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	13¼
Elm River				2	2½
Franklin				8	8½
Granby	5½	5½	5½	5½	5¾
Greene	26¼	26¼	26¼	26	26½
Isle Royale				20½	21½
Mass				8	8½
Mohawk				48¼	49¼
Michigan	11½	11½	11½	11	11½
Osceola	92	92	91½	91	92

New York Mining Stocks.

Adams Con.	.20	Little Chief	.03
Alice	.49	*Ontario	4.00
Breece	.23	Ophir	8.50
*Brunswick Con.	.05	Phoenix	.02
Comstock Tunnel	.03	Potosi	.10
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.55	Savage	.42
Horn Silver	1.80	Sierra Nevada	.28
Iron Silver	3.15	Small Hopes	.25
Leadville Con.	.05	*Standard	2.60

*Offered.

Excursion to Cumberland Sunday May 14th.

Special train will leave Baltimore & Ohio Station, Pittsburgh, 7:00 a. m. Fare $3.00 round trip.

The 1,000-Acre Suburb

Out in Summit Park the birds are chattering these mornings, the orchards are gay with blossoms, the smell of the earth is sweet. The skies are radiant. Spring is in the air.

One hundred men and many teams are toiling, and leaving long sweeps of broad level roadway behind them.

Neighboring farmers scan the landscape and wonder what on earth is going to happen.

Electric cars go whizzing by, to and from the City. What does it all mean?

Just this: Pittsburgh's 1,000-acre suburb is shaping itself. Are we going to spoil this beautiful land for all time by cutting it up into little postage-stamp lots? Not much. It is an ideal spot and we intend to develop it into an ideal suburb.

Do you remember when rapid transit first reached the East End? Why didn't you buy an acre or two in Shadyside or Squirrel Hill, or Highland Park District? You could have had one for a song. But you waited—you held back.

The other fellow didn't. He went out and bought an acre or two. Bye and bye you followed him and bought a foot or two for the price of his acre—or perhaps you are still paying the other fellow 6 to 10 per cent interest in the shape of rent, based on a valuation several times multiplied.

Same old story. The other fellow is buying out at Summit Park today and by the time you have made up your mind to follow him, he will be waiting for you with the goods.

That is how a vast portion of the wealth of Pittsburgh was made. An ounce of judgment and a little nerve will make money for any man in this town.

One of these big lots in Summit Park is better than cash—It is cash well invested. Buy one and live on it. It's a fine place for a home. You'd think you were 100 miles from town, but those electric cars will whisk you in to your office, store or workshop before you have had time to finish your morning paper.

Lots 100x250 feet, $750 (3 cents per square foot); lots 100 by 200, $750 (3¾ cents per square foot); lots 50x140, $375; lots 75x180, $575.

Remember, these prices only apply to the first 100 acres—only 251 lots, and we are selling them fast. You will never have another opportunity like this.

Terms, 10 per cent cash; 3 per cent per month; 10 per cent discount for cash in 60 days.

Take Charleroi cars at Wood Street and Third Avenue. Express cars leave at 9 minutes after the hour. Get off at Summit Park station in 35 minutes. See them all but do nothing till you have seen Summit Park.

TELEPHONES: 2356 Court. 1974 Main.

KECK, HEILE & DASCHBACH, Suite 305 Diamond Bank Bldg.

SUMMER HOTELS AND RESORTS RAILROAD AND STEAMSHIP TOURS

BOOKLETS AND RESORT INFORMATION FREE AT GAZETTE BUREAU.

ATLANTIC CITY.

Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at The Gazette office.

The Gazette's resort advertising representative is John C. Benson, general manager of the Resort Advertising Co., Bartlett building, Atlantic City, N. J. All advertisements will be accepted at the same rate as at the home office of The Gazette.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL, Atlantic City, New Jersey. OPEN ALL THE YEAR. Located directly on the Beach; 300 ocean-front rooms en suite, with hot and cold fresh and sea water baths. UNDER SAME MANAGEMENT. CHAS. B. PRETTYMAN, Owner and Propr. LYMAN J. WATROUS, Manager.

GRAND ATLANTIC HOTEL. Virginia ave. & Beach. Atlantic City, N. J. Delightful location. Rooms en suite with 'phone; private hot and cold sea water baths. Sun parlors. Excellent table. Cafe and Grill Room attached. Ladies' Vassar Orchestra. Special spring rates. $2.00 per day and up; $10.00 weekly and up. Capacity 700. Coach meets trains. Write for 1905 booklet. A Cheshire Mitchell, Owner and Propr.

EARL-MAR HALL. Fireproof. Elegant and modern; directly on the ocean front at Vermont ave. Unobstructed ocean view. Capacity 350. Offers special Spring terms, $10 up weekly. Every modern appointment. Complete system of baths. 'Phones in rooms; suites with baths. Booklet. L. J. BROWN, formerly with Samuel Ellis of the Majestic. M. MILLER, M. D., medical baths.

HOTEL TRAYMORE, Atlantic City, N. J. Remains open throughout the year. Every known comfort and convenience. Golf privileges. Running water in bedrooms. TRAYMORE HOTEL CO., D. S. WHITE, President.

HOTEL MORTON. Virginia Ave., Near Beach, Atlantic City. Open all the year. Capacity 250. Special rates for winter. Refurnished and redecorated. Rooms en suite, with private baths. Sun parlor. Elevator from street level. Fine table. Write for booklet and terms. Mrs. N. R. Haines, Owner and Proprietor.

Reservations are now being made for the summer season at CHALFONTE, a fireproof, up-to-date city hotel, located on the Boardwalk at Atlantic City, midway between the Piers. Write for illustrations.

A modern hotel of high class with the greatest degree of elegant and cheery comfort. THE HOLMHURST. Its location, with open surroundings, Pennsylvania ave., near the ocean, is excellent, and its appointments include elevator, baths with suites, sun parlor, amusements, etc. Always open. Booklet. HENRY DARNELL.

THE SAVOY. Directly on the Beach. Hot and cold water in every bedroom. Rooms en suite with sea water baths. Elevator, steam heat, etc. Capacity 400. Booklet. S. M. HANLEY.

HOTEL SHOREHAM. Virginia Ave., Near the Beach. Capacity 300; an up-to-date hotel, with every modern convenience; surrounded by large open lot. Steam heat; private baths; elevator. 'Phones in rooms; spring rates, $10 to $15 weekly. W. B. COTTON.

HOTEL IROQUOIS. South Carolina Ave. and Beach, near Piers. Capacity 400. INVITING RATES, $10 up weekly, $2 up daily. Booklet. Orchestra. W. P. SHAW, Prop'r. D. P. RAHTER, Mgr.

SCARBOROUGH. Directly on the Beach, Maryland ave. Unobstructed Ocean view; 100 yards to Steel Pier; new throughout; elevator to street level; etc. capacity 400. Special May and June rates, $10 up weekly. Send for booklet. SAVAGE & TAGGART.

HOTEL ISLESWORTH. On the Beach at Virginia Ave. Hot and cold sea water in all baths. Special rates to July 15th, $2.50, $3 and $3.50 per day; $15, $17.50, $20 and $22.50 per week. Booklet mailed. OSBORNE & PAINTER.

HOTEL GLADSTONE. Directly on the beach. Unobstructed ocean view from every room. Southern exposure. Sunny rooms, with baths, en suite; salt water in all baths; commodious sun parlors. Write for booklet. N. J. COLLINS.

HOTEL LAWRENCE. A home by the Sea; ocean end Maryland Ave.; fine ocean view; unexcelled location; large cheerful outside rooms; superior table and service; $10 up weekly. Booklet. FRANK A. COLEMAN.

HOTEL ST. CLARE—Formerly the Lehman. Pennsylvania Ave., near Ocean; improved, refurnished; suites with private baths; telephone in rooms; special Spring rates. Booklet. O. C. MILLER, formerly of the Seabright.

BERKSHIRE INN. Ocean end Virginia ave. Open view. $9 to $15 weekly; $2 to $3 daily. Capacity 300. Elevator; private baths; long dist. 'phone in rooms, etc. J. O. & J. E. DICKINSON.

HOTEL MAJESTIC. Ocean End Virginia Ave. Modern and excellent. Capacity 300. Best location. Elevator and all appointments. May and June rates $10 up weekly. Booklet. SAMUEL A. ELY, JR.

THE PENNHURST—Ocean End of Michigan Ave. Atlantic City, N. J. Rooms en suite with bath; long distance telephones in rooms; elevator to street level. Booklet mailed. WM. R. HOOD.

HOTEL DE VILLE—Ocean End Kentucky ave. Capacity 300. High-class and modern. Elevator; Sun Parlor; Private Baths; Specia; $10 up weekly; $2 up daily. Booklet. J. P. GIBERSON.

HOTEL IMPERIAL. $2 TO $3 A DAY. $10 TO $20 A WEEK. Centrally located, close to Boardwalk and Pier, at ocean end of Maryland ave. Elevator. Capacity 500. W. CHANDLER STEWART.

THE NETHERLAND. New York Ave. and Beach. Unobstructed surroundings; near piers and amusements. Baths, elevator, etc. $2.50 daily, $10 to $17.50 weekly. Booklet. Coach meets trains. I. N. WELLS.

THE WILTSHIRE—Virginia Ave. and Beach. Open all year. Capacity 350. Long distance 'phones in rooms. Deft cafe. Special Spring rates. Orchestra. S. S. PHOEBUS.

HOTEL BRADDOCK—New York Ave. and Beach. First-class family house; modern improvements. Excellent table and service. $10 up weekly. W. I. BRADDOCK.

THE NORMANDIE—Kentucky ave., one minute from Beach. Special family rate for May and June, $1.50 daily, $8 weekly. Special diet. IDEAL BREAD, BISCUITS and pastry. 'Phone 1498-X.

COULTER HALL—Massachusetts ave. and Beach. All modern appointments; elevator from street level; unobstructed ocean view. $2 to $3 per day; $10 to $15 weekly. E. J. M'CLINTOCK.

THE ELWOOD—Ocean end St. James Place. Homelike, cheerful; fireproof; rooms en suite with bath; steam heat; elevator from street level. $10 per week and upward. ROBERT S. SMITH.

THE FREDONIA, Ocean end Tennessee Ave. First-class family hotel. Rooms en suite with private baths. Running water in bedrooms. Send for booklet. G. W. CARMANY.

WALLINGFORD—Pacific and Kentucky Ave., near Beach and amusements; good table and service; $8 to $12 weekly. W. N. TAGGART.

ROANOKE HOTEL AND ANNEX. So. New York Ave. Renovated, enlarged, good table. $7 to $14 weekly. N. A. DIELING.

THE ARCADIA—S. Kentucky Avenue. Buffet Attached. American and European Plan. Reasonable. CHARLES HOHNE.

ATLANTIC CITY.

HOTEL RALEIGH. Ocean end St. Charles place. (Capacity 400.) A hotel that offers everything here claims and modern, with superior cuisine. Elevator, private baths, large porches with ocean view, etc. Special Spring and Easter terms. Automobile meets trains. Booklet mailed. C. C. SHINN.

NOTE NEW SCHEDULE. Special reduced rates at THE GARDEN HOTEL. $15 per week and upward, $3 per day and upward. Convenient location. Large, cheerful, beautifully appointed rooms. High-class service. Attention to every detail for comfort. Salt water baths. Correspondence solicited. G. D. M. SHERMAN, Manager.

THE YARMOUTH. Beautifully located, directly on the Beach, at Belmont ave.; all ocean view rooms, en suite with private baths; telephones and all modern conveniences; music, etc. For terms and booklet, address J. Ettinger, Prop.

MARLBOROUGH HOUSE. Stone, Iron and Slate Construction. Claims pre-eminence for its location, construction, conveniences and class of patronage. Capacity 600. Open all the year. Golf. JOSIAH WHITE & SONS, Proprietors.

HOTEL DENNIS. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. Situated directly on the beach front, with an unobstructed ocean view. Hot and cold sea water in private baths. Open the Entire Year. WALTER J. BUZBY.

HOTEL SOTHERN. Virginia Ave. Near Beach. Fine location and good management make this house an ideal resort for health, pleasure and recreation. 'Phones, rooms en suite with baths, elevators and modern inapts, appeal to refined tastes of appreciative people. Booklet. N. R. BOTHWELL.

THE LORAINE. St. Charles Place, facing the Ocean. Capacity 200. Fresh and sea water baths; sun parlor, etc. Special Spring rates. Booklet. CHAS. E. WAGNER.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND. Ocean end South Carolina ave. Very close to Boardwalk, piers and all amusements. Capacity 300. Rooms en suite with bath; sun parlor, elevator from street level, etc. Special spring rates. Booklet. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL CHETWOODE. Pacific and Illinois Aves. Open all year. Heated sun parlor; modern conveniences, superior table and service; special rates $2 up daily; $10 up weekly. E. M. DEMPSEY.

GALEN HALL. Atlantic City N. J. Hotel and Sanitarium. Always Open. F. L. Young, General Manager.

HOTEL ABBEY—FIREPROOF. Pacific and Kentucky Aves., near Beach; open surroundings; fireproof. Elevator, private rooms, baths; large rooms. Special rates May and June $10 up weekly. Booklet. H. J. GORMLEY, Manager.

THE STERLING. Strictly Fireproof. Kentucky ave., 2d house from Beach. Capacity 250. Suites with bath. Elevator to street level. Steam heated. I. WAGNER, formerly connected with THE LORAINE.

LOCKSLEY HALL—New York ave., near the Beach. High class; rooms en suite; steam heat; all conveniences; good